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ABSTRACT

As a service to the academic community and to government agencies sponsoring research, the Office of External Research of the Department of State has published several directories of centers engaged in international studies. This volume focuses on United States university-affiliated centers which have as their main purpose social science research in foreign affairs. It includes only those university research programs and projects which are organized in easily identifiable centers or institutes. It includes both area-oriented research centers and those specializing in a functional field. Some 191 centers are listed and information is provided on the name of the institution at which the center is located, the address, focus of interest, directorate, principal researchers, funds, description, recent publications, and representative studies in progress. A summary analysis of the data derived from the questionnaires sent to the centers is included. (RL)

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UNIVERSITY CENTERS OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS RESEARCH:

A SELECTIVE DIRECTORY

Compiled by the
Office of External Research

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE
OFFICE OF EDUCATION

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FOREWORD

Scope of This Directory

As a service to the academic community and to Government agencies sponsoring research, the Office of External Research of the Department of State has published several directories of centers engaged in international studies. The most recent publications, both issued in 1964, are Language and Area Study Programs in American Universities, prepared in collaboration with the U.S. Office of Education,[1] and Research Centers on the Developing Areas, compiled for the Agency for International Development.

The focus of this volume is on U.S. university-affiliated centers which have as their main purpose social science research in foreign affairs. It includes only those university research programs and projects which are organized in easily identified centers or institutes. It includes both area-oriented research centers and those specializing in a functional field. It does not, however, include centers at which a principal emphasis is on teaching at the undergraduate level.

Information for the directory was supplied in early 1967 in response to questionnaires sent to the centers. Submissions which required substantial editing or which lacked pertinent data were returned to the institutions with a request for their approval or for additional information.

The Office of External Research is indebted to the many research directors and their staffs whose cooperation and assistance made production of this volume possible. The Office would appreciate receiving comments on the directory, including information on centers which have been inadvertently omitted and on those established since the project was undertaken. Such information will increase the usefulness of directories issued in the future.

Summary Analysis of the Data

Financial Support

The source of funds most frequently cited by the 191 centers included in the directory was the Ford Foundation; 107 centers, or 56 percent of the total, reported that they received at least partial support from Ford, either directly or through sharing in grants made to the host university. The next most frequently mentioned source of funds was the host university itself, reported by 71 centers, 37 percent of the total. In addition to outright financial support, it may be assumed that most centers also receive indirect assistance from the university, in the form of library facilities, time of faculty members, housing, etc.

Among other principal categories of financial support, ranked according to the number of centers assisted, are: Federal Government (67), Rockefeller Foundation (18), Carnegie Corporation of New York (17), gifts from individuals (16), and State governments (14). (Because most centers report multiple sources of support, these figures add to more than the total number of centers represented.)

Geographic Distribution

Centers seem to attract additional centers; the prime example is Columbia University, with 17. Of the 191 centers, 112 cluster around 12 institutions.[2] Geographic distribution consequently is spotty; 27 States, plus the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico, are

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1. A brochure entitled Language & Area Centers, Title VI/National Defense Education Act, published in March 1968, is available from the Division of Foreign Studies, Institute of International Studies, U.S. Office of Education, Washington, D. C. 20201.

2. California (Berkeley), California (Los Angeles), Chicago, Columbia, Cornell, Harvard, Indiana, Michigan, Michigan State, Stanford, Washington (Seattle), and Wisconsin.

represented, but New York accounts for 41 centers and California for 28, whereas nine of the States and Puerto Rico have one center apiece.

A recent development among these centers that has tended to equalize geographic distribution of foreign affairs research programs is the consortium, which enables the member institutions to pool their research resources and thus augments the facilities and personnel within reach of all. The membership of some of these cooperative arrangements, such as the Inter-university Consortium for Political Research based at the University of Michigan and the Human Relations Area Files at Yale, includes organizations other than universities and extends to institutions outside the United States.

Subject Matter Range

As for the range of subjects on which the centers focus, the index to the directory lists a total of 60 involved in specific geographic areas and 131 in functional fields. (Some of these operate in more than one area or field.) Of the geographically oriented centers, the largest group -- 20 -- is engaged in research on the Far East. Latin American research ranks next, with 11 centers, followed by Africa, with nine, and Europe and the Middle East, with five each.

In the case of functionally oriented centers, 17 are principally engaged in research on socio-cultural change. Other fields of significant concentration are: Political change and development (14), economic development (13), communism (13), international relations in general (11), international economics (10), national security (10), and population and demography (10). Fairly evenly distributed are centers focusing on agriculture, communication, education, human resource development, and international organizations.

The criteria for selecting centers for this directory exclude many significant activities carried out by university centers whose principal emphasis is on teaching and training rather than on research. Thus the publication is not a complete guide to either university research or university education in foreign affairs. Nonetheless, even within the restricted framework adopted for the survey, it is apparent that university-based centers are responding to the research needs of an increasingly complex world.

Some Historical Notes

The historical notes which follow are intended to supplement the data in the directory by reviewing the development of the university-affiliated center, beginning with the introduction during the 1920's of the interdisciplinary approach to research. This led to the "center concept" and its application to social science research in international affairs. World War II and its aftermath called for solutions to national security problems and emphasized the need for intensified foreign area studies. By the 1950's, the center concept, undergirded by technological advances and increasingly directed toward policy-oriented research, had become a way of intellectual life in the United States. The present decade opened with a call for the "further strengthening of university programs in world affairs" and for increasing use by the Government of scholarly research; on its part, the Government thus far in the 1960's has taken several significant steps to increase its support for, and improve its utilization of, such research.

A selected chronological listing of some significant events of the period covered by this summary appears in the Appendix.

An American Phenomenon

The university research center is largely an American phenomenon, whose historical roots are to be found in several characteristics peculiar to American scholarship. Among them is the traditionally pragmatic bent of social science in this country; another is the emergence, after World War I, of research as a significant function of the university; a third factor is the trend toward research of an interdisciplinary nature. These influences of themselves might have led ultimately to the development of today's research center concept. As it happened, they were reinforced in the 1920's by another American phenomenon, the private foundation, which provided centers with the funds needed for rapid growth.

The notion that social science research should have more or less immediate "practical" utility has during the last half century paralleled the opposite attitude that research should follow its own inherent insights and purposes, leaving practical applications to other practitioners. The pragmatic attitude was expressed by Columbia's President Nicholas Murray Butler, who as early as 1923 called for "a single compact group" at the university "to plan and execute researches in current economic, legislative, municipal, political and social problems, and to put their services at the disposal of private and public groups, as well as agencies of government."

Only five years later, Frederick A. Ogg echoed the sentiment in a work prepared for the American Council of Learned Societies: "If . . . we depend on physical and biological science to augment the goods of existence in an increasingly crowded world," Ogg wrote, "we depend no less on the social sciences to enable us to avail ourselves of these goods with a minimum of friction and waste. . . .For this practical reason, if no other, it is imperative that social studies march with the natural sciences." In 1939 Robert S. Lynd argued in a famous series of lectures -- "Knowledge for What?" -- for the application of all available knowledge to cope with social problems of the time. And after World War II, Harold Lasswell and colleagues in several areas of social research elaborated and popularized the pragmatic orientation in their idea of "the policy sciences."

As these passages suggest, the "social problem" orientation of American scholarship was closely associated with, and indeed facilitated, a rapid rise in the importance attributed to research among the several functions of the university; the commitment to empirical investigation was thus another factor in the emergence of the research center as a characteristic academic division. Hitherto the university had typically left the responsibility for conduct of research to the individual members of its faculty; it might contribute little more than the requirement of a Ph.D. and the pressure for continuing publication, or alternatively it might focus primarily on teaching. As a faculty committee at one university noted in 1925, statutes defining the duties of faculty members dealt explicitly with matters of instruction, leaving research to individual initiative; university funds "pay for majors delivered," while research "has little or no official standing." This situation changed rapidly, however, as universities both enhanced the status of research and assumed responsibilities for fostering it, devising new organizational forms that, as one University of Chicago proposal said, "would cut across departmental lines, marshalling a number of departments or parts of departments for frontal attacks on large projects of investigation requiring the concerted effort of scholars of widely differing interests and aptitudes."

This interdisciplinary tendency in the social studies was a third influence on the growth of research centers. As Charles E. Merriam wrote in 1926, "The problem of social behavior is essentially one problem, and while the angles of approach may, and should, be different, the scientific result will be imperfect unless these points of view are at times brought together in some effective way so that the full benefit of the multiple analysis may be realized." This view, which is commonplace today, was partly the result of general intellectual currents revealed, for example, by the diffusion of Freudian ideas to literary and social scientific fields.

But, as Lasswell and others have noted, more specific forces also were at work. Among them was the nature of social problems themselves, many of which could hardly be dealt with adequately within the confines of any single discipline. In addition, at least in political science, the émigré European scholars who came to occupy leading positions in American universities in the 1930's insisted "on the relevance of sociological and even psychological theories for an understanding of politics," as Robert Dahl put it. Finally, there was the cross-fertilization resulting from the efforts of workers in some fields to emulate the methods of the more quantitative branches of the psychological and social sciences that had apparently demonstrated their superior scientific cachet and practical value.

Such trends reflected the flexible, lively, and creative features of American higher education. But their rapid institutionalization was due in considerable part to a fourth factor -- encouragement and financial support from private foundations and eventually from the Federal Government. Armed with this support, the advocates of cross-disciplinary social research were able, among other things, to break through traditional professional boundaries and to create institutes and centers that have become an increasingly prominent force in American scholarship.

The Early Years

Probably the most striking development in American universities between the two World Wars was the vast increase in research. A survey of "humanistic and social" research in American universities conducted in 1926-7 by the American Council of Learned Societies with a grant from Carnegie Corporation of New York demonstrated that social science research was suffering from acute poverty; those universities -- by no means all -- that supported humanistic and social research did so with annual allotments ranging from $250 to $40,000. But the situation changed rapidly as social scientists formed coordinating organizations at the national level and, with foundation help, established numerous university-affiliated research centers.

The Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial played a decisive role in the establishment and development of several of the early centers, including the Institute of Psychology, Yale (1924); the Institute of Human Relations, Yale (1929); the Institute for Research in Social Science, University of North Carolina (1926); and the Institute for Research in the Social Sciences, University of Virginia (1926). In its 1926 annual report, the Memorial referred to the extent of its "aid for institutional centers for social research" and announced that "future activities . . . will be directed increasingly toward the support of such research centers." This announcement cannot have escaped the attention of university administrators faced with the problem of financing research with the meager funds available from their own budgets.

The rationale underlying the Memorial's program, as stated by Raymond B. Fosdick in The Story of the Rockefeller Foundation, was "the idea of bringing together the various disciplines of the social sciences . . . in a systematic investigation of concrete social problems." Between 1923, when the Memorial began its program of support for the social sciences, and 1929, when it was consolidated with the Rockefeller Foundation, the Memorial spent approximately $41 million on all phases of the program. Of this amount, about $20 million went to university centers of research (including several in Europe). In an address at the dedication of the University of Chicago's Social Science Research Building in 1929, President Robert B. Hutchins commented: "The Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial in its brief but brilliant career did more than any other agency to promote the social sciences in the United States."

Recognizing the need for some coordination of research on a national basis, the American Political Science Association as early as 1908 proposed -- unsuccessfully -- the creation of a national center for political studies. But in 1923, at the APSA's initiative, the Social Science Research Council was formed as a national association to promote research in all fields of social studies. Within two years the Council included scholars representing political science, economics, sociology, statistics, history, anthropology, and psychology. Working mainly through committees, the SSRC -- occasionally joining forces with the American Council of Learned Societies, formed in 1919 -- has had a tremendous influence on the growth and direction of American social research.

In a prophetic report to the SSRC in 1927, James T. Shotwell, chairman of its Advisory Committee on International Relations, observed that "scientific discovery, invention, industrial and financial organization have transformed the problems of statecraft as much as they have remade the immediate conditions of living. . . . Out of the ferment of the post-war era we already can see new forces arising, which, if they mature will modify the entire relationship of civilized nations. These elements of a historic process cannot be studied adequately by the means and through the instruments at our disposal at present. They cannot be referred to the casual or incidental interest of those who make this field an academic avocation. . ." The appeal had little immediate impact on university research, which was concentrated on methodological concerns and domestic problems rather than on international affairs.

In the early thirties the importance of international studies at the graduate level received recognition at three universities. Johns Hopkins established the Walter Hines Page School of International Relations in 1930; the University of Chicago in 1931 set up a Committee on International Relations to coordinate an interdisciplinary graduate program; and Tufts University in 1933 created the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy. In 1935, Yale University, with a grant from the Rockefeller Foundation, established its Institute of International Studies, the first center devoted to advanced research. But it remained virtually unique until after the Second World War.

World War II and Its Aftermath

The war shook the provincialism of American social science. Leaders belatedly recognized how ignorant most Americans were about cultures of other critical areas of the world. Fortunately for the war effort, some groundwork had been laid in earlier years, partly as the result of grants from the Rockefeller Foundation to Columbia, Harvard, and Cornell for the teaching of Russian and to Columbia and Yale for instruction in Chinese. Of even greater significance was the first of nine grants made by the Foundation in 1941 to the American Council of Learned Societies for the development of instruction programs in a number of "neglected" modern languages that might be needed by military personnel in the impending conflict. The Emergency Intensive Language Program developed by the ACLS provided many of the techniques adopted when the Army Specialized Training Program launched its area and language training in 1943.

New approaches were not confined to language teaching. In political science, as Dahl has pointed out, a whole generation was influenced by first-hand experience with the political and administrative realities of the war effort.

> The confrontation of theory and reality provoked, in most of the men who performed their stint in Washington or elsewhere, a strong sense of the inadequacies of the conventional approaches of political science for describing reality, much less for predicting in any given situation what was likely to happen.

One wartime project which transcended conventional approaches was carried out by the Army Research Branch. It involved some 300 studies of various phases of the soldier's life, based on more than 600,000 interviews. At the end of the war the Army turned over its data to the Social Science Research Council, which, with a grant from Carnegie Corporation, conducted a secondary analysis of the material and published the results in four volumes. Commenting on the American Soldier Project, Paul Lazersfeld wrote:

> Never before have so many aspects of human life been studied so systematically and comprehensively. The findings have major implications for the understanding of civilian as well as military life. . . . Why was a war necessary to give us the first systematic analysis of life as it really is experienced by a large sector of the population?

The survey techniques employed by the Army Research Branch had a considerable influence on the methodology of future sociological research and the project itself pioneered research in the behavioral sciences subsequently sponsored by the Department of Defense.

Another fertile source of new realizations and approaches was the Research and Analysis Branch of the Office of Strategic Services. Many hundreds of researchers in politics, economics, psychology, and sociology, driven by the heat of war demands, discovered in various degrees the value of interdisciplinary teamwork, the unbelievable expansion of U.S. interests into novel geographic and functional areas, and the potential for applying what used to be called academic techniques to meeting the most practical of demands. The dispersal of much of this group and others like it after the war carried these intellectual habits and observations to all corners of the American academic world.

The university community, as it focused on applied science in the forties, developed many of the trends which have characterized the involvement of American social science with world affairs in the past two decades. To take but one year, 1945, the Social Science Research Council established a Committee on Political Behavior, the Air Force launched Project RAND, and Columbia University received $250,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation to organize the Russian Institute. In these events can be seen strands of the developing web of new approaches -- foundation support, Government interest, and interdisciplinary organization of research centers -- which were to exert so much influence on postwar studies in foreign affairs.

One catalyst was the Rockefeller Foundation, which had been instrumental in developing non-Western studies as an integral part of American social science. Its 1945 grant to Columbia for the Russian Institute, the first of its kind and a model for others, was the precursor of a host of foundation grants to what were to become known as university foreign language and area centers. Two years later Carnegie Corporation began to support university centers for non-Western studies, and early in the next decade the Ford Foundation came in on a massive scale.

The new language and area centers reflected the same pressures for greater knowledge of foreign societies which confronted the Government at the end of the war. When the imposing array of academic talent drawn to Washington for wartime service divided between those who chose to remain in Government service and those who returned to universities, there was danger of an intellectual gap. Different agencies reacted in different ways, but there were few policy-makers who did not see the relevance of social science research in its broadest sense to the new position of the United States in the world. The Department of State, for example, retained in-house a fair fraction of the OSS research force to continue developing in its service an interdisciplinary research program; it also in 1948 established as a complement to its in-house staff the Office of External Research. The purpose of this office was, and is, to amplify the research resources available to the Department by ensuring a steady flow of information and ideas between Government policy-makers and private scholars engaged in research on foreign affairs.

The Air Force had embarked on a different course at the end of the war, creating a new $10 million organization to conduct "a program of study and research on the broad subject of intercontinental warfare other than surface." RAND's work was at first exclusively in the physical sciences, with emphasis on space technology. As a result of a 1947 conference, whose participants included leading behavioral scientists, a program of social science research took form in 1948. In the same year, Project RAND became the RAND Corporation, a nonprofit organization "to further and promote scientific, educational, and charitable purposes, all for the public welfare and security of the United States of America."

Trends in the 1950's

The Air Force in 1945 had considered, and rejected, the idea of establishing Project RAND on a university campus; one factor in its decision was "the near absence of a well-developed body of thought and community of scholars dedicated to the study of national security as an analytic field."

A development six years later suggested that the problem was less paucity of academic resources for studies relating to national security than lack of effective organization. The U.S. Government requested the Massachusetts Institute of Technology to help in solving electronic problems related to overseas broadcasting. The concept of the study pioneered in requiring the insights of social science research as well as expertise in the physical sciences. "A survey of the academic resources of the Boston-Cambridge area revealed a wealth of individual talent in the relevant social sciences but no research organization able to mobilize it. The Center /for International Studies/ was formed to fill this need for research on important problems in the social sciences that did not seem to be receiving sufficient attention." (Research Report: 1964-1965, Center for International Studies, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1965.)

The M.I.T. Center's work demonstrated that university research could contribute significantly to Government needs and paved the way for similar centers elsewhere. Paul Nitze, then Secretary of the Navy, commented on this development in a speech at the University of Edinburgh in 1966:

> How did these centers respond to the Government's needs? In a variety of ways. First of all, they attracted men of scholarly qualities who were interested in learning about, and working with, national security problems. These men were free from direct government responsibility, lived in an atmosphere of academic freedom, and had sufficient time to study and reflect on the very serious challenge at hand. Soon various branches of the Government gave studies under contract to these centers . . . and before long the outlines of an identifiable academic discipline having to do with national security affairs in the nuclear age began to emerge.

The M.I.T. Center and later the Harvard Center for International Affairs, established in 1958, were among many which benefited from the emergence of the Ford Foundation on the national -- and international -- scene. Between 1951 and its termination in 1966, Ford's International Training and Research Program, the rubric under which came most of the Foundation's grants for international purposes, expended a total of more than $270 million. Of this sum, $155 million was for the purpose of strengthening foreign area and other international studies at American universities.

The Foundation's strongly international orientation derived from recommendations of the study committee appointed in 1949 to develop plans for the best use of income from $500 million. In the words of President H. Rowan Gaither, Jr., its trustees "decided in September 1950, that initially the Foundation would devote its resources to efforts to advance world peace, democracy, economic well-being, education, and knowledge of the behavior of man."

Ford was not alone in furthering these objectives during the 1950's. The Fulbright program, launched in 1948 in five countries, grew to include 35. The National Science Foundation in 1956 created its social science research program. As William W. Marvel observed in The University Looks Abroad (Education and World Affairs, 1966), this was also the decade of the Comparative Politics Committee of the Social Science Research Council, the decade for American education of the foreign student and the first scholarly exchanges with the Soviet Union, and, most importantly for the development of centers for research on foreign affairs, the decade of the National Defense Education Act, the behavioral revolution in American social science, and the growth by geometric progression of interdisciplinary research centers on the American university campus. The realization had come that, in James Shotwell's words a quarter of a century earlier, international affairs research "cannot be referred to the casual or incidental interest of those who make this field an academic avocation."

Concern in Washington

The international role of American universities was the subject of a report published in 1960 by the Committee on the University and World Affairs, of which some 100,000 copies were distributed. The Committee, created the previous year by the Ford Foundation at the request of Secretary of State Christian Herter, was chaired by J. L. Morrill; other members included Dean Rusk, then president of the Rockefeller Foundation; John W. Gardner, then president of Carnegie Corporation of New York; and Senator J. William Fulbright. Its report noted:

> Our basic knowledge of a vast array of foreign societies, of international relations, and of economic growth and social change is gravely deficient. If our understanding and our capacity to act in such areas as Asia, Africa and Latin America are to be illuminated by critical appraisal, greatly expanded opportunities are needed for scholarly studies of those countries and of United States relations with them.

Calling attention to the disparity between Government agencies' use of university research in foreign relations compared to that in other fields, the report commented: "With further strengthening of university programs in world affairs, the competence for policy-oriented research will grow and should be used increasingly by government."

An outgrowth of the Committee's report was the establishment, with funds from the Ford Foundation and Carnegie Corporation, of Education and World Affairs, a private organization whose purposes are "to study, analyze and assist in strengthening the international teaching, research and service dimensions of U.S. colleges and universities."

Specific recommendations relating to use of university researcj by the Agency for International Development emerged from the study conducted for AID by a task force headed by John W. Gardner. Its report, A.I.D. and the Universities, published in 1964, urged a greatly increased program of contracts and grants to universities for development-related research:

> The most important single fact about development research today is that there isn't enough of it. . . . A.I.D. should increase very substantially

its own commitment in research. And the universities interested in development should make concerted efforts to bring other sources of funds, governmental and nongovernmental, into the productive support of development research.

The first of several indications of growing Congressional interest in support of scholarly activities was the passage in 1960 of legislation establishing the East-West Center in Honolulu "to promote better relations and understanding between the United States and the nations of Asia and the Pacific through cooperative study, training and research." The Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, in addition to consolidating the various authorities for the State Department's exchange programs, specifically provided for "promoting modern foreign language training and area studies" in American institutions by "supporting visits and study in foreign countries by teachers and prospective teachers . . . for the purpose of improving their skill in languages and their knowledge of the culture of the people of those countries."

Congress in 1965 passed a bill establishing the National Endowment for the Humanities and specifying that among the fields in which it was to award fellowships and grants were "those aspects of the social sciences which have humanistic content and employ humanistic methods." Both training and research in international studies at U.S. universities were authorized in the International Education Act of 1966, under which grants would be available to institutions of higher learning and to professional and scholarly associations for the development of "centers for advanced international studies." The Act also provided for the establishment of a National Advisory Committee on International Studies, of whose members "a majority shall constitute a broad representation of higher education in the United States." Legislation still pending would center federally supported social science research in a new National Foundation for the Social Sciences.

In response to concern over coordination of Government-sponsored social science research the Department of State in 1964 took the initiative in establishing the Foreign Area Research Coordination Group (FAR). The Group now includes representatives of 21 Government departments and agencies which sponsor research, both in-house and through grants and contracts.

A Time for Appraisal

The tremendous impetus of the 1950's carried the funding and development of foreign affairs research centers well into the present decade. But by the mid-sixties the signs of slowing growth were unmistakable. The last half of the decade may well emerge as one of evaluation and consolidation. This review goes on under various auspices. In 1964 the Committee on Research Evaluation, sponsored by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, set to work (see International Relations Research: Problems of Evaluation and Advancement, Santa Barbara, Clio Press, 1967). Numerous stocktaking papers were solicited by the U.S. Office of Education in preparation for implementation of the International Education Act. The Division of Behavioral Sciences of the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council has three committees at work on aspects of the social sciences, all of which have implications for foreign affairs research: the Advisory Committee on Government Programs in the Behavioral Sciences, the Behavioral and Social Sciences Survey Committee, and the Committee on International Relations in the Behavioral Sciences. Even more recently, Education and World Affairs announced plans for a new Committee on International Studies.

The reasons for this self-examination are numerous. Prominent among them are no doubt: (1) the very fact of rapid growth itself, which has been accompanied by both intellectual and organizational variety and diversity; (2) the explosion of latent social problems on the American domestic scene; (3) concern over the modelities of Government support for research in foreign affairs; and, perhaps, (4) the numerous effects which the mere passage of time has wrought in the view of the world held by American scholars and by the public at large.

What all of this activity portends for university-related centers of research on foreign affairs remains to be seen. Policy-makers and scholars both in and out of Government share an interest in seeing to it that the United States does not face the critical decade of the 1970's in what Professor Karl Deutsch has aptly called a state of intellectual disarmament.

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1

ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY, Center for Latin American Studies

Address: Tempe, Arizona 85231

Focus: Political, economic, and social trends of Latin America.

Directorate: Marvin Alisky, Center Director and editor of the bi-monthly publication.

Principal Researchers: Sandra Baray (Secretary of the Center), Melvin J. Frost (Latin American Geography), Ray Henkel (Geography, and Specialist on Bolivian Ecology and Andean Life), Ira Judd (Tropical Agriculture), Paul Luenow (Latin American Literature), Quino Martinez (Spanish and Portuguese), W. L. Minckley (Zoology and Specialist on Animal Life in Mexico), and Noel Stowe (Latin American History).

Funds: Small grants and gifts; 1,000 paying subscribers to LAD at $2 per volume; annual budget from Arizona State University.

Description: The major effort of the Center is the bimonthly *Latin American Digest*, a 10-page summary of major political, economic, and social trends of Latin America, based on condensed reports from the 25 major newspapers and the 12 major magazines of Latin America (including *O Cruzeiro* of Brazil, *Tiempo* of Mexico among the magazines; *Excelsior* of Mexico City and *El Mercurio* of Santiago and *La Prensa* of Buenos Aires among the newspapers).

Recent Representative Publications:

The bimonthly, 10-page *Latin American Digest*, Vol. 1: issues No. 1-5, came out in September, November, January, March, and May, 1966-67.

2

BOSTON COLLEGE, Institute of Human Sciences

Address: Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts 02167

Focus: The human and social problems associated with urbanization, technological change, and related aspects of contemporary social development.

Directorate: Demetrius S. Iatridis, Director.

Principal Researchers: Edwina Bentz (Sociology), Richard S. Boland (City Planning), Linda Brockington (Psychology), Pranab K. Chakravarti (Architecture, Town Planning), Marc A. Fried (Psychology), Ann F. Friedlaender (Economics), Nathan Glazer (Sociology), Peggy Gleicher (Sociology), Murray Horwitz (Psychology), Demetrius S. Iatridis (Social Planning), Charles Ipollito (Psychology), Harold N. Kellner (Psychology), Ronald L. Nuttall (Psychology), and Leslie Phillips (Psychology).

Funds: Boston College; U. S. Government.

Description: Founded in September 1964, the Institute is designed to focus on the human and social problems associated with urbanization, technological change, and related aspects of contemporary social development. Utilizing the methodologies of the behavioral and social sciences, its mission is to experiment in and to develop programs of research, demonstration, and research training in the processes and problems of the contemporary urban environment. Many of the issues studied are not observable in American cities alone, but appear in all urban milieux. Many of the studies, therefore, must be cross-cultural and comparative, and are performed in collaboration with research centers in other countries.

Recent Representative Publications:

Fried, Marc and Joan Levin. "The Social Functions of the Urban Slum," published in

Urban Planning and Social Policy, Bernard Frieden and Robert Morris, editors, New York: Basic Books, 1967.

Fried, Marc. "The Role of Work in a Mobile Society," published in Planning for a Nation of Cities, Sam B. Warner, editor, Cambridge, Mass.: The M.I.T. Press, 1966.

Horwitz, Murray, David C. Glass, Seymour Giniger, and Alfred Cohn. "The Effect of Frustrating Acts upon the Expectation of Openness," Human Relations, the Tavistock Institute of Human Relations, London, England, Vol. 19, No. 2, 1966.

Iatridis, D. S. "Social Scientists in Physical Development Planning: A Practitioner's Viewpoint," International Social Science Journal, Vol. XVIII, No. 4, 1966.

__________. "The Human Community," Ekistics, Vol. 20, August, 1965.

Phillips, Leslie and J. G. Dragun. "Some Issues in Intercultural Research on Psychopathology," W. Caudill and P. Y. Lin, editors, Mental Health in Asia and the Pacific, Honolulu: East-West Center Press, in press.

__________. Human Adaptation and Its Failures, New York: Academic Press, in press.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Horwitz, Murray and collaborators. Sources of in-group and out-group antagonism, conducted jointly with the Institute of Social Psychology at the University of Utrecht in the Netherlands.

Iatridis, Demetrius S. Megalopolis, an inter-disciplinary study of the future growth and potential of the East Coast megalopolis complex and its impact.

Phillips, Leslie and collaborators. Cross-cultural studies of psychopathology, comparing data on psychiatric patients in the United States, Japan, Argentina and Israel.

3

BOSTON UNIVERSITY, African Studies Center

Address: 10 Lenox Street
Brookline, Massachusetts 02146

Focus: Basic studies in anthropology, sociology, economics, politics, and history, with attention given also to research on problems of development and policy.

Directorate: Alphonso A. Castagno, Director; John L. Fletcher, Director, Development Program.

Principal Researchers: Norman R. Bennett, Louis Brenner, William O. Brown, Eduard Bustin, Creighton Gabel, Adelaide C. Hill, Mark Karp, and Daniel F. McCall.

Funds: Allocations from Boston University, including administrative costs; Ford Foundation grants; AID contracts.

Description: The Center concentrates on Africa as an area viewed within the broad framework of the social sciences and related disciplines. The Center also sponsors teaching and research functionally interrelated within the context of graduate studies in the regular academic departments. A Development Research Center, supported by AID contracts, primarily involves orientation and short course work for AID officers assigned to African posts, and research relating to problems of operation and policy. There are cross-registration arrangements with Harvard and M.I.T.

Recent Representative Publications:

Bennett, Norman and George Brooks, editors. New England Merchants in Africa: A History through Documents, 1802-1865, 1966.

Butler, Jeffrey, editor. Boston University Papers on Africa: African History, Volume II, 1966.

__________ and Alphonso A. Castagno, editors. Boston University Papers on Africa: Transition in African Politics, 1967.

Nørregard, George. Danish Settlements in West Africa, 1658-1850, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Bennett, Norman, editor. Stanley letters.

__________, editor. Eastern African biographies.

Gabel, Creighton and Norman Bennett, editors. Reconstructing African cultural history.
McCall, Daniel, editor. Boston University Papers on Africa: African History, Volume III.

4

BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY, Morse Center for the Study of Communication

Address: Waltham, Massachusetts 02154

Focus: The use of film and tape lectures in higher education.

Directorate: David Keith Hardy, Director.

Funds: Endowment by University Fellows Alfred L. and Lester Morse; Brandeis University resources.

Description: The Center is inaugurating a scholarly research program for the creation of films and tape lectures of an international range for use in classroom instruction and as a resource material for research in the social sciences. It is also embarked on an intensive program to establish a comprehensive Documentary Film Archives, designed to be a repository for historical material recorded on film which will serve the needs of the academic community and communications media. The Center will also assist the governments of developing countries in solving communications problems. The Director has served as consultant to the Indian, Tunisian, Algerian, Hong Kong, and Cambodian governments, and was formerly Director of Radio Hong Kong.

Recent Representative Publications:
Documentaries:
Hardy, David K. "The Mounting Millions," for the International Television Federation (Intertel), a documentary on India's population and food problems.
__________. "The Essential Nehru," the last interview recording with the late Indian Premier.
__________. "India--Writings in the Sand," winner of the Overseas Press Club Award and Prix de Rome in 1966.
__________. "Cambodia: The Peaceful Paradox," for ABC Network. A report in depth on Prince Sihanouk and his Buddhist Kingdom.
__________. "A Grain of Sand," annual UNICEF film - set in Tunisia.

5

BROOKLYN COLLEGE, Research Center in Comparative Politics and Administration

Address: Brooklyn, New York 11210

Focus: Theoretical and empirical research in the general field of comparative politics and administration.

Directorate: Abraham Bargman, Director.

Principal Researchers: David W. Abbott, Bernard E. Brown, James Farganis, Walter Goldstein, Michael Hudson, Martin Landau, Dennis Palumbo, and Sondra Silverman.

Funds: Chancellor's Fund of the City University of New York.

Description: The Center sponsors a program of research in comparative politics and administration. In addition to the provision of grant assistance to members of the Center, it obtains African research materials. The Center also sponsors research symposia and publishes a reprint series.

Recent Representative Publications:

Reprint series one to four consisting of various articles of researchers.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Abbott, David and Edward Rogowsky. Attitudes relating to the Civilian Review Board (financed by the American Jewish Committee).

Abueve, Jose V. Administrative doctrines diffused in emerging states: the Philippine response (partially financed by the Research Center).

Brown, Bernard E. French experiences with modernization.

Farganis, James and Sondra Silverman. Rebels and retreats: youth responses to industrial society (financed by the Research Center).

Palumbo, Dennis. Influences of the organization of local public health departments on their services, productivity, and efficiency (financed by Public Health Service).

6

BROOKLYN COLLEGE, Center for the Study of World Psychologies

Address: Brooklyn, New York 11210

Focus: Psychological aspects of the Soviet and Communist Chinese scenes in a cross-disciplinary context, with interest in problems of methodology and evaluation; and the disciplines of Soviet and Japanese psychology.

Directorate: Ivan D. London, Director.

Principal Researchers: Ivan D. London, Miriam B. London, and Wu Ping-chung.

Funds: City University of New York; Relm Foundation; contractural services.

Description: Under the sponsorship of the City University of New York, the Center for the Study of World Psychologies at Brooklyn College conducts interdisciplinary studies on psychology as a discipline in various foreign lands and empirical studies on various aspects of the psychology of foreign man, with its emphasis on the Soviet and Chinese areas. It also fosters summer institutes on world psychologies with foreign psychologists as invited guests. The Center's library has built up a large collection of Soviet and Japanese reprints, as well as translations from the Soviet psychological literature of the past decade.

Recent Representative Publications:

London, Ivan D. and Miriam B. London. A research examination of the Harvard Project on the Soviet Social System: "I. The basic written questionnaire," Psychological Reports, 19, 1966.

London, Miriam. "Until You See the Yellow River," National Review, in press.

Representative Studies in Progress:

London, Ivan D. Problems in abstracting Soviet psychological and related literature, summer 1968.

__________and Miriam B. London. Methodology of interviewing refugees, summer 1968.

__________. Psychopolitical factors in parapsychology in the Soviet Union, summer 1969.

__________. Antiforeignism in contemporary mainland China, summer 1968.

__________. Traditional superstition in official decision-making and in ordinary life in Communist China, summer 1968.

__________and Wu Ping-chung. Racism in internal Communist China propaganda.

London, Miriam B. Religiosity in the Soviet Union, summer 1968.

7

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies

Address: 2538 Channing Way
Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: International development and the analysis of the background and processes of change in the Communist world; interdisciplinary studies of culture and cultural problems.

Directorate: David E. Apter, Director; Ernst B. Haas, Associate Director; Ivan Vallier, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: The Operating Committee of the Institute is composed of: Chalmers A. Johnson, Chairman, Center for Chinese Studies and Acting Chairman, Center for Japanese and Korean Studies; Joyce K. Kallgren, Vice-Chairman, Center for Chinese Studies; Gregory Grossman, Chairman, Center for Slavic and East European Studies; David G. Mandelbaum, Chairman, Center for South Asia Studies; Herbert P. Phillips, Chairman, Center for Southeast Asia Studies; Carl G. Rosberg, Jr., Chairman, Committee for African Studies; William M. Brinner, Chairman, Committee for Middle Eastern Studies; Cleo O. Stoker, Senior Administrative Assistant; Sara Shepherd, Librarian; and Paul M. Gilchrist, Editor.

Funds: Foundation and government sources on both grant and contractual basis; Ford Foundation; Carnegie Corporation; Rockefeller Foundation; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; Agency for International Development.

Description: Established in 1955 to foster comparative and international research in the social sciences and related fields, the Institute is primarily concerned with contemporary problems. It acts as a clearing-house for information and helps initiate, gain support for, and coordinate individual and group research projects. Research activities are for the most part carried out within the centers, committees, and projects which form component parts of the Institute. The various area centers and committees are the Committee for African Studies, the Center for Chinese Studies, the Center for Japanese Studies, the Center for Latin American Studies, the Committee for Middle Eastern Studies, the Center for Slavic and East European Studies, the Center for South Asia Studies, and the Center for Southeast Asia Studies. The Institute cooperates with the University's Survey Research Center in the development of the research and training services of the International Data Library and Reference Service, which is designed to assist social scientists in obtaining, processing, and analyzing existing domestic and foreign survey materials. In addition, the Institute publishes the Asian Survey and several series of monographs and reprints.

Recent Representative Publications:

Berreman, Gerald D. Readings in Chinese Communist Ideology, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1967.
Devos, George and Hiroshi Wagatsuma, editors. Japan's Invisible Race: Caste in Culture and Personality, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1966.
Eberhard, Wolfram. Settlement and Social Change in Asia, Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press, 1966.
Grossman, Gregory. Economic Systems, Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1967.
Joshie, Bhuwan Lal and Leo E. Rose. Democratic Innovations in Nepal: A Case Study of Political Acculturation, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1966.
Khouri, Mounah A. Social and Intellectual Currents in Modern Egyptian Poetry, 1822-1922, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1967.
Komiya, Ryutaro, editor. Postwar Economic Growth in Japan, translated by Robert S. Ozaki, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1966.
Lev, Daniel S. The Rise of Guided Democracy in Indonesia, 1957-1959, monograph, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell Modern Indonesia Project, 1966.
Pierce, Richard A. Soviet Central Asia: A Bibliography (3 vols.), Berkeley: Delo Press, 1966.
Schurmann, Franz. Ideology and Organization in Communist China, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1966.
Smelser, Neil J. Methods in Comparative Analysis, Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1968.
Ward, Benjamin. The Socialist Economy: A Study of Organizational Alternatives, New York: Random House, Inc., 1967.
In addition, several series of monographs are published by the Institute, including: a Research Series, the Current Language Project Publications, Politics of Modernization Series, and the Population Monograph Series.

Representative Studies in Progress:

- Comparative studies of Communist societies and movements.
- Comparative political elites program.
- Program on international integration.
- World population growth and demographic behavior.
- Comparative studies of western industrial societies.
- Comparative program on religion and society.

8

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, International Population and Urban Research (IPUR)

Address: 2234 Piedmont Avenue
Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: Comparative demographic analysis.

Directorate: Kingsley Davis, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Eduardo Arriaga, Judith Blake Davis, Peter Mazur, and K. S. Srikantan.

Funds: Rockefeller Foundation; Ford Foundation (both directly to the Center and indirectly through the Institute of International Studies); Equitable Life Assurance Society; National Science Foundation.

Description: Founded in 1956, International Population and Urban Research (IPUR) has as the central focus of its activities the comparative analysis of population structure and change, urbanization, human migration, and related phenomena. IPUR is currently pursuing a long-term project on the population of Latin America. This research utilizes census, registration, and survey data on population, housing, industry and agriculture to study fertility, marriage and family patterns, labor-force participation, internal migration, educational attainment, occupational and industrial structure, and urbanization. Emphasis is placed on the relation of these variables to economic development and social modernization. IPUR is also undertaking a study of world urbanization similar to the study it made several years ago. Of particular interest is the period since 1950. In addition, work is being done on the history of population during the eighteenth, nineteenth, and early twentieth centuries, mainly for the purpose of comparing the development of the present-day underdeveloped countries with the evolution of the modern industrial nations. Graduate students, wishing financial and other assistance in completing work for the Ph.D. degree in the field of population or urban research, may qualify for research positions at IPUR, regardless of discipline, if their projects are congruent with current programs of research.

Recent Representative Publications:

- Arriaga, Eduardo E. New Life Tables for Latin American Populations in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries, Population Monograph Series, No. 3, Berkeley: Institute of International Studies, 1967, in press.
- Collver, O. Andrew. Birth Rates in Latin America: New Estimates of Historical Trends and Flucuations, Research Series, No. 7, Berkeley: Institute of International Studies, 1965.
- Hernandez, Jose. Return Migration to Puerto Rico, Population Monograph Series, No. 1, Berkeley: Institute of International Studies, 1967.
- Rele, J. R. Fertility Analysis Through Extension of Stable Population Concepts, Population Monograph Series, No. 2, Berkeley: Institute of International Studies, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

- World urbanization 1950-1960.
- Case studies of population growth and its consequences in six latin american countries.
- Metropolitan growth in Latin America, 1950-1960.
- Population policy in underdeveloped countries.
- Comparative studies in historical demography.
- Comparative analysis of family structure in underdeveloped countries.
- Demographic analysis of the Soviet Union.
- Comparative demographic analysis of Eastern Europe.

9

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, Center for Chinese Studies

Address: Room 319, 2168 Shattuck Avenue
Berkeley, California 94704

Focus: Social science studies on contemporary China.

Directorate: Chalmers A. Johnson, Chairman; Joyce K. Kallgren, Vice Chairman.

Principal Researchers: S. H. Chen, Hsin-cheng Chuang, Wolfram Eberhard, Charles Glock, Gregory Grossman, Gene Hsiao, Chalmers A. Johnson, Joyce K. Kallgren, Joseph R. Levenson, Stanley Lubman, Jack Potter, Robert Scalapino, Franz Schurmann, John S. Service, Joseph Anderson Shih, James Townsend, Frederic Wakeman.

Funds: State of California; Ford Foundation.

Description: The purposes of the Center are threefold: 1) the training of graduate students in the social sciences to become specialists in contemporary China; 2) the development of a research collection for the use of the Center; and 3) the encouragement and support of faculty research. The Center's library is rated one of the major libraries on contemporary China.

Recent Representative Publications:

Chi, Wen-shun. Readings in Chinese Communist Ideology, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1966.

Eberhard, Wolfram. "Social Mobility and Stratification in China," in R. Bendix and S. Lipset, Class, Status, and Power, 1966.

Johnson, Chalmers A. "Theory and Practice of Clandestine Warfare," Asia Magazine, Hong Kong, May 29, 1966.

Kallgren, Joyce K. "Nationalist China - The Continuing Dilemma of the Mainland," Asian Survey, 1965.

Levenson, Joseph R. "The Communist Attitude towards Religion," in Werner Klatt, editor, The Chinese Model, Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press, 1965.

Li, Choh-Ming. Industrial Development in Communist China, New York: Praeger, 1963.

Scalapino, Robert A., editor. The Communist Revolution in Asia, Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, 1965.

Schurmann, Franz. Ideology and Organization in Communist China, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1966.

Townsend, James. "Mao and Maoism," Problems of Communism, January-February, 1966.

Wakeman, Frederic, Jr. Strangers at the Gate: Social Disorder in South China, 1839-1861, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1966.

Reprint Series, 1959-1966, titles on request.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Johnson, Chalmers A. Chinese Communist military affairs; also, comparative Communist politics, and Sino-Japanese relations; Japan's attitude towards China, and Japan's military posture in East Asia.

Kallgren, Joyce K. An analysis of various aspects of the social welfare programs of Communist China.

Levenson, Joseph E. The province, the nation, and the world: Chinese history and the confluence of histories.

Potter, Jack. Traditional world Chinese society and its changes under Communism.

Scalapino, Robert A. Chinese Communist foreign policy; and a study to compare and contrast the political elites of the three Communist states of Eastern Asia: North Korea, Communist China, and North Vietnam.

Schurmann, Franz. Organizational analysis of economic administration and management in China, and comparative organizational studies of China and other Communist countries.

Townsend, James. Analysis of Chung-Kuo Ch'ing-nien as a reflection of political values and aspirations of Chinese youth; also a series of studies focusing upon the Central government with a view to analysis of the administration problems encountered by the Chinese.

10

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, Center for Latin American Studies

Address: 2538 Channing Way
Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: Contemporary social science and humanities research relating to Latin America.

Directorate: William Paul McGreevey, Acting Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Anthropology: George Foster, Laura Nader, John Rowe; Architecture: Donald P. Reay; City and Regional Planning: Hilgard O'Reilly Sternberg, Francis Violich; Economics: Albert Fishlow; Geography: James J. Parsons; History: Woodrow Borah, David Brading, William Paul McGreevey; Physiology: Sherburne E. Cook; Political Science: David E. Apter, Ernst B. Haas; Sociology: Kingsley Davis, Christopher J. Hurn; Survey Research Center: David Nasatir.

Funds: Participates in the funding administered by the Institute of International Studies.

Description: Established in 1956, the Center supports individual research projects of faculty members through research assistantships, travel funds, and released time; it also provides grants-in-aid to graduate students. To bring together faculty members and students interested in Latin American studies, the Center sponsors interdisciplinary colloquia, monthly luncheon meetings, and visits by distinguished scholars in the Latin American field. It assists in the implementation of the Latin American Faculty Exchange Program, which is designed to bring scholars from Latin America for one or more quarters to teach or do research, particularly in the fields of the social sciences. The Center also participates with several other institutions in supporting the *Latin American Research Review*, which is published by the Institute of Latin American Studies at the University of Texas. Under a recent expansion, the Center has commenced a program to promote research into all aspects of socioeconomic and political change in Latin America. As this would indicate, the program is a very flexible one, with some of the main areas of emphasis being economic history, comparative studies in ideology, political modernization, public opinion, political attitudes, and comparative social stratification. There is also particular concentration on geography, demography, and city and regional studies.

Recent Representative Publications:
Graña, Cesar. "Cultural Nationalism: The Idea of Historical Destiny in Spanish America."
Sternberg, Hilgard O'Reilly. "Brazil: Complex Giant."
________. "Land and Man in the Tropics."
Walker, Kenneth N. "Determination of Castro Support among Latin American University Students."

Representative Studies in Progress:
Brading, David. 18th century silver economy in Mexico.
Borah, Woodrow and Sherburne Cook. Studies in colonial censuses of Mexico.
Davis, Kingsley. Delimiting the world's metropolitan areas--Latin America.
McGreevey, William Paul. Economic history of Latin America.
Nader, Laura. Comparative village law project: The Zapotec Case.
Oxley, Genevieve. The role of social work in private industry in the developing economy of Peru.
Parsons, James J. Study of pre-Columbian oilfields in northern South America.
Rowe, John. Impact of a Peruvian government development program on rural communities in the southern Sierra.
Sternberg, Hilgard O'Reilly. Field research in northern Mato Grosso and Lower Amazon.

11

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, Committee for Middle East Studies

Address: Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: Near and Middle East studies, including Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan, Israel and the Arab states of the Middle East and North Africa

Directorate: William M. Brinner, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: William M. Brinner, Wolfram Eberhard, Jonas C. Greenfield, Ira M. Lapidus, George Lenczowski, Clement Moore, Laura Nader, and John M. Smith.

Funds: Participates in the Ford Foundation and other grants of the Institute of International Studies.

Description: The Committee supports both domestic and overseas faculty research; sponsors public lectures, symposia and conferences devoted to analysis and discussion of problems of the Middle East in which visitors from American and foreign universities participate; coordinates Middle Eastern courses in various departments of the University; and recommends development of teaching and library resources.

Recent Representative Publications:

Brinner, William M. "Harfush," "Ibn Ghurab," "Ibn Iyas," Encyclopedia of Islam, III, Leiden, The Netherlands: E. J. Brill, 1966 and 1967.

Eberhard, Wolfram and Pertev Boratav. Typen Türkischer Volksmärchen, Wiesbaden, 1966.

__________. Settlement and Social Change in Asia, Hong Kong: University of Hong Kong Press, 1967.

Greenfield, Jonas C. "Some Aspects of Treaty Terminology in the Bible," Proceedings of the Fourth World Congress of Jewish Studies, Jerusalem, 1965, Vol. 1, 1967.

__________ and Manfred Mayrhofer. "The Palqummim/almuggim Problem Reexamined," Festschrift Walter Baumgartner, 1967.

Lenczowski, George. "The Objects and Methods of Nasserism," Journal of International Affairs, Vol. XIX, 1965.

__________. "Tradition and Reform in Saudi Arabia," Current History, February 1967.

12

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, Center for Slavic and East European Studies

Address: Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: Soviet and East European areas; all disciplines.

Directorate: Gregory Grossman, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Anthropology: Stephen and Edith Dunn, Eugene A. Hammel; Economics: Gregory Grossman, Benjamin Ward; Education: Frederic Lilge; Geography: J. M. Hooson; History: Martin A. Malia, Nicholas V. Riasanovsky, William B. Slottman, Reginald E. Zelnik; Political Science: Michael Gehlen, Andrew Janos; Slavic Languages and Literature: Simon Karlinsky, Czeslaw Milosz; Social Welfare: Martin Wolins; Sociology: S. John Rawin.

Funds: Participation in the Ford Foundation grant administered through the Institute of International Studies.

Description: The Center for Slavic and East European Studies was established in 1957 as the successor to the former Institute of Slavic Studies. With the receipt of a Ford Non-Western Studies grant in 1961, the Center assumed University-wide responsibilities for the support of research and other activities in the area concerned. Although the emphasis has been on the social sciences, history, and to a lesser degree, technology, the Center has also supported research in literature, since the study of Russian and other Slavic literatures has been traditionally interpreted as a major avenue to the understanding of their societies. The Center maintains an active program of visiting speakers including lecturers from Europe as well as other universities in this country, and seminars and lectures are held two or three times a month throughout the year. Approximately 12 research assistants are employed during the year to work in their respective fields with professors engaged in research, and a reading room with the major Slavic newspapers, related journals, documents, and other materials is maintained for the use of faculty and students. The Center provides grants each year to approximately 12 graduate students who are preparing for graduate degrees. Jointly with the Chinese Center, the Slavic Center supports the Project for Comparative Studies.

13

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, Center for South Asia Studies

Address: Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Himalayan border countries.

Directorate: David G. Mandelbaum, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Reinhard Bendix, Gerald D. Berreman, Joan V. Bondurant, Jyotirindra Das Gupta, Margaret W. Fisher, John J. Gumperz, Alice S. Ilchman, Warren F. Ilchman, Eugene F. Irschick, Van Dusen Kennedy, David G. Mandelbaum, Theodore D. McCown, Thomas R. Metcalf, Bruce R. Pray, Ralph H. Retzlaff, Leo E. Rose, Gordon C. Roadarmel, and Barend A. Van Nooten.

Funds: Part of Ford Foundation grant; National Defense Education Act grants from U. S. Office of Education; University funds.

Description: South Asia studies at Berkeley have developed steadily since they were inaugurated in 1956, and the Berkeley campus is now one of the major world centers for the study of the peoples of the Indo-Pakistan subcontinent. The work of the members of the Center constitutes an increasingly important part of modern research on South Asia, and research results are presented and discussed in a series of colloquia, lectures, and meetings. The Center supports research by providing grants for faculty members and grants-in-aid for graduate students, but in addition to general fellowships, there are special NDEA graduate fellowships available for the study of South Asia. A number of graduate students specializing in South Asian subjects are employed as research assistants and research apprentices. The teaching program on South Asia, which is fostered by the Center through the academic departments, is among the most comprehensive of such programs, at both graduate and undergraduate levels, and the main library at Berkeley has one of this country's major collections of books and periodicals on South Asia.

Recent Representative Publications:

Berreman, Gerald. "Caste in the Modern World," *Scientific American* (forthcoming).
Bondurant, Joan V. *Conquest of Violence: The Ghandian Philosophy of Conflict* (revised edition), Berkeley: University of California Press, 1967.
Fisher, Margaret W. "India's Jawaharlal Nehru," *Asian Survey*, June 1967.
Ilchman, Alice S. and W. F. Ilchman. *The New Men of Knowledge and the New States*, Berkeley: University of California Press (forthcoming).
Ilchman, Warren F. "Political Economy of Foreign Aid," *Asian Survey*, October 1967.
Irschick, Eugene F. *Politics and Social Conflict in South India: Tamil Separatism and the Non-Brahman Movement, 1916-1929*, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1968.
Mandelbaum, David G. "Some Uses of Kinship in Village India," *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 2, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Berreman, Gerald D. Caste in the modern world.
Bondurant, Joan V. Sources of power and leadership in India.
Das Gupta, Jyotirindra. Group representation and political integration in India.
Fisher, Margaret W. Sources of power and leadership in India.
Ilchman, Warren F. Development of internal and external institutions for foreign policy planning in India.
Mandelbaum, David G. The system of society in village India.
Metcalf, Thomas R. The impact of British rule on rural social structure in Northern India during the 19th Century.
Rose, Leo E. The political process in Sikkim.

14

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, Center for Southeast Asia Studies

Address: Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: Problems of social, economic, and political development in Southeast Asia.

Directorate: Herbert P. Phillips, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: James N. Anderson (Anthropology), Woodbridge Bingham (History), Denzel Carr (Oriental Languages), Michael Conant (Business Administration), C. D. Crétien (Linguistics), Malcolm Davisson (Economics), Wolfram Eberhard (Sociology), Joseph Fischer (Education), Mary R. Haas (Linguistics), Daniel S. Lev (Political Science), Arend Lijphart (Political Science), Herbert P. Phillips (Anthropology), Albert G. Pickerell (Journalism), Jesse O. Sawyer (Linguistics), Johan P. Snapper (Dutch).

Funds: Participation in the Ford Foundation grant administered through the Institute of International Studies.

Description: Although Southeast Asia studies have had a relatively long history on the Berkeley campus, the Center was not established formally until 1960. It serves to focus and coordinate the research activities of scholars in different disciplines concerned with problems of social, economic, and political development in the nations of Southeast Asia. The Center facilitates the individual research programs of faculty members on all campuses of the University of California through grants-in-aid, research assistantships, and travel funds. It employs a librarian who assists in the development of the University Library's resources on Southeast Asia; she also compiles bibliographies of the Library's holdings on each of the Southeast Asian countries.

Recent Representative Publications:

Bingham, Woodbridge, H. Conroy, and F. S. Iklé. A History of Asia, Vol. II: Old Empires, Western Penetration and The Rise of New Nationa since 1600. Boston: Allyn & Bacon, 1965.

Lev, Daniel S. The Rise of Guided Democracy in Indonesia, 1957-59, Ithaca, New York: Cornell University Modern Indonesian Project, 1966.

Moerman, Michael H. "Ethnic Identification in a Complex Civilization: Who Are the Lue?" American Anthropologist, October 1965.

Phillips, Herbert P. "Psychological vs. Social Structural Explanations of Thai Peasants," American Anthropologist, Vol. 69, No. 1, 1967.

Spenser, Joseph E. "The Migration of Rice from Mainland Southeast Asia into Indonesia," Proceedings, Tenth Pacific Congress, 1965.

Wheatley, Paul. "Refurbishing the Nine Cauldrons,"Foreword to a new edition of Herman, Historical Atlas of China, Chicago: Alding Publishing Company, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Anderson, James N. Comparative studies in rural Philippine economic and social organization.

Lev, Daniel S. Legal and judicial change in Indonesia.

Pickerell, Albert G. Study of the Southeast Asian Press.

Phillips, Herbert P., David A. Wilson, and Michael H. Moerman. National Science Foundation program on "Special Elites and Social Integration in Thailand."

15

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, Institute of International Studies, Survey Research Center

Address: 2220 Piedmont Avenue
Berkeley, California 94720

Focus: Research facilities.

Directorate: Charles Y. Glock, Director; William Nicholls, Assistant Director

Principal Researchers: Jan Dizard (Sociology), Herbert McClosky (Political Science), Francesco Nicosia (Business Administration), Irving Piliavin (Social Welfare), Robert Somers (Sociology), and Alan Wilson (Education).

Funds: Basic University support; grants; contracts; recharge income from use of research facilities.

Description: The Survey Research Center is the University's arm for the collection, processing, and analysis of mass social data in support of the University's major research programs. Its research facilities for comparative international studies include the International Data Library and Service, an archive of survey materials on Asia and Latin America, and an International Elite Data Bank.

Recent Representative Publications:
Glock, Charles Y., editor. Survey Research in the Social Sciences, 1967.
Mitchell, Robert E. "Toward the Use of Content Analysis Procedures for Explanatory Studies," Public Opinion Quarterly, summer 1967.
________. "Barriers to Survey Research in Asia and Latin America."
Wong, Paul. "Coding and Analysis of Documentary Materials from Communist China." Asian Survey, March 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Mitchell, Robert E. Comparative study of Overseas Chinese populations, 1969.
Somers, Robert, Sidney Verba, and a group of foreign scholars from nations being studied. Comparative political study in India, Nigeria, Japan, and U. S., 1969.
Wong, Paul, Charles Y. Glock, and Franz Schurmann. Applications of content analysis to research on enclaved societies, 1969.
Demographic analysis of the Soviet Union.
Comparative demographic analysis of Eastern Europe.

16

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, IRVINE, Public Policy Research Organization (PPRO)

Address: Irvine, California 92664

Focus: Policy-oriented, i.e., systematic analysis of policy choices. PPRO is not limited to particular policy areas but will probably focus on three or four problems. Initially, work will be undertaken in urban affairs, science policy, and educational policy. Most initial work will be focused on domestic problems, but there is a strong interest in education in developing countries.

Directorate: The PPRO is currently guided by a Campus Advisory Committee chaired by George W. Brown, Dean of the Graduate School of Administration, although it is expected that both a Director and a National Advisory Committee will be appointed during the 1967-1968 year.

Principal Researchers: Henry Fagin and Kenneth L. Kraemer (Urban Affairs); George W. Brown and Ralph Gerard (Science Policy); James G. March (Educational Policy); and Lyman Drake and Michael Cole (Education in Developing Countries).

Funds: Seed capital from the University of California.

Description: Although planning for the Public Policy Research Organization has been going on for some time, 1967 is the operative year. The Organization will not limit itself to policy studies in only selected policy or geographic areas, but intends to broaden its coverage to fairly general proportions. The initial work of the Organization has been focused on domestic problems, but the initiation of the Organization is being continued to its planned scope of multidisciplinary, long-range programmatic study in several areas. In this connection, attention is now being focused on the problems of education in underdeveloped countries.

17

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES, Chancellor's Committee on International and Comparative Studies

Address: Los Angeles, California 90024

Focus: Research and teaching programs in international and comparative studies in the social sciences, arts and humanities, and the professional schools of law, education, public health, engineering, and business administration.

Directorate: Howard R. Swearer, Chairman.

Funds: Ford Foundation International and Comparative Studies Grant of $2 million in 1965, for five years.

Description: Support of over 140 research and training projects in the international and comparative field, both by individuals and by interdisciplinary groups.

18

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES, Chancellor's Committee on International and Comparative Studies, African Studies Center

Address: Los Angeles, California 90024

Focus: Interdisciplinary projects on Africa, particularly sub-Saharan Africa.

Directorate: Paul O. Proehl, Director; Michael F. Lofchie, Associate Director (Social Sciences); John F. Povey, Associate Director (Arts and Humanities).

Principal Researchers: Thirty-six researchers representing several disciplines.

Funds: 10-year Ford Foundation Non-Western grant to the Center; part of Ford Foundation Comparative and International Studies grant to UCLA; University funds; NDEA, Office of Education funds for Language and Area Program.

Description: The Center provides a framework for furthering research on Africa *vis-a-vis* faculty, graduate student, and post-doctoral grants and fellowships, and for collaboration and communication among scholars from every interested and pertinent discipline--social sciences, education, law, languages and linguistics, and the arts and humanities. The Center conducts two or three colloquia each year, drawing from leading scholars here and abroad on the African phenomena, and each year a number of special conferences are held, aimed at expanding interdisciplinary work relating to African studies, and at bringing together prominent African leaders and Americans to discuss African problems. The Center regularly invites guest speakers to address special seminars and audiences. It is continually engaged in improving the quality of course offerings and in experimenting in new forms of integrating the results of research in curricular offerings. Currently the Center's efforts are directed toward achieving greater expertise in, and coverage of, Francophonic Africa. The Center publishes the Occasional Paper Series (original works) and the journal *African Arts/Arts d'Afrique*, a bilingual publication covering the plastic, graphic, performing, and literary arts of Africa.

Recent Representative Publications:

Goldschmidt, Walter. *Sebei Law*, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1967.
Griffeth, Robert R. "Samori Toure," *Tarikh*, 1967.
Griffin, Donald W. "Urban Redevelopment in Africa: The Case of Lagos," *California Geographer*.
Logan, Richard F. "The Edge of Beyond," *South West Annual*, 1967.
Smith, Michael G. "A Hausa Kingdom; Maradi under Dan Baskore, 1854-1875," in Daryll Forde and Phyllis Kaberry, editors, *West African Kingdom in the Nineteenth Century*, 1967.
Terjung, Werner H. "The Geographical Application of Some Selected Physio-Climatic Indices to Africa," *International Journal of Biometeorology*, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Griffeth, Robert R. Varieties of resistance to the French occupation of West Africa.

Griffin, Ronald W. The primate city and African urbanization, 1968.

Hale, Gerry A. Darfur towns: aspects of their character and growth, 1967.

Smith, Michael G. Political histories of selected Hausa states, Niger, and northern Nigeria for the period 1750-1950, 1968.

Terjung, Werner H. Monthly physiological climates and annual stresses and regimes of Africa, 1967.

Thomas, Benjamin E., and John B. Whittow. Natural environment and African peoples: a study of nine areas in Middle Africa, 1968.

Thompson, Leonard M. The Oxford History of South Africa, Vols. I & II, 1968.

19

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES, Chancellor's Committee on International and Comparative Studies, Latin American Center

Address: 10347 Social Science Building
Los Angeles 90024

Focus: Interdisciplinary research projects in all of the social sciences and humanities, as well as law and business administration, and the natural and applied sciences.

Directorate: Johannes Wilbert, Director; Kenneth Karst, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Ralph Altman (Art), James R. Andrews (Spanish), Samuel G. Armistead (Spanish), Ralph L. Beals (Anthropology and Sociology), Charles F. Bennett (Geography), Bradford Burns (History), Robert N. Burr (History), John A. Crow (Spanish), John E. Englekirk (Spanish and Portuguese), Donald F. Fogelquist (Spanish and Portuguese), Earl T. Glauert (History), Bruce Herrick (Economics), Claude L. Hulet (Spanish and Portuguese), Clement W. Meighan (Anthropology), Henry B. Nicholson (Anthropology), Stanley L. Robe (Spanish), H. Sanchez-Reulet (Spanish), and Robert M. Stevenson (Music).

Funds: Ford Foundation; NDEA; other grants.

Description: The Center coordinates and facilitates individual and group research on Latin America by UCLA faculty members and students. For this purpose, the Center maintains three regional centers in Caracas, Guadalajara, and Fortaleza (Brazil), which serve as local bases for research, often performed in conjunction with scholars from the host countries. The emphasis of the Center in its sponsorship of research is on interdisciplinary study. The Center's services extend not only to the social sciences and humanities, but also to UCLA's professional schools; members of the faculties of law, medicine, public health, engineering and business administration are presently actively involved in research in Latin America, assisted by the Center. The Center publishes a newsletter, a series of reference books, scholarly studies, and a series of reprints of articles.

Recent Representative Publications:

Aubey, Robert T. Nacional Financiera and Mexican Industry: A Study of the Financial Relationship Between the Government and the Private Sector of Mexico, July 1966.

Beals, Ralph L. Community in Transition: Nayon, Ecuador, July 1966.

Karst, Kenneth L. Latin American Legal Institutions: Problems for Comparative Study, November 1966.

Lauerhass, Ludwig. Communism in Latin America, A Bibliography: The Postwar Years (1945-1960), 1962.

McCorkle, Thomas. Fajardo's People: Cultural Adjustment in Venezuela; and the Little Community in Latin American and North American Contexts, April 1965.

Sable, Martin H. Latin American Urbanization: A Guide to the Literature and Organizations in the Field, Spring 1967.

Schwerin, Karl H. Oil and Steel; Processes of Karinya Culture Change in Response to Industrial Development, November 1966.

Violich, Francis, and Juan B. Astica. Community Development and the Urban Planning Planning Process in Latin America, October 1966.

20

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES, Chancellor's Committee on International and Comparative Studies, Near Eastern Center

Address: Los Angeles, California 90024

Focus: Middle East; languages and social science.

Directorate: Gustave E. von Grunebaum, Director.

Principal Researchers: Fifty-six members of the faculty.

Funds: State of California; Ford Foundation; Office of Education (HEW).

Description: The Center provides research and research training facilities aimed at an integration of the social sciences in the study of the ancient, modern, and contemporary Near East, including Central Asia and North Africa. Both individual and collective research projects are initiated and supported by the Center. The Center also strongly supports the development of the area studies offered through the academic departments.

Recent Representative Publications:

Badawy, Alexander. *A History of Egyptian Architecture: the First Intermediate Period, the Middle Kingdom and the Second Intermediate Period*, 1966.
Kerr, Malcolm H. *Islamic Reform: The Political and Legal Theories of Muhammad Abduh and Rashid Rida*, 1966.
von Grunebaum, G. E., and Roger Caillois. *The Dream and Human Societies* (also Spanish and Italian editions; French in preparation), 1966.
Waardenburg, J. D. J. *Les Universités dans le monde arabe actuel*, The Hague; Mouton, 1966.
Monograph Series:
  Vol. 6. Perlmann, M. *Sa ’d b. Mansur Ibn Kammuna's Examination of the Inquiries into the Three Faiths*, 1967.
  Vol. 8. Tietze, A. *The Koman Riddles and Turkic Folklore*, 1966.
  Vol. 9. Leslau, W. *Ethiopians Speak, Studies in Cultural Background*, II, "Chaha," 1966.
  Vol. 10. Ruedy, John. *Land Policy in Colonial Algeria: The Origins of the Rural Public Domain*, 1967.
  Vol. 11. Leslau, W. *Ethiopians Speak, Studies in Cultural Background*, III, "Soddo," 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Adamec, L. W. A. Afghanistan 1900-1923: diplomatic history.
Goitein, S. D. A Mediterranean Society: The Jewish communities of the Arab world as portrayed in the documents of the Cairo Geniza, Vol. I: Economic Foundations.
Hovannisian, R. G. Armenia on the road to independene, 1918.
Keddie, N. Jamal ad-Din al-Afghani, prolegomena to a biography.

21

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES, Chancellor's Committee on International and Comparative Studies, Political Change Committee

Address: Department of Political Science
Los Angeles, California 90024

Focus: Forces which move and shape political change.

Directorate: David A. Wilson, Director.

Principal Researchers: James S. Cole (Political Science), M. G. Smith (Anthropology), Howard R. Swearer and David A. Wilson (Political Science), and Charles Wolf (Economics).

Funds: $4,000 of a Ford Foundation Grant to the University in 1960; $100,000 grant from the Carnegie Corporation for the study of "Political Change in Underdeveloped Countries."

Description: The Committee, comprised of faculty in the various social science departments, sponsors a bi-weekly seminar to bring forth the results of members' research. Focusing on the theoretical analysis of political change, the Committee's interest is oriented chiefly toward underdeveloped areas, particularly in South and Southeast Asia, Africa, and Latin America.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Bell, Wendell and Charles Moskos. Political change in Jamaica.
Wilson, David A., editor. Problems in political change.
__________. Sociology of revolution.

22

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES, Chancellor's Committee on International and Comparative Studies, Center for the Study of Comparative Folklore and Mythology

Address: Los Angeles, California 90024

Focus: Research in folklore, mythology, and traditions, with emphasis on interaction between folk and popular traditions.

Directorate: Wayland D. Hand, Director.

Principal Researchers: Robert A. Georges (English & Folklore), Marija Gimbutas (Indo-European Studies), Wayland D. Hand (German & Folklore), Boris A. Kremenliev (Music), Wolf Leslau (Hebrew & Semitic Languages), William A. Lessa (Anthropology), William Matthews (English), Jaan Puhvel (Indo-European Studies), Stanley L. Robe (Spanish), Eli Sobel (German), Charles Speroni (Italian), Walter Starkie (Professor in Residence), Erik Wahlgren (Scandinavian Languages), Donald J. Ward (German), Johannes Wilbert (Anthropology), and D. K. Wilgus (English and Anglo-American Folk Song).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The work of the Center involves three main fields of research: folklore, mythology, and anthropology, with each discipline working within its own framework, and each employing its own methodology. As one of its main purposes, the Center promotes studies on the intercultural contact between civilized and so-called "primitive" peoples, and on the whole problem of acculturation. The Center publishes *Folklore Americas*, a bi-annual publication of Hispanic and Latin American folklore circulated throughout Latin America.

Recent Representative Publications:

Lessa, William A. *Tales from Ulithi Atoli*, Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press, 1961.
Robe, Stanley L. *Hispanic Riddles from Panama*, Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press, 1963.
Speroni, Charles. *The Wit and Wisdom of the Italian Renaissance* (Italian Facetiae), Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press, 1964.
Wilgus, D. K. *Folklore International: Essays in Traditional Literature, Belief and Custom Honoring Wayland Debs Hand*, Hatboro, Pennsylvania: Folklore Associates, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Dictionary of popular beliefs and superstitions.
Studies concerned with the impact of Hispanic folk culture on the indigenous cultures of Latin America.
A Sephardic folksong and folklore project.

23

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies

Address: 1101 East 58th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Interdisciplinary and international programs and research.

Directorate: Chauncy D. Harris, Director.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center for International Studies serves as a university-wide stimulator and coordinator of interest, programs, and resources in the international field. It acts as administrator of special funds for the development of area programs and international and comparative studies. The work of the Center is carried out through a series of programs, centers, and committees.

24

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Committee on African Studies

Address: 1126 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Social change in tropical Africa.

Directorate: Aristide R. Zolberg, Director.

Principal Researchers: Ralph Austen, Lloyd Fallers, Philip Foster, Donald Levine, Robert LeVine, Gilbert White, and Aristide R. Zolberg.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Committee on African Studies is an interdepartmental and interdivisional committee concerned with the promotion of the study of African cultures and peoples. Currently, a major emphasis in research by the Faculty is on social change in sub-Saharan Africa.

Recent Representative Publications:
Foster, Philip, and Remi Clignet. The Fortunate Few, 1966.
LeVine, Robert. Dreams and Deeds, 1966.
Zolberg, Aristide R. Creating Political Order, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Austen, Ralph. Comparative colonial history.
Fallers, Lloyd. Legal change in Uganda.
Foster, Philip. Educational change in Nigeria.
White, Gilbert. River basin development studies.
Zolberg, Aristide R. Patterns of political integration.

25

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Committee for the Comparative Study of New Nations

Address: 1130 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Process of modernization--economic, political, cultural, legal, and ideological; and the dynamic factors which promote or inhibit development.

Directorate: Edward Shils, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Twenty-three faculty members from the social science disciplines.

Funds: Carnegie Corporation; University of Chicago.

Description: Members, working individually with the tools of their separate disciplines on some particular aspect of the problems posed by the new nations, seek to derive insights from the comparison of country findings and of the methods and results of the different social sciences. The Committee each year organizes a seminar with a central theme derived by consensus from its past deliberations, findings, and its perception of new areas for joint exploration. Fellowships are offered to pre- and post-doctoral students from the University of Chicago as well as other institutions so that they may spend a year on specialized work in the comparative analysis of political and social change in the new states. The Committee does not award degrees.

Recent Representative Publications:
Johnson, Harry G., editor. Economic Nationalism in Old and New States, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1967.
List of publications available from Administrative Assistant.

26

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Center for the Comparative Study of Political Development

Address: 1126 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Aspects of political development in relation to society in countries which are now, or were previously, developing nations.

Directorate: Aristide R. Zolberg, Director.

Principal Researchers: Jeremy Azrael, Leonard Binder, L. Rudolph, P. Schmitter, and Tang Tsou.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center promotes and coordinates the teaching and research of the staff and advanced graduate students in the Department of Political Science who are concerned with political development.

Recent Representative Publications:
Azrael, Jeremy. Managerial Power and Soviet Politics, 1966.
Binder, Leonard. Politics in Lebanon, 1966.
Tsou, Tang. America's Failure in China, 1941-1950, 1963.
Zolberg, Aristide R. Creating Political Order: The Party-States of West Africa.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Azrael, Jeremy. Education and politics in the U.S.S.R.
Binder, Leonard. Theories of political development, studies of Tunisia.
Rudolph, L. Politics of education in India.
Schmitter, P. Interest groups and entrepreneurship in Latin America.
Tsou, Tang. Crisis and integration in China.
Zolberg, Aristide R. Political change in 19th century continental Western Europe.

27

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Research Center in Economic Development and Cultural Change

Address: 1126 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Interdisciplinary foreign area research on economic development and cultural change.

Directorate: Bert F. Hoselitz, Director.

Principal Researchers: Bert F. Hoselitz (Economics and Social Science), Kusum Nair (India), and Michael Swift (Visiting Anthropologist, Australia).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Research Center in Economic Development and Cultural Change gives financial assistance to important scholars to do research, either at the University of Chicago or in the field, and helps in promoting the research and publication of the results. In recent years, assistance has been extended to scholars in Poland, Spain, Greece, India, Germany, Chile, and England, as well as in the United States.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Koh, Sung Jae. Small-scale industries, 1967.
Nair, Kusum. Research on conditions in India, 1968.

28

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Economics of Agricultural Development

Address: 1126 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: The economics of agriculture in the less developed countries.

Directorate: Theodore W. Schultz, Director.

Principal Researchers: D. Gale Johnson (Economics), Arcadius Kahan (Economics), Theodore W. Schultz (Economics), and George S. Tolley (Economics).

Funds: Ford Foundation; Rockefeller Foundation.

Description: Present research interests are reflected in studies to determine the production possibilities of agriculture in selected countries from investment in organized agricultural research, from the production and distribution of fertilizer, from the reallocation of water, and from other resources. The program also seeks to determine the adverse effects on agricultural production of inefficiencies in prices and of barriers to trade, including the trade policies of some of the more developed countries as importers of primary products from the less developed countries.

Recent Representative Publications:
Johnson, D. Gale. "The Environment for Technological Change in Soviet Agriculture," 1966.
______________. "Projected Demand for Exports of Food and Food Products," 1967.
Kahan, Arcadius. "Changes in Agricultural Productivity in the Soviet Union," 1966.
______________. "Natural Calamities and Their Effect upon the Food Supply in Russia" (forthcoming).
______________. "Prospects for Soviet Agriculture" (forthcoming).
Rao, C. H. "Entrepreneurship, Management and Farm Tenure Systems," 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Ardita-Barletta, Nicholas. Agricultural research cost and returns: Mexico since 1940, summer 1967.
Reca, Lucio. The price and production duality within Argentine agriculture, 1935-65, fall 1967.

29

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Ford Foundation Workshop in International Relations

Address: 1126 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Comparative international systems and formal theory of international systems.

Directorate: Morton A. Kaplan, Director.

Principal Researchers: Morton A. Kaplan, Donald L. Reinkin.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Workshop studies systems of international politics from a historical perspective. In pursuing these studies, its terms of reference are those of political science rather than of history. The Workshop also conducts computer studies of "balance of power" theory.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Roman Empire.
Italian city-state systems, 1967.
Chinese warlord system, 1967.

30

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, The Center for Middle Eastern Studies

Address: 1130 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: The area from Morocco to Pakistan, from the beginning of the Islamic period to the present, in all academic disciplines.

Directorate: William R. Polk, Director; Marvin Zonis, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Robert M. Adams, Leonard Binder, Richard L. Chambers, Lloyd A. Fallers, Clifford Geertz, Norman Golb, Marshall G. S. Hodgson, Walter Emil Kaegi, Carolyn J. Killean, W. F. Wilfred Madelung, Muhsin S. Mahdi, William H. McNeill, Marvin W. Mikesell, Heshmat Moayyad, David E. Pingree, William R. Polk, Reuben Smith, Jaroslav Stetkevych, Nur Yalman and Marvin Zonis.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center is an interdepartmental and interdivisional body concerned with the promotion of the scholarly study of Middle Eastern cultures from both the humanistic and social science perspectives. It seeks, through the cooperation of the regular academic departments, to provide students with opportunities for balanced training in all the relevant humanistic and social science disciplines and to conduct seminars that will bring the perspectives of the various disciplines together around common problems.

Recent Representative Publications:
Adams, Robert M. The Evolution of Urban Society: Early Mesopotamia and Pre-Hispanic Mexico, 1966.
Binder, Leonard. Politics in Lebanon, 1966.
Geertz, Clifford. The Social History of an Indonesian Town, 1966.
Moayyad, Heshmat. Raudat ar-Rayahin, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Polk, William R. and Richard L. Chambers, editors. The beginnings of modernization in the Middle East in the 19th century.

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UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Committee on South Asian Studies, Philippine Studies Program

Address: 1126 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Social science research on the Philippines.

Directorate: Fred Eggan, Director; E. D. Hester, Associate Director.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Rockefeller Foundation.

Description: The Program was inaugurated in 1952 with the assistance of a grant from the Carnegie Corporation. During its initial period of operation, it prepared a four-volume handbook on the Philippines and sponsored field research. In 1959-1960, it became an integral part of the Committee on South Asian Studies at the University. During the past five years, the Program has continued its research training of graduate students and its sponsorship of field research on modern peasant communes in the Philippines, and the preparation of reports.

Recent Representative Publications:

Eggan, Fred. "Some Aspects of Bilateral Social Systems in the Northern Philippines," paper prepared for Beyer Festschrift, 1965.

__________ and W. H. Scott. "Ritual Life of the Igorots of Sagada: Courtship and Marriage," Ethnology, Vol. 4, No. 1, 1965.

Jocano, F. L. "Conversion and the Patterning of Christian Experience in Nalitbog, Central Panay, Philippines," paper read at the Eighth Annual Baguio Religious Acculturation Conference, December 28-31, 1964.

Scott, W. H. "Educational Work with a Cultural Minority," Silliman Journal, Vol. 11, No. 1.

__________, translator. "A Description of the Customs of the Peoples of Kiangan, Bunhian and Mayoyao, 1857," by Fray Ruperto Alareon, Journal of the Folklore Institute, Vol. 11, No. 1, 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Amot, Jacques. Study of the Chinese community in Manila.
Anderson, James. Research on Pangasinan land tenure and society.
Baradas, David. Study of the Moros of Marawi City.
Bello, Moises. Study of the community of Bakun in the Mountain Province.
Jocano, F. Landa. Social structure of Panay.
Kaut, Charles. Comparative study of Tagalog communities.
McAmis, Robert. Studies of Maranao culture and folklore.

32

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Population Research and Training Center and Chicago Community Inventory

Address: Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Demographic and ecological problems.

Directorate: Philip M. Hauser, Director; Nathan Keyfitz, Co-director; Donald J. Bogue, Associate Director; and Evelyn M. Kitagawa, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Donald J. Bogue (Sociology), Robert W. Hodge (Research Associate), Nathan Keyfitz (Sociology), Edmund M. Murphy (Research Associate; Population Institute, University of the Philippines), William F. Pratt (Research Associate; Population Institute, University of the Philippines), Stephen Yeh (Research Associate; Economic Research Center, University of Singapore), and Judas Matras (Research Associate; Hebrew University, Israel).

Funds: Ford Foundation; Population Council; National Science Foundation; Social Science Research Council.

Description: The research program undertakes basic research in demographic processes, including differentials in fertility and mortality, labor force mobility, international migration, population redistribution, general population, comparative international demography, mathematical demography, community structure, and other urban studies.

Recent Representative Publications:

Hauser, Philip M. and Leo F. Schnore, editors. The Study of Urbanization, New York: John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 1965.

______________, editor. Handbook for Social Research in Urban Areas, Belgium: UNESCO, 1965.

Keyfitz, Nathan and Edmund M. Murphy. Comparative Demographic Computations, Chicago: Population Research and Training Center, University of Chicago, 1964.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Keyfitz, Nathan and Wilhelm Flieger. World population: an analysis of vital data.

The Research Associates at the Universities of the Philippines and Singapore have in progress a number of demographic studies of these geographic areas which will be published at a later date.

33

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, Committee on Slavic Area Studies

Address: 1126 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Soviet Union, east-central and southeast Europe.

Directorate: Arcadius Kahan, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Drawn from the social science, humanities, and education faculties of the University.

Funds: Ford Foundation; University of Chicago.

Description: The Committee is an interdepartmental group fostering research on this geographic area, much of which is contributed by the Departments of Slavic Languages and Linguistics and by members of the Social Sciences Division. The Committee seeks to aid scholarly exchange in Eastern Europe and to increase library and other research resources at the University.

Recent Representative Publications:

Azrael, Jeremy. Managerial Power and Soviet Politics, Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1966.

Stankiewicz, Edward. Declension and Gradation of Russian Substantives, The Hague: Mouton and Co., 1967.

Wasiolek, Edward, editor and translator. Dostoevsky, The Notebooks for Crime and Punishment, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Harris, Chauncy. City and region in the Soviet Union.

Kahan, Arcadius. The GNP and national income of Russia, 1860-1913.

McLean, Hugh. A critical study on Nikolai Leskov.

Wortman, Richard. The crisis of Russian populism.

34

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Center for International Studies, South Asia Language and Area Center

Address: 1130 East 59th Street
Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Modern languages of South Asia.

Directorate: Edward C. Dimock, Jr., Director

Principal Researchers: Researchers are drawn from among the University faculty concerned with South Asia, representing such fields as language, political science, economics, and sociology.

Funds: The University of Chicago; Ford Foundation; U.S. Office of Education.

Description: Basic linguistic research is in progress on the languages of this area. In addition, reference grammars and teaching materials are prepared, either under contract for the Office of Education or independently.

Recent Representative Publications:
Dimock, Edward C., Jr., Somdev Bhattachari, and Suhas Chatterjee. An Introduction to Bengali, Part I.
Naim, C. M. Readings in Urdu: Prose and Poetry.
Zeid, Norman H. et al. A Premchand Reader.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Chicago South Asia Language Series, various volumes.

35

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, Graduate School of Business, Program of International Studies

Address: Chicago, Illinois 60637

Focus: Interaction of national, monetary, financial, and business systems; comparative analysis of labor, accounting, and marketing problems.

Directorate: Robert Z. Aliber, Director

Principal Researchers: Robert Z. Aliber, Odin Anderson, Sidney Davidson, Donald Heckerman, and Arnold Weber.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Program of International Studies in the Graduate School of Business provides a focus for research and instruction on comparative and international problems in economics, finance, industrial relations, accounting, and organization of business.

Recent Representative Publications:
Aliber, R. Z., editor. The Market for Foreign Exchange, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Aliber, R. Z. National capital markets and international capital flows, 1968.
__________. Exchange rate systems of developing countries, 1968.

36

THE CITY COLLEGE OF THE CITY UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK, Center for Latin American Studies

Address: Convent Avenue at 138th Street
New York, New York 10031

Focus: Encouragement and support of academic research at the City College in the field of Latin America, with service to the Spanish-speaking community of the city; liaison for various Latin American universities.

Directorate: Jose Maria Chaves, Director.

Principal Researchers: Alejandro Arratia, Jose Maria Chaves, William Colford, John A. Davis, Baily Diffie, Joseph Ellis, George O'Neil, and Enrique Rodriquez-Fabregat.

Funds: City University of New York.

Description: Academically, the Center has encouraged and supported scientific research in the Latin American area, and has endeavored to present to the academic community the results of its various projects. As part of its community work, the Center has provided information concerning health and welfare problems and has encouraged the pursuance of academic careers at City College.

Recent Representative Publications:
The Center has two main publications: Centro, which is semi-annual, and Carta, the Center's newsletter, distributed bi-monthly during the academic year.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Economic geography.
Extremism in Latin America.
Prehistoric man in Mexico.

37

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO, Institute of Behavioral Science

Address: Boulder, Colorado 80302

Focus: Interdisciplinary research programs on cognitive processes (including interpersonal cognitive conflict), urbanization processes, personal and social problem behavior, social attitudes, and cultural change.

Directorate: Ozzie G. Simmons, Director.

Principal Researchers: Anthropology: Theodore Graves, Robert Hackenberg, Gottfried O. Lang, Omer C. Steward; Economics: Kenneth E. Boulding, John Powelson; Psychology: Lyle E. Bourne, Jr., Stuart W. Cook, Keith E. Davis, Kenneth R. Hammond, Richard Jessor; Sociology: Francis H. Caro, Delbert S. Elliott, Robert C. Hanson, Howard Higman, William N. McPhee, Edward Rose.

Funds: Annual grants of $300,000 to $500,000 from the National Institute of Mental Health, National Science Foundation, Air Force Office of Scientific Research, Office of Education, and U.S. Public Health Service; annual budget of over $100,000 allocated by the University for staff salaries and operating costs.

Description: Program of Research on Cognitive Processes: Psychologists in England, West Germany, Italy, Czechoslovakia, Israel, and France have been conducting research on interpersonal cognitive conflict employing a paradigm developed by Professor Hammond for the study of cognitive conflict. This group is now planning a working conference to be held in Paris for the purpose of consolidating the work already done and to plan the next steps for this research group. Program of Research on Culture Change: Professor Gottfried O. Lang has been conducting studies of directed and non-directed change in Sukumaland, Tanzania, since 1961. This program expects to assume responsibility for the operation of the Nyegezi Social Research Institute in coming years, to extend the research to neighboring ethnic groups around Lake Victoria, and to focus the research on problems of commercialization and urbanization. Program of Research on Personal and Social Problem Behavior: Professor Richard Jessor, program director, spent 1966 in Florence, Italy, doing comparative research on social-psychological variables and drinking behavior of samples of youth in Florence, Rome, Palermo, and Boston. Also, the program involved field research on the health and development of children from impoverished families in the Djebel Djelland suburb of Tunis. Plans are being made for the development of this program to include comparative research on problem behavior in Florence and the United States as well as further work in Tunisia. Program of Research on Social Processes: This program, under the direction of Professor Robert C. Hanson, is concerned mainly with studies of urbanization processes as these operate among Spanish-speaking and Navaho groups who have migrated to Denver from rural settings. A probable development will be a proposal to test in foreign cities the simulation model of urbanization processes now being constructed on the basis of the Denver research. The likeliest research sites are one or more cities in the Philippines, an urban center in Tanzania, Athens, Florence, Tunis, Barcelona, and Lima, Peru.

Recent Representative Publications:

Bourne, Lyle E., Jr. Human Conceptual Behavior, Boston: Allyn-Bacon, 1966.

Hammond, Kenneth R. "Clinical Inference in Nursing: II. A Psychologist's Viewpoint," Nursing Research, Vol. 15, 1966.

Simmons, Ozzie G. "Drinking Patterns and Interpersonal Performance in a Peruvian Mestizo Community," in George M. Foster, editor, Readings in Contemporary Latin American Culture: An Anthropological Sourcebook, New York: Selected Academic Readings, Inc., 1966.

Todd, Frederick J., Kenneth R. Hammond, and Marilyn M. Wilkins. "Differential Effects of Ambiguous and Exact Feedback on Two-Person Conflict and Compromise," Journal of Conflict Resolution, Vol. 10, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Cook, Stuart W. and Claire Selltiz. Racial Attitude as a Determinant of Judgements of Plausibility, to appear in the Journal of Social Psychology.

Graves, Theodore D. Alternative Models for the Study of Urban Migration, to appear in Human Organization.

Hanson, Robert C. and Ozzie G. Simmons. The Role Path: A Concept and Procedure for Studying Migration to Urban Communities, to appear in Human Organization.

Jessor, Richard, Theodore D. Graves, Robert C. Hanson, and Shirley L. Jessor. Society, Personality, and Deviant Behavior: A Study of a Tri-Ethnic Community, to be published by Holt, Rinehart and Winston, of New York.

Simmons, Ozzie G. The Sociocultural Integration of Alcohol Use: A Peruvian Study, to appear in the Quarterly Journal of Studies in Alcohol.

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UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO, International Economic Studies Center

Address: Boulder, Colorado 80304

Focus: Economic development; international economic education and research.

Directorate: Wyn F. Owen, Director.

Principal Researchers: Michael Bird, John Cassels, Robert Chaplin, Norris Clement, Wyn F. Owen, John Poole, and Barry Poulson.

Funds: University of Colorado; Rockefeller Foundation; U.S. Department of State (fellowships).

Description: The Center was established to facilitate research into problems of world economic development, with the purpose of advancing knowledge in economics and supporting fields. It seeks to support faculty, students, and curriculum development, especially through the medium of cooperative programs and overseas universities. Such a program has been established in association with the Universidad Autonoma de Guadalajara (Mexico), and other similar programs are in the formative stages.

Recent Representative Publications:

Owen, Wyn F. Academic Orientation for Foreign Graduate Students, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Bird, Michael. The demand and supply of labor in the Jalisco region of Mexico, 1967.
Cassels, John. Basic economics (text book specially designed for universities in developing countries), 1968.
Chaplin, Robert. A cost of living index for a developing region, 1969.
Clement, Norris. A study of the economic viability of the ejido system in Mexico, 1967.
Owen, Wyn F. The farm sector in the accumulation process, 1968.

39

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, Bureau of Applied Social Research

Address: 605 West 115th Street
New York, New York 10025

Focus: Interdisciplinary approaches to socioeconomic phenomena and the processes of social change.

Directorate: Allen H. Barton, Director; William J. Goode, Herbert H. Hyman, Paul F. Lazarsfeld, and Robert K. Merton, Associate Directors.

Principal Researchers: Twenty-nine researchers representing several social science disciplines.

Description: In its early years (the Bureau moved from Princeton to Columbia in 1940), the primary research concentration was in the study of mass behavior. Recently, however, research interests have expanded to include the study of the causes and consequences of demographic, labor force, and related socioeconomic changes, both in underdeveloped countries and in the United States. A second focus has developed in the study of characteristics of large-scale social systems and the processes of social change, and the study of the professions.

Recent Representative Publications:
Glaser, William A. and Ralph L. Bisco. "Plans of the Council of Social Science Data Archives," Social Science Information, Vol. V, No. 4, December 1966.
Lina, Juan J. and Amando de Miguel. Los Empresarios Ante El Poder Publico, Madrid, Spain: Instituto des Estudios Polîticos.
Ritterband, Paul. "Toward an Assessment of the Costs and Benefits of Study Abroad," International Educational and Cultural Exchange, Washington, D. C.: U.S. Advisory Commission on International Educational and Cultural Affairs, Advisory Commission Staff, Department of State, Fall 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Fischer, George. Survey of social research in Communist countries.
Glaser, William A. A cross-national comparative study of factory organizations.
Kadushin, Charles and Paul Ritterband. The non-return of Israeli students.

40

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Institute of African Studies

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Interdisciplinary area research.

Directorate: L. Gray Cowan, Director; Graham W. Irwin, Acting Director until February 1968.

Principal Researchers: Edwin R. Dean (Economics), Douglas F. Fraser (Art History and Archaeology), Edgar A. Gregersen (African Linguistics), William A. Hance (Geography), Terence K. Hopkins (Sociology), Graham W. Irwin (History), Willard Rhodes (Music), David G. Scanlon (Education), A. Arthur Schiller (Law), Elliot P. Skinner (Anthropology),

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Ralph S. Solecki (Anthropology), Immanuel Wallerstein (Sociology), and Marcia Wright (History).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Institute trains a limited number of highly qualified students in the peoples and problems of the African continent, particularly those of tropical Africa, for academic and nonacademic careers. A second purpose of the Institute is to facilitate research in the area. The Institute also hopes to perform a national service by increasing American understanding of the problems posed by our relations with the new states of Africa.

Recent Representative Publications:
Cowan, L. Gray The Dilemmas of African Independence, 1966.
Meagher, Robert, Wolfgang Friedmann, and George Kalmanoff. International Financial Aid: A Comparative Study of Methods and Practices, New York: Columbia University Press, 1966.
Skinner, Elliot. The Mossi of the Upper Volta, Stanford, California: Stanford University Press, 1966.
Wallerstein, Immanuel. Social Change: The Colonial Situation, 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Cowan, L. Gray. Comparative political development of leadership in West Africa and the determinants of African foreign policy.
Dean, Edwin. A study of economic planning in several Sub-Sahara economies, with special attention to the impact of planning on the performance of the economies.
Hopkins, Terence. Economic, social, and political development in the Ankole district of Uganda.
Skinner, Elliot. The problems of "African strangers" as their host countries moved toward national integration.

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COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, The Research Institute on Communist Affairs

Address: New York, New York, 10027

Focus: Research into the nature and function of international Communism.

Directorate: Zbigniew Brzezinski (on leave, 1966-1967), Director; Alexander Dallin, Acting Director.

Principal Researchers: Severyn Bialer, Kevin Devlin, John Haithcox, George Heltai, Joseph Starobin, and Donald S. Zagoria, Senior Fellows; Stephan Cohen and Zvi Gitelman, Junior Fellows.

Funds: Monnell Foundation; Ford Foundation.

Description: The Institute, founded in 1961, encourages and sponsors research on international Communism, on comparative aspects of the Communist systems, the prevailing relationships within the Communist camp, and Communist foreign policies. Although the Institute does not emphasize any particular regional perspective, it determines its research projects in collaboration with the University's regional institutes and programs.

Recent Representative Publications:
Dallin, Alexander, editor. Diversity in International Communism, in collaboration with the Russian Institute, New York: The Columbia University Press, 1963.
Lichtheim, George. Marxism in Modern France, New York: The Columbia University Press, 1966.
Rush, Myron. Political Succession in the USSR, published jointly with the RAND Corporation, New York: The Columbia University Press, 1965.

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Tatu, Michel. Le Pouvoir en URSS: Du Declin de Khrouchtchev a la Direction Collective, Paris: Grasset, 1967 (to be published in New York by the Viking Press).
Van der Kroef, Justis. Communism in Malaysia: History, Propaganda, and Tactics (forthcoming).

Representative Studies in Progress:
Devlin, Kevin. Study on factionalism in the international Communist movement.
Heltai, George. East European Communism in transition.
Starobin, Joseph. The American Communist Party, 1945-1956, in light of the Sino-Soviet schism.

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COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, East Asian Institute

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Interdisciplinary area research on China, Japan, Korea, and U.S.-Far Eastern Relations.

Directorate: John M. H. Lindbeck, Director.

Principal Researchers: Eighteen research personnel.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The two major purposes of the East Asian Institute, which was established in 1949, are to prepare graduate students for careers dealing with East Asia, and to facilitate research and publication on East Asia during the modern period. The Institute focuses its efforts on the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

Recent Representative Publications:
Barnett, A. Doak. Cadres, Bureaucracy and Political Power in Communist China, New York: Columbia University Press, 1967.
Gurtov, Melvin. The First Vietnam Crisis, New York: Columbia University Press, 1967.
Harrison, James P., Jr. Chinese Peasant Wars and the Communists, New York: Atheneum Publishers (forthcoming).
Suh, Dae-Sook. The Korean Communist Movement, 1918-1948, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1967.
Webb, Herschel. The Japanese Imperial Institution in the Tokugawa Period, New York: Columbia University Press (forthcoming).

Representative Studies in Progress:
Fried, Morton H. The evolution of political society, fall 1967.
Hu, Chang-tu. Education of national minorities in China, fall 1967.
March, Andrew L. Geography in Chinese society, 1968.
Nakamura, James I. The economic development in Taiwan and Korea under Japanese occupation.
Passin, Herbert. Essays on the changing social order in Japan, 1968.
Zagoria, Donald. Vietnam triangle: Moscow, Peking, Hanoi, summer 1967.

43

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Institute on East Central Europe

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Interdisciplinary area research.

Directorate: Istvan Deak, Acting Director.

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Principal Researchers: Conrad M. Arensberg (Anthropology), Robert P. Austerlitz (Linguistics and Uralic Studies), Istvan Deak (History), Alexander Erlich (Economics), George Fischer (Sociology), Tibor Halasi-Kun (Turkic Studies), William E. Harkins (Slavic Languages), John N. Hazard (Public Law), Rado L. Lencek (South Slavic Linguistics), John Lotz (Linguistics), Henry L. Roberts (History), Joseph Rothschild (Government), Harold B. Segel (Slavic Literatures), Stavro Skendi (Balkan Languages and Culture), Stanislaw H. Wellisz (Economics), and Donald Zagoria (Government).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The aim of the Institute is to train a limited number of qualified students and to conduct research on the peoples and problems of the nations lying between Germany and the Soviet Union and the Baltic and Aegean Seas: the Baltic States, Finland, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Romania, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria, Albania, and Greece.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Alton, Thad Paul and associates. Czechoslovak National Income and Product, 1947-1948 and 1955-1956.
- Budurowycz, Bohdan B. Polish-Soviet Relations, 1932-1939.
- Hoptner, J. B. Yugoslavia in Crisis, 1934-1941.
- Jackson, George D., Jr. Comintern and Peasant in East Europe, 1919-1930.
- Kaplan, Herbert H. The First Partition of Poland.
- Korbonski, Andrzej. Politics and Socialist Agriculture in Poland, 1945-1960.
- Rothschild, Joseph. The Communist Party of Bulgaria: Origins and Development, 1883-1936.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Marxian theories of economic growth and their relevance for current and possible future communist industrialization policies in Eastern Europe.
- East European economic reforms.
- Political and socioeconomic analyses of East Central Europe.
- Polish history.
- Nationalities in the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy.
- Crypto-Christianity among Balkan peoples under the Ottomans.
- European communism in East Central Europe in the period between the two World Wars.
- The Albanian national awakening, 1878-1912.

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COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, European Institute

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Interdisciplinary area research.

Directorate: Philip E. Mosely, Director.

Principal Researchers: René Albrecht-Carrié (History), Harold Barger (Economics), Shepard B. Clough (History), Herbert A. Deane (Political Theory), Louis J. Edinger (Political Institutions), Philip E. Mosely (International Relations), and Fritz R. Stern (History).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The European Institute has a two-fold objective: to promote research in the social sciences as applied to the new Western Europe that is emerging as a distinct force in world affairs; and to prepare a limited number of qualified students to serve as European regional specialists in academic and nonacademic careers.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Albrecht-Carrié, René. One Europe: The Historical Development of European Unity, 1965.
- Barger, Harold. The Management of Money: A Survey of American Experience, 1964.
- Clough, Shepard B. and Carol Gayle Moodie, editors. European Economic History: Documents and Readings, 1965.

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Edinger, Lewis J. and Kurt Schumacher. A Study in Personality and Political Behavior, Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1965; London: Oxford University Press, 1966; German edition: Koln-Opladen, Westdeutscher Verlag, 1966.

Stern, Fritz. The Politics of Cultural Despair: A Study in the Rise of Germanic Ideology, 2d ed, New York: Anchor Books, 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Albrecht-Carrie, René. Britain and France, a re-examination of the diverse ways in which these two nations have adjusted their policies and postures to the relative decline in their roles as world powers.

Aubrey, Henry. The lag in European integration: policy implications and policy alternatives.

Barger, Harold. The sources and consequences of the strikingly diverse post-war rates of economic growth in major European countries.

Clough, Shepard B. The economic history of France in its European setting.

Edinger, Lewis J. Political leadership in advanced industrial countries.

Granick, David. Economic decision-making by business, banking, and governmental executives in Western Europe.

Korbel, Josef. The new trends in East-West relations in Europe, the varying responses of détente, and the new issues to be faced by U.S. policy.

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COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Research Project in International Economics

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Research into the major contemporary international economic problems.

Directorate: Peter B. Kenen, Director.

Principal Researchers: Peter B. Kenen and Roger C. Lawrence.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Project has been organized in order to investigate several closely related problems in international economics, such as balance of payments difficulties, the reform of international monetary arrangements, and relationships between the international spread of technology and the flow of private capital.

Recent Representative Publications:

Greene, Margaret L. "Reserve-asset Preferences of Foreign Central Banks."

Kenen, Peter B. "Nature, Capital and Trade."

______________ and Elinor B. Yudin. "Skills, Human Capital, and U.S. Foreign Trade."

Representative Studies in Progress:

Construction of an econometric model to simulate the effects on the internal economy of policies to deal with balance of payments problems.

Research on rates of growth of manufactured exports from less developed countries.

Research on the determinants of short-term capital movements.

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COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Research Program on International Organization

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Methods and politics of international organization.

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Directorate: Leland M. Goodrich, Director.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Rockefeller Foundation.

Description: The present program, launched in 1956, was largely the outgrowth of the research activities of Professor Leland M. Goodrich, who, in collaboration with Dr. Edvard Hambro, produced what has become a standard reference work: Charter of the United Nations: Commentary and Documents. Studies now include work by the staff and guest researchers on the methods and politics of the operations and functioning of the United Nations and the policies of member states toward it.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Goodrich, Leland M. and Edvard Hambro. Charter of the United Nations: Commentary and Documents.
- Gordenker, Leon. Political Role of the Secretary General.
- Rosner, Gabriella. United Nations: Emerging Force.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Eide, Asbjorn. The decision-making competence of U. N. organs in the maintenance of peace and security.
- Mehta, Swadesh. U.N. peace-keeping operations: a case study in Charter interpretation with special reference to the Asian-African states.
- Riggs, Robert. Updating his 1961 manuscript on the U.N. and U.S. foreign policy.
- Simons, Anne and Leland M. Goodrich. Revision of the Commentary.

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COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Institute of Latin American Studies

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Interdisciplinary area research.

Directorate: Charles Wagley, Director; Kempton Webb, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: E. Bradfor Burns (History), Lambros Comitas (Anthropology), Henry P. deVries (Law), Eugenio Florit (Spanish), Marvin Harris (Anthropology), Albert G. Hart (Economics), Andres Iduarte (Spanish Literature), Gregory Rabassa (Portuguese Literature), Charles Wagley (Anthropology), and Kempton E. Webb (Geography).

Funds: Ford Foundation; NDEA.

Description: The Institute was established in response to a national, public, and educational need for a better understanding of the contemporary problems of Latin American nations and a more knowledgeable basis for inter-American relations. The Center has the following objectives: 1) to advance our knowledge of Latin America and its problems through an active program of research by faculty and advanced graduate students from several fields of the social sciences and the humanities; 2) to stimulate interest in and improve public knowledge of Latin America and to contribute to the advancement of inter-American relations, chiefly through the research work and publications of its staff and students; 3) to provide a center where scholars, statesmen, and advanced students from Latin America may spend varying periods of time making use of the facilities of the University to improve their knowledge of their own special fields and to better understand the problems of the hemisphere; and 4) to train a limited number of highly qualified North Americans toward a broad understanding of the problems of Latin America for both academic and nonacademic careers.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Comitas, Lambros. "Education and Social Stratification in Contemporary Bolivia," Transactions of the New York Academy of Sciences, May 1967.
- Gillim, Marion Hamilton. "The Fiscal Aspects of the Central American Common Market" and "Some Fiscal Aspects of the Latin American Free-Trade Association," Fiscal Harmonization in Common Markets, Vol. II, Practice, Carl S. Shoup, editor, New York: Columbia University Press, 1967.

Hanke, Lewis, editor. *Readings in Latin American History*, Vol. I: to 1810; Vol. II: since 1810, New York: Thomas Y. Crowell Company, 1966.
Levine, Robert, editor. *Brazil: Field Research Guide in the Social Sciences*, New York: Columbia University Press, April 1966.
Schneider, Ronald M. *Latin American Panorama*, New York: Foreign Policy Association, August 1966.
___________. "U. S. Policy in Latin America," *Current History*, November 1966.
Wagley, Charles. Introduction to the *Latin American Monograph* of the *Sociological Review*, Staffordshire, Great Britain: University of Keele, March 1967.
Webb, Kempton E., Irmgard Pohl, and Josef Zepp. *Latin America: A Geographical Commentary*, New York: E. P. Dutton, February 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Florit, Eugenio and José Olivio Jimenez. Antologia de la Poesia Hispanoamericana desde el Modernismo, for publication by Appleton, Century Crofts in the fall of 1967; also an anthology of poetry from pre-Hispanic times to the end of the nineteenth century.
Iduarte, Andres. Tres Escritores Mexicanos, Editorial Cultura, Mexico.
Tudisco, Anthony, Susana Redondo de Feldman, and Professor Roberto Esquenazi-Mayo, editors. Series entitled, El Ensayo en America, to be published by Las Americas Publishing Co., first volume, Marti, coauthored with Professor Redondo de Feldman, will appear before the end of 1967.

48

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Research Project on Men and Politics in Modern China

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Substantive study of Chinese history since 1900.

Directorate: Howard L. Boorman, Director.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: Established in 1955, the central mission of the project is the preparation of "A Biographical Dictionary of Republican China."

Recent Representative Publications:
Biographical Dictionary of Republican China, Vol. 1: *Ai-Ch'ü*, New York: Columbia University Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Biographical Dictionary of Republican China, Vol. 2: *Dalai-Liu*, New York: Columbia University Press, scheduled for February 1968.
Three concluding volumes of set scheduled for publication in 1968-69.

49

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Middle East Institute

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Interdisciplinary area research.

Directorate: John S. Badeau, Director.

Principal Researchers: Edward Allworth (Turco-Soviet Studies), Conrad M. Arensberg (Anthropology), Issac E. Barzilay (Hebrew Language and Literature), Seeger A. Bonebakker (Arabic Studies), Kathleen R. F. Burrill (Turkish), Gerson D. Cohen (History), Douglas Morton Dunlop (History), Ainslie T. Embree (History). Nina G. Garsion (Armenian Studies), Tibor Halasi-kun (Turkic Studies), Jacob C. Hurewitz (Government), Charles Issawi (Economics), Karl H. Menges (Altaic Philology), Dankwart A. Rustow (International Social Forces), Joseph Schacht (Arabic and Islamics), Wayne A. Wilcox (Government) and Ehsan Yar-Shater (Iranian Studies).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Institute, now in its second decade, has from its inauguration viewed as its principal functions the preparation of a limited number of graduate students for academic and nonacademic careers as specialists on the modern Middle East, the encouragement of research in the social sciences and in the humanities as they relate to the region, and the acquisition of published and unpublished materials in the Middle East vernaculars and in Western languages for use in training and research.

Recent Representative Publications:
Ten volumes of a series entitled *Publications in Near and Middle East Studies, Columbia University* have been published in collaboration with the Department of Middle East Languages and Cultures, including:
Jeffery, A. *A Reader on Islam.*
Qureshi, I. H. *The Muslim Community of the Indo-Pakistan Subcontinent.*
Spain, J. *The Pathan Borderland.*
Szyliowicz, J. *Political Change in Rural Turkey, Erdemli.*
Other recent books include:
Allworth, Edward. *Central Asian Publishing and Nationalism.*
Embree, Ainslie T. and W. T. de Bary, editors. *Approaches to Asian Civilization.*
Issawi, Charles. *Egypt in Revolution.*

Representative Studies in Progress:
The role of the military in Middle East politics.
The American approach to the Arab world.

50

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Research Project on National Income in East Central Europe

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Research into fiscal and financial, price and cost factors of Eastern European economies.

Directorate: Thad P. Alton, Director.

Principal Researchers: Joseph Bombelles, Laszlo Czirjak, Gregor Lazarcik, Paul Mares, Claus Wittich, and Wassyl Znayenko.

Description: More narrowly focused than other programs under the School of International Affairs, the Project seeks to show the gross national product by industrial sectors and aggregate final uses - personal consumption, government, and gross investment. The aim of the studies on economic growth is to show, in constant prices, the development from prewar economies to the present, and to investigate the role of fiscal and financial systems, prices, and costs in the economies of East Central Europe.

Recent Representative Publications:
Czechoslovak National Income and Product, 1947-1948 and 1955-1956, 1962.
Hungarian National Income and Product in 1955, 1963.
Polish National Income and Product in 1954, 1955, and 1956, 1965.
Some of the research results are being published as *Occasional Papers* of the Project. Nine such papers were published in 1965 and 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Fiscal and financial systems of Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Poland.
Economic performance and efficiency in the countries of East Central Europe.

51

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Russian Institute

Address: 622 West 113th Street
New York, New York 10025

Focus: Research in the social sciences and humanities as they relate to Russia and the Soviet Union.

Directorate: Marshall D. Shulman, Director; Thomas P. Raynor, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Severyn Bialer (Soviet Government: Elites and the Communist Party), Zbigniew Brzezinski (on leave - Soviet Government & Bloc Relations), Alexander Dallin (Soviet Foreign Policy and International Communism), Alexander Erlich (Economic Systems of the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe), George Fischer (Soviet Ideology and Social System), Loren R. Graham (Soviet History and Science), Leopold H. Haimson (Russian History), William E. Harkins (Old Russian, Czech, and Slovak Literature), John N. Hazard (Soviet Constitution and Legal System), Robert A. Maguire (Soviet Russian Literature), Rufus W. Mathewson, Jr. (19th Century Russian Literature), Marc Raeff (History), Henry L. Roberts (Soviet and Modern East European History), Ihor Sevcenko (Byzantine History), Marshall D. Shulman (Soviet Foreign Policy), and Leon Stilman (19th Century Russian Literature).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: Apart from training graduate students for scholarly and professional careers in Russian studies, the Institute promotes and supports research in the social sciences and the humanities as they relate to Russia and the Soviet Union. The research activities of the staff and its associates have been largely individual in character.

Recent Representative Publications:

Avrich, Paul. The Russian Anarchists, Princeton, N. J.: Princeton University Press, 1967.
Dyck, Harvey L. Weimer Germany and Soviet Russia, 1926-1933: A Study in Diplomatic Instability, 1966.
Graham, Loren R. The Soviet Academy of Sciences and the Communist Party, 1927-1932, Princeton, N. J.: Princeton University Press, 1967.
Maguire, Robert. "Red Virgin Soil": Soviet Literature in the 1920's, Princeton, N. J.: Princeton University Press, 1967.
Noah, Harold J. Financing Soviet Schools, New York: Teachers College Press, 1967.
Thompson, John M. Russia, Bolshevism, and the Versailles Peace, Princeton, N. J.: Princeton University Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Avrich, Paul. 18th Century mass revolts in Russia.
Dunham, Vera S. Functions of Soviet literature, 1945-1953.
Haimson, Leopold. The Russian "Pre-Revolution," 1905-1917.
Harkins, William. Russian and Czech folk ballads.
Hazard, John (with the support of the Ford Foundation, and in conjunction with the Research Institute on Communist Affairs of Columbia University). Cooperative legal systems of China, Poland, and Yugoslavia.
Larson, Thomas B. Organization of the Soviet central government.
Lewin, Moshe. Peasantry and the Soviet regime.
Maguire, Robert. Turgenev and romanticism.
Morton, Henry. Policy-making in Russia from early times to the present.
Shulman, Marshall. Problems of arms control.

52

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Southern Asian Institute

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Interdisciplinary research on language, history, culture, and current affairs of India, Pakistan, Ceylon, and the countries of Southeast Asia.

Directorate: Howard Wriggins, Director.

Principal Researchers: Anthropology: Conrad Arensberg, Morton Klass, Joan Mencher, Mohini Nag, Abraham Rosman; Economics: Stanislaw Wellisz; Education: Freeman Butts, John Laska, Francis Shoemaker; Geography: Andrew March; History: Ainslee Embree, Graham Irwin; Public Law and Government: William Henderson, Roger Hilsman, Wayne Wilcox, Howard Wriggins; Religion: Robert Olson, Peter Pardue, Alex Wayman.

Funds: Ford Foundation; additional grants.

Description: Columbia University announced the creation of the Institute on July 9, 1967, and operations are to start with the 1967-1968 academic year. The Institute will have as its major purpose the preparation of graduate students for careers as specialists on one of the major regions of Southern Asia and the encouragement of research and publication in the social sciences and the humanities in that area.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Problems of nation-building, political and economic development, and foreign policy problems.

53

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Research Project on United Nations Affairs

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Research into the organizational and policy problems of the United Nations.

Directorate: Andrew W. Cordier, Director.

Principal Researchers: Wilder Foote and Ruth Russell, Research Associates.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: An expanded program of research in the field of United Nations organizational and policy problems is being undertaken by the School of International Affairs. Attention is directed to the critical world problems that have been, or are being, dealt with by the United Nations, as well as the organizational issues that must be dealt with in order to ensure more effective action.

54

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, School of International Affairs, Institute of War and Peace Studies

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Studies on national security policy, American foreign relations, international relations, and comparative politics.

Directorate: William T. R. Fox, Director; Leland M. Goodrich, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Victor Basiuk, Amitai Etzioni, Annette B. Fox, William T. R. Fox, Leland M. Goodrich, Louis Henkin, Roger Hilsman, William C. Olson, Donald J. Puchala, Dankwart A. Rustow, Warner R. Schilling, and Wayne A. Wilcox.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Carnegie Corporation; Rockefeller Foundation.

Description: The Institute was organized in 1951 under the sponsorship of President Dwight D. Eisenhower. To date its research has been concentrated primarily in national security policy, the contributions of the various social sciences to the understanding of international relations and theories of international relations.

Recent Representative Publications:
Caraley, Demetrios. The Politics of Military Unification.
Etzioni, Amitai. Political Unification: A Comparative Study of Leaders and Forces.
Fox, Annette Baker, and William T. R. Fox. NATO and the Range of American Choice.
Fox, William T. R., editor. Theoretical Aspects of International Relations.
Hilsman, Roger. To Move a Nation.
Huntington, Samuel P. The Common Defense.
__________, editor. Changing Patterns of Military Politics: International Yearbook for Behavioral Research, 1961.
__________ and Zbigniew Brzezinski. Political Power, USA/USSR.
Melman, Seymour. Inspection for Disarmament.
Schilling, Warner R., Paul Y. Hammond, and Glenn H. Snyder. Strategy, Politics and Defense Budgets.
Snyder, Glenn H. Stockpiling Strategic Materials.
Vagts, Alfred. Defense and Diplomacy.
Waltz, Kenneth N. Man, the State and War.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Armacost, Michael H. Service rivalry and weapons innovation.
Basiuk, Victor. Technological change and the balance of power (1870 to the present).
Boyd, James M., Col. United Nations peacekeeping activities.
Davis, Paul C. The strategic perspective in American foreign policy.
Fox, William T. R. Civilian and military perspectives in the making of national security policy, growing out of several years research in the Institute in political-military affairs.
Henkin, Louis. International law in national foreign policy.
Puchala, Donald J. Quantitative means for evaluating the prospects for European integration.
Rapoport, David. Praetorianism.
Rothstein, Robert L. Alliances and small powers.
Schilling, Warner R. Admirals and foreign policy in World War I.
Zimmermann, William. Soviet perspectives on the international systems.

55

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, Institute of Urban Environment

Address: New York, New York 10027

Focus: Special problems of rapid urbanization in underdeveloped countries.

Directorate: Charles Abrams, Director; Chester Rapkin, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Francis Ferguson, Sigurd Grava, Joanne Josephson, and Hans C. Spiegel.

Funds: $400,000 Ford Foundation grant.

Description: The Institute of Urban Environment was established in February 1967 to conduct research and training projects in housing and urban development, with emphasis on world problems. Among its projects in international research are the preparation of a handbook on planning, design, and building techniques in underdeveloped areas, a study of world urban land problems and policies, and a book on planning techniques for small European countries. The Institute also assists the United Nations in programs of development when requested.

56

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, China Program

Address: Franklin Hall
Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Socio-political, economic, and linguistic studies of modern China.

Directorate: Nicholas C. Bodman, Director.

Principal Researchers: Knight Biggerstaff (History), Nicholas C. Bodman (Linguistics), Nai-Ruenn Chen (Economics), Chuen-tang Chow (Literature), John W. Lewis (Government) T. C. Liu (Economics), John McCoy (Linguistics), David Mozingo (Government), Charles A. Peterson (T'ang-Sung History), Harold Shadick (Classical Language and Literature), Judith Treistman (Anthropology and Archaeology), Arthur P. Wolf (Anthropology), and Martie W. Young (Art History).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The China Program's projects include research in T'ang-Sung and modern Chinese history, in Chinese art history, and in Chinese literature. The program also maintains the Wason collection of books, manuscripts, and other materials on China, the museum of Chinese, Korean, and Japanese ancient art objects, and an archive of high quality photographs of Chinese art objects, indexed so that machine processing techniques can be employed to locate items relevant to research problems.

57

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, Center for Housing and Environmental Studies

Address: Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Interdisciplinary approaches to the problems of city growth and development, and the linkages and networks between urban and rural areas.

Directorate: Glenn H. Beyer, Director; Barclay G. Jones, Associate Director for Urban Studies; Jack C. Fisher, Associate Director for Regional Studies.

Funds: State and Federal funding; foundation support; University funding.

Description: The general objective of the Center is to help focus, stimulate, and facilitate research in interdisciplinary study of the problems of man's shelter requirements and the current problems facing both private individuals or groups and public authorities in the developing field of urban affairs and urban-rural relationships. Established in 1950 as the Housing Research Center, the name was changed in 1961 to the Center for Housing and Environmental Studies to better reflect the scope of the Center's interest in a broad program concerned with the diverse and complex problems of man's physical and social environment.

Recent Representative Publications:

Artle, Roland. The Structure of the Stockholm Economy - Toward a Framework for Projecting Metropolitan Community Development, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1965.

Beyer, Glenn H., editor. The Urban Explosion in Latin America: A Continent in the Process of Modernization, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1967.

__________ and F.H.J. Nierstrasz. Housing the Aged in Western Countries, Amsterdam: Elsevier Publishing Co., 1967.

Fisher, Jack C. "Urban Analysis: A Case Study of Zagreb, Yugoslavia," reprinted from the Annals of the Association of American Geographers, September 1963.

Frolic, Michael. "The Soviet City," reprinted from The Town Planning Review, January 1964.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Beyer, Glenn H. and Tom E. Davis. Demographic, economic, health, political, and social

implications of urban housing policy in Latin America (sponsored by the Agency for International Development).
Fisher, Jack C. Urban and regional planning in Yugoslavia (sponsored by the Ford Foundation and the Department of State).

58

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, International Population Program

Address: Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Social demography designed to further understanding of the determinants and consequences of population trends throughout the world, especially in the emerging nations.

Directorate: J. Mayone Stycos, Director; George C. Myers, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Sociology: Robert O. Carleton, Parker G. Marden, George C. Myers and J. Mayone Stycos.

Funds: Ford Foundation; National Institute of Child Health and Human Development; Population Council.

Description: The Program is currently conducting research in its Latin American Newspaper Coverage of Population and Family Planning Matters. Studies being conducted in Great Britain, Colombia, Honduras, and the United States are directed toward analysis of cross-cultural variation in the use of midwives as medical personnel. Research in migration, particularly rural to urban movement, is under way in Yugoslavia, Puerto Rico, and several Latin American countries.

Recent Representative Publications:
Marden, Parker G. and Robert G. Burnight. "Social Correlates of Weight in an Aging Population," The Milbank Memorial Fund Quarterly, Vol. XLVC, April 1967.
Myers, George C., Robert McGinnis, and George Masnick. "The Duration of Residence Approach to a Dynamic Stochastic Model of Internal Migration: A Test of the Axiom of Cumulative Inertia," Eugenics Quarterly, Vol. 14, June 1967.
Stycos, J. Mayone. "Catholicism and Birth Control in the Western Hemisphere," Ave Maria, Vol. 105, April 15, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Marden, Parker G. Comparative analysis of midwifery.
Myers, George C. Population movements in East Europe.
Stycos, J. Mayone. Social and political implications of population growth and family planning.

59

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, Liberian Codification Project

Address: 293 Ives Hall
Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Liberian legislation and judicial law.

Directorate: Milton R. Konvitz, Director.

Principal Researchers: Milton Koss, Margaret Rosenzweig, and Steven Warner.

Funds: Government of Liberia.

Description: The Project is conducting research into existing laws of Liberia and economic, political, and social institutions, for the purpose of drafting new legal codes.

Recent Representative Publications:
Liberian Code of Laws, 5 volumes, 1958.
Liberian Law Reports, 15 volumes, 1957-1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
New code of laws and Volume 16, Liberian Law Reports.

60

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, London-Cornell Project for East and Southeast Asian Studies

Address: 213 Rand Hall
Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Research and training in the social sciences in the areas of East and Southeast Asia.

Directorate: John W. Lewis, Director; Maurice Freedman, London Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Social Science faculty with interest in East and Southeast Asia from Cornell University, the London School of Economics, and the London School of Oriental and African Studies.

Funds: Carnegie Corporation, Nuffield Foundation.

Description: The London-Cornell Project is a cooperative endeavor involving two schools of the University of London---the School of Oriental and African Studies (S.O.A.S.) and the London School of Economics and Political Science (L.S.E.)--- and two centers for multi-disciplinary area studies at Cornell---the China Program and the Southeast Asia program. The joint project was launched in 1962 when coordinated grants totalling $600,000 were made to Cornell University by the Carnegie Corporation of New York and to the two London Schools by the Nuffield Foundation. Two autonomous committees are responsible for establishing policy, awarding research and study grants, and otherwise overseeing the financial and general operations of the Project. The Project is designed to develop research on social, economic, and political institutions and related processes within the area of China and Southeast Asia, and to train a new generation of social scientists specially equipped to carry out such research.

Recent Representative Publications:
Bacdayan, Albert S. *The Peace Pact System of the Kilingas in the Modern World*, Ithaca, N.Y., Cornell University, 1967.
Baker, Hugh D. R. *A Lineage Village in the New Territories of Hong Kong*, London: London School of Economics, 1967.
Freedman, Maurice. *Chinese Lineage and Society* (L.S.E. Monograph on Social Anthropology), London: Athlone Press; New York: Humanities Press, 1966.
Kahin, George McT. and John W. Lewis. *The United States in Vietnam*, New York: Dial Press, 1967.
Lewis, John W. *Communist China - Crisis and Change*, New York: Foreign Policy Association, 1966.
Osborne, Milton. "Cambodia: Country Without Parties," *Journal of Southeast Asian History*, Vol. VIII, No. 1, March 1967.
Ward, Barbara E. "Chinese Fishermen in Hong Kong: Their Post-Peasant Economy," in *Social Organization: Essays Presented to Raymond Firth*, edited by M. Freedman, London: Frank Cass and Co. Ltd., 1967.
Wyatt, David. *The Beginning of Modern Education in Thailand, 1868-1910*, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
From Cornell:
Cook, A. R. Study of two unions in local government employment, summer 1967.

Kahin, G. McT. International relations of countries of Southeast Asia and Indonesian government and politics, 1966-67.
Treistman J. Research in Taiwan and Thailand, summer 1967.

From London:
Baker H. D. R. Collection of genealogies in the New Territories, 1967.
Morris, Stephen. Research in Sarawak, 1967-68.
Ward, B. E. Research on a fishing village in Hong Kong, summer 1967.

61

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, Modern Indonesia Project

Address: 102 West Avenue
Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Social and political conditions in Indonesia.

Directorate: George McT. Kahin, Director.

Principal Researchers: Benedict Anderson and Ruth T. McVey.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Project's study of post-revolutionary Indonesia, begun in 1954, is currently concerned with the government and politics of Indonesia on the national level, as well as with the political organization of villages, the attitudes of the Chinese minority, and Soviet relations with the Indonesian Communist Party. A substantial portion of the research is conducted by Indonesians. Significant materials on Indonesia are being translated from Dutch and Indonesian by the Project staff. Research results are published as monographs and interim reports.

Recent Representative Publications:
Koentjaraningrat, editor. Villages In Indonesia, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press.
Lev, Daniel S. The Transition to Guided Democracy: Indonesian Politics, 1957-1959.
Mackie, J. A. C. "Problems of the Indonesian Inflation," Indonesia (semi-annual journal), Vols. 1, 2, and 3.
McVey, Ruth T. The Rise of Indonesian Communism, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press.
Thung, Yvonne and John M. Echols. A Guide to Indonesian Serials (1945-65), in the Cornell University Library.
Indonesia (semi-annual journal), Vol. 1, April 1966; Vol. 2, October 1966; Vol. 3, April 1967.
Monograph, Interim Reports, Translation and Bibliography Series, 1957-1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Jones, Howard P. U.S.-Indonesian Relations during 1958-1964, 1968.
Tirtaamidjaja, Iwan. Traditional Culture of Japanese Courts, 1968.
Nitisastro, Wisjojo. Indonesian Population Growth, 1968.

62

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, Southeast Asia Program

Address: 108 Franklin Hall
Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: (1) Cultural stability and change, especially the consequences of modern Western influence, including developments resulting from various American, United Nations, or other technical aid programs in the region; (2) political behavior and political organization; (3) international relations between Southeast Asia and both mainland China and the Republic of China, India, the Soviet Union, and the United States; (4) economic development; (5) economic nationalism; (6) comparative linguistics of Southeast Asia; (7) the organization and role of the major Asian minorities in the region, particularly the Chinese; and

(8) tribal peoples and their acculturation.

Directorate: George McT. Kahin, Director; Frank H. Golay, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Benedict R. O'G. Anderson (Government), Arch T. Dotson (Government), John M. Echols (Linguistics), Frank H. Golay (Economics), Alexander B. Griswold (Art History and Archaeology), R. B. Jones, Jr. (Linguistics), George McT. Kahin (Government), Stanley J. O'Connor (Art History), Robert A. Polson (Rural Sociology), Robert M. Quinn (Linguistics), Lauriston Sharp (Anthropology), James T. Siegel (Anthropology), John U. Wolff (Linguistics), and O. W. Wolters (Southeast Asian History).

Funds: Ford Foundation ten year grant of $950,000 in 1962.

Description: Inaugurated in 1950, the Program has sponsored long-term interdisciplinary research projects on Thailand, Indonesia, the Philippines, Vietnam, and on the areas's Chinese minorities. Since 1951, the Program has trained both American and Southeast Asian students, has published a large number of monographs reporting on research in Southeast Asia, and has maintained close relations with Southeast Asian universities, research institutions, and government agencies. The program also assists in a cooperative research project with the University of London for studies on China and Southeast Asia, funded by the Carnegie Corporation grant of $450,000 in 1962.

Recent Representative Publications:

Hanks, Jane R., Lucien M. Hanks, and Lauriston Sharp, editors. Ethnographic Notes on Northern Thailand, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, December 1966.
Holt, Claire. Art in Indonesia: Continuities and Change, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, May 1967.
Golay, Frank H., editor. The United States and the Philippines, Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall (for the American Assembly), November 1966.
Kahin, George McT. and John W. Lewis. The United States in Vietnam: An Analysis in Depth of the History of America's Involvement in Vietnam, New York: Dial Press, March 1967.
Weinstein, Franklin B. Vietnam's Upheld Elections: The Failure to Carry Out the 1956 Reunification Elections and the Effect on Hanoi's Present Outlook, July 1966.
Wolters, O. W. Early Indonesian Commerce: A Study of the Origins of Srivijaya, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, May 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Echols, John M. and Hassan Shadily. English-Indonesian dictionary, 1969.
Golay, Frank H. Comparative study of economic nationalism in Southeast Asia, 1967.
Jones, R. B., Jr. Thai cultural readers, 1968.
Sharp, Lauriston, Cultural stability and change in village Thailand, 1968.
Siegel, James T. Religion, trade and kinship in Atjah, Indonesia, 1968.

63

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, Program on Structural Change and Modernization

Address: Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Cross-national and comparative analysis of modernization.

Directorate: Douglas E. Ashford, Committee Director.

Principal Researchers: Cornell faculty.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: Although the Program did not enter into full operation until the 1967 academic year, some activities were started in 1966 with funds from the Center for International Studies. The Program is particularly interested in individual or group efforts to examine the concepts and methods that have been used to study social change. The Program does not exclude the United States or Europe as the proper subject for modernization studies, although much of the current research and training on problems of rapid social change has been inspired by the experience of the developing nations. The Program also supports some instruction in the academic departments.

Representative Studies in Progress: The Program has given support to the Comparative Economic Development Group over the past year. As the Program comes into full operation, both the publication and research program will be more fully developed.

64

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies, Thailand Project

Address: 224 McGraw Hall
Ithaca, New York, 14850

Focus: Research in the humanities, social, and natural sciences, designed to enhance an understanding of the development of Thailand.

Directorate: Lauriston Sharp, Director.

Principal Researchers: Noel Battye (History), Barbara Biscò (Economics), Richard Cushman (Anthropology), Alexander B. Griswold (Art History), Jane R. Hanks (Anthropology), Lucien M. Hanks (Psychology), Robert B. Jones, Jr. (Linguistics), Donna Markham (Anthropology), Pramote Nakornthab (Political Science), Stanley J. O'Connor (Art History), Herbert Purnell (Linguistics), Lauriston Sharp (Anthropology and Asia Studies), Judith Treistman (Archaeology), and Oliver Wolters (History).

Funds: Individual research grants.

Description: The Project sponsors a varied series of multidisciplinary research, training, and publication activities, both on the campus and in Thailand, in collaboration with Thai institutions.

Recent Representative Publications:
Barry, Jean S. J. Thai Students in the United States: A Study in Attitude Change, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Southeast Asia Program, Data Paper No. 66, Cornell Thailand Project Interim Report Series, No. 11, 1967.
Johnson, Jay. Some Methods and Functions of Evaluation for Cross-Cultural Clinicians: A Case Study of Attitude Change in a Thai Voluntary Organization, Ann Arbor, Michigan: University Microfilms, 1967.
Jones, Delmos. Cultural Variation Among Six Lahu Villages in Northern Thailand, Ann Arbor, Michigan: University Microfilms, 1967.
Keyes, Charles F. Peasant and Nation: The Integration of a Thai-Lao Village into the National System of Thailand, Ann Arbor, Michigan: University Microfilms, 1967.
Sharp, Lauriston, Henry F. Dobyns, Allan Holmberg, and Morris E. Opler. Some Principles of Cultural Change, Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Department of Anthropology, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Battye, Noel. Early history of the Thai military establishment, 1969.
Bisco, Barbara. Economic planning and implementation, 1969.
Hanks, Jane R. Akha ethnography, 1969.
Markham, Donna. Cognition and values among Northern Thai, 1968.
Nakornthab, Pramote. Development of the social sciences in Thailand, 1967.
Sharp, Lauriston. Hill tribe ethnoecology, 1969.
Treistman, Judith. Prehistoric site surveys, 1970.
Wolters, Oliver. Sukhodaya and early Ayndhaye history.

65

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, New York State College of Agriculture, International Agricultural Development

Address: 102 Roberts Hall
Ithaca, New York 14850

Focus: Physical, biological, and social science research relevant to the development of the agricultural sector of developing nations.

Directorate: K. L. Turk, Director.

Principal Researchers: Loy V. Crowder (Plant Breeding), Matthew Drosdoff (Soil Science), Donald K. Freebairn (Agricultural Economics), J. Paul Leagans (Extension Education), Robert E. McDowell (Animal Science), John W. Mellor (Agricultural Economics), Thomas T. Poleman (Agricultural Economics), Robert A. Polson (Rural Sociology), H. David Thurston (Plant Pathology), K. L. Turk (Animal Science), and Frank Young (Rural Sociology).

Funds: Ford Foundation: two major grants, (1) overseas: University of Philippines - Cornell Graduate Education Program, (2) on-campus support for education and research in International Agricultural Development. Other sources: New York State, Rockefeller Foundation, National Science Foundation, Agency for International Development, Food and Agriculture Organization, Department of Agriculture.

Description: The program seeks to develop those international aspects of the University's normal research, teaching, and extension functions which are necessary for understanding and solving worldwide problems of agriculture. It coordinates the international effort toward the development of training and research and the maintenance of international understanding and cooperation through its various programs.

Recent Representative Publications:
  International Agricultural Development Mimeographs:
    Bradfield, Richard. "The Role of Educated People in Agricultural Development," 1964.
    Ellenbogen, Bert L. "Rural Development in Brazil: Perspectives and Paradoxes," 1964.
    Polson, Robert A. and Agaton Pal. "Social Change in the Dumaguete Trade Area - Philippines 1951-58," 1964.
    Shattuck, Gerald M. "Between Two Cultures: A Study of the Social Adaptation of Foreign Students to an American Academic Community," 1965.
  International Agricultural Development Reprints:
    Polson, Robert A. "The Impact of Change on the Villagers of the Philippines."
    Turk, K. L. "Do We Have an Effective Training Program for Foreign Service?"
    Young, Frank W. "Location and Reputation in a Mexican Inter-village Network."
  International Agricultural Development Bulletins:
    Leagans, J. Paul. "The Role of Extension Education in Rural Development," January 1964.
    Lele, Jayant K. "Local Government in India," February 1966.
    Turk, Kenneth L. "Can a Hungry World Be Fed?" November 1964.

Representative Studies in Progress:
  Leagans, J. Paul. A cross-cultural analysis of the relationship of communication sources and channels and farmer behavior.
  Mellor, John W. The role of agriculture in the economic development of India.
  Poleman, Thomas T., Jr. Agricultural implications of rapid urbanization in the tropics.
  ________ and Donald K. Freebairn. The economics of pioneer settlement in the tropics.
  Polson, Robert A. Technological change in the rural Philippines.
  Young, Frank W. Cooperative cross-cultural study of inter-village systems.
  ________. Progress and development of community growth in Puerto Rico.

66

DUKE UNIVERSITY, Commonwealth-Studies Center

Address: Durham, North Carolina 27706

Focus: Economics, history, politics, and law of Commonwealth nations.

Directorate: Ralph Braibanti, Director.

Principal Researchers: John Alden (History), Ralph Braibanti (Political Science), John W. Cell (History), Taylor Cole (Political Science), Samuel Cook (Political Science), David Davies (Economics), Frank de Vyver (Economics), Donald E. Ginter (History), Craufurd Goodwin (Economics), Kazimierz Grzybowski (Law), William Hamilton (History), James E. Hart (Political Science), Allan Kornberg (Political Science), Arthur Larson (Law), Richard Preston (History), J. J. Spengler (Economics), and R. R. Wilson (Political Science).

Funds: Carnegie Corporation, $700,000 in 1955 and 1958; Ford Foundation university grant in international studies, 1965 to present.

Description: The Commonwealth-Studies Center was established in 1955 with a grant from the Carnegie Corporation of New York. Its objectives and scope are: 1) to encourage and stimulate, by financial assistance and other means, the research interests of individual scholars in Commonwealth fields; and 2) to establish at Duke University a Center whose facilities promote interest in research in the Commonwealth and provide the materials for basic research by Commonwealth and American professors and students. Since 1955 the Center has published 30 hard-cover volumes and has sponsored nearly 100 fellowships. The Center is now beginning a coordinated research program on institutional determinants of national growth leading to comparisons between the Commonwealth and the French Union in matters relating to law, ethnic and tribal problems, military issues, and political and economic institutions.

Recent Representative Publications:
Braibanti, Ralph, et al. Asian Bureaucratic Systems Emergent from the British Imperial Tradition.
Piper, Don. The International Law of the Great Lakes: A Study of Canadian-United States Cooperation.
Preston, Richard A. Canada and "Imperial Defense": A Study of the Origins of the British Commonwealth Defense Organization, 1867-1919.
Wilson, Robert R., et al. The International Law Standard and Commonwealth Developments.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Braibanti, Ralph, editor. International and comparative law of the Commonwealth.
________________, editor. Theoretical problems of administrative reform in developing states.
Deener, David. Federalism and external affairs in the Commonwealth.
Leach, Richard, editor. Contemporary Canada.
Preston, Richard, editor. Contemporary Australia.
Robertson, H. M. Development of economic science in South Africa.

67

DUKE UNIVERSITY, School of Law, The Rule of Law Research Center

Address: Durham, North Carolina 27706

Focus: Research on questions of law and international organization bearing on security, peace, disarmament, and world order.

Directorate: Arthur Larson, Director.

Principal Researchers: Wallace McClure (Consulting Director), Kazimierz Grzybowski and John W. Halderman (Senior Research Associates), Luke T. Lee and Richard C. Turkington (Research Associates), R. P. Anand, Shao-Chuan Leng, M. K. Nawaz, Daniel G. Partan, and Edward Yemin (Research Affiliates), Shirley Small and Myong-Joon Roe (Research Assistants).

Funds: Duke University; foundations; businesses; individuals.

Description: The Center's principal activity is research and publication on questions of law and international organization bearing on security, peace, disarmament, and world order. Among areas of special concentration are the United Nations, international law, disarmament, population laws, human rights, and studies on socialist legality and organizations. The Center also produces research aids such as directories and reference books, and teaching aids such as textbooks and supplemental materials.

Recent Representative Publications:
Grzybowski, Kazimierz. The Socialist Commonwealth of Nations, New Haven, Conn.: Yale University Press, 1961.
____________________. Soviet Private International Law, Leyden: A. W. Sijthoff, 1964.

Larson, Arthur, editor. A Warless World, New York: McGraw-Hill, 1963.
______________. When Nations Disagree, Baton Rouge, La.: Louisiana State University Press, 1961.
______________ and C. Wilfred Jenks, editors. Sovereignty Within the Law, Dobbs Ferry, New York: Oceana Publications, Inc., 1965.
Lee, Luke T. The Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, Durham, N. C.: Rule of Law Press, 1966.
Leng, Shao-Chuan. Justice in Communist China, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.: Oceana Publications, Inc., 1967.
McClure, Wallace. World Legal Order, Chapel Hill, N. C.: University of North Carolina Press, 1960.
Whitton, John B. and Arthur Larson. Propaganda, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.: Oceana Publications, Inc., 1964.

Representative Studies in Progress:
United Nations Studies: United Nations Charter law pertaining to sanctions, peaceful settlement, internal conflicts.
International Law Studies: the "General Principles of Law Recognized by Civilized Nations" series.
Socialist Studies: treatise on Soviet public international law, the law of east-west economic relations, international organizations in the socialist group.
Population Studies: International laws on population control.
Treaties: Chinese treaty practice.

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DUQUESNE UNIVERSITY, Institute of Man

Address: Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 19132

Focus: Research in religious education and religious anthropology.

Directorate: Adrian van Kaam, Director; Bert van Croonenburg, Executive Director; Susan Annette Muto, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Bert van Croonenberg, Adrian van Kaam, Charles Maes, and Susan Annette Muto.

Funds: Duquesne University.

Description: The Institute is a center of research in which cross-disciplinary studies are conducted to deepen understanding of man. Within this context, the insights of the human sciences such as psychology, psychoanalysis, sociology, literature, and cultural anthropology are meaningfully related to the structure and development of personality and community in their religious dimension.

Recent Representative Publications:
Humanitas, tri-yearly journal of the Institute of Man.
Envoy, monthly magazine of the Institute of Man.
van Kaam, Adrian. Existential Foundations of Psychology, Pittsburgh, Pa.: Duquesne University Press, 1966.
______________. The Art of Existential Counseling, Denville, N. J.: Dimension Books, Inc., 1966.
______________. Personality Fulfillment in the Religious Life, Volume 1, Religious Life in a Time of Transition, Denville, N. J.: Dimension Books, Inc., 1967.
van Croonenburg, Bert. Gateway to Reality, Pittsburgh, Pa.: Duquesne University Press.

Representative Studies in Progress:
van Croonenburg, Bert. Implications of change in the religious life.
van Kaam, Adrian. Personality fulfillment in the religious life, in two volumes.
______________, Bert van Croonenburg, and Susan Annette Muto. The emergent self.
Maes, Charles. Autonomy and culture.
Muto, Susan. The literature of post-reformation Protestant spirituality.

69

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA, Center for Latin American Studies

Address: Gainesville, Florida 32603

Focus: Latin America, with particular emphsis on the Caribbean, Circum-Caribbean area, and Brazil.

Directorate: L. N. McAlister, Director; R. J. Toner, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Thirty-five researchers representing various disciplines.

Funds: University of Florida; Ford Foundation; Rockefeller Foundation; U.S. Office of Education, NDEA.

Description: The Center coordinates research in the Latin American field on social revolutionary movement, comparative politics, demography, urban development, land tenure and agricultural systems, social organization, cultural history and relationships, and economic development. Under a grant from the Rockefeller Foundation, it is conducting a teaching and research program in Cali, Colombia, with the Universidad del Valle. Among its publications is the Latin Americanist, issued monthly. The Center also sponsors and organizes conferences on Latin America.

Recent Representative Publications:

Monographs:

- Hegen, Edmund Eduard. Highways to the Upper Amazon Basin, Gainesville, Fla.: University of Florida Press.
- Wilkerson, Loree. Fidel Castro's Political Programs from Reformism to "Marxism-Leninism," Gainesville, Fla.: University of Florida Press.

Bibliographies:

- Eder, Phandor J. Law Books in Spanish Translation, a bibliography of law books originally written in Latin, Italian, French, German, and English, and subsequently translated into Spanish, Gainesville, Fla.: University of Florida Press, December 1966.
- Rabinovitz, Francine F., Felicity M. Trueblood, and Charles J. Savio. Latin-American Political Systems in an Urban Setting: A Preliminary Bibliography, Gainesville, Fla.: University of Florida Press.

Books:

- Hamill, Hugh M., Jr. The Hidalgo Revolt, Gainesville, Fla.: University of Florida Press, December 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

- Bushnell, David. Santos Gomez and the good neighbor: Colombia-United States relations, 1938-1942, fall 1967.
- Hopkins, Jack. The Government executive of modern Peru, spring 1967.
- Smith, T. Lynn, Colombia Dos Puntos: structure and the process of development, fall 1967.
- Wiarda, Howard. The Trujillo dictatorship, caudillism or totalitarianism, fall 1967.

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GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY, Institute for International and Foreign Trade Law

Address: Washington, D. C. 20007

Focus: Trade regulation, international and foreign antitrust law, conflict of laws, and comparative law.

Directorate: Heinrich Kronstein, Director; John T. Miller, Jr., Associate Director; Edwin J. Bradley, Executive Director.

Principal Researchers: Peter Altvater, Edwin J. Bradley, Peter Eigen, Joerg Gentinetta, Wardlaw Hamilton, Patrick Heininger, Robert N. Hickey, Heinrich Kronstein, John T. Miller, Jr., and Helga Ruof.

Funds: Schulte zur Hausen Scholarship; contributions by friends; O.E.C.D. annual fee for special study.

Description: The Institute is organized as a part of Georgetown University, with a parallel Institut fur Ausländisches und Internationales Wirtshaftsrecht at Frankfort University, Frankfort am Main, Germany. Most of its research studies on national and international problems of commercial and trade law, international treaties, monetary problems, comparative law, and the law of developing countries are undertaken in cooperation with the Institut at Frankfort University.

Recent Representative Publications:

Kronstein, Heinrich. *Selected Essays*, Karlsruhe, Germany: C. F. Nueller, 1962.

____________. *Das Recht der Internationalen Kartelle*, 2 vols., Berlin: J. Schweitzer, 1967.

Kronstein, Heinrich, John T. Miller, Jr. and Peter Paul Dommer. *Major American Antitrust Law*, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.: Oceana Publications, Inc., 1965.

Miller, John T., Jr. *The Proposed European Trademark Convention in the Light of European-American Trade*, Karlsruhe, Germany: C. F. Mueller, 1962.

____________. "Extra-territorial Effects of Trade Regulation," University of Pennsylvania Law Review, 1963.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Fact-finding study on the adverse effects of restrictive business practices on international trade, made for the OECD, 1967.

Publication in cooperation with Dr. Hans Aufricht, Counselor of the International Monetary Fund, on "Das Recht der Rahlungen im Internationalen Verkehr und das International Waehrungsrecht," 1967-1968.

Symposium on the American view of the new European corporation statute will be published in the *American Journal of Comparative Law*.

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GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY, Center for Population Research

Address: Washington, D. C. 20007

Focus: International problems of rapid population growth.

Directorate: The Center is divided into two parts: the bio-medical division and the demographic division. Thomas K. Burch, Director, Demographic Division.

Principal Researchers: Thomas K. Burch (Sociology), Leonard Chiazze, Jr. (Community Medicine and International Health), Murray Gendell (Sociology), John J. Macisco, Jr. (Sociology), Raymond H. Potvin.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Public Health Service; Population Council.

Description: The Demographic Division is concerned with basic research in human demography, with emphasis on sociological aspects of population.

Recent Representative Publications:

Burch, Thomas K. "The Fertility of North American Catholics: A Comparative Overview," *Demography*, Vol. 3, 1966.

____________. "Some Social Implications of Varying Mortality," *United Nations, World Population Conference, Belgrade*, 1965.

____________. "The Size and Structure of Families: A Comparative Analysis of Census Data," *American Sociological Review*, Vol. 32.

Chiazze, Leonard, Jr. "Morbidity Survey and Case Register Estimates of Cancer Incidence," in William Haenszel, editor, *Epidemiological Approaches to the Study of Cancer and*

Other Chronic Diseases, Washington, D. C., National Cancer Institute Monograph 19, January 1967.
Chiazze, Leonard, Jr. "Trends in Cancer Incidence in Alleghany County, Pa.", Public Health Reports, Vol. 80, October 1967.
Gendell, Murray. Swedish Working Wives: A Study of Determinants and Consequences, Totowa, N. J.: Bedminster Press, 1963.
______________. "The Effect of Family-Building Activity on Women's Economic Activity," United Nations, World Population Conference, Belgrade, 1965.
______________. "Fertility and Development in Brazil," Demography, forthcoming.
______________. "The Influence of Fertility Trends on the Potential for Domestic Capital Formation in Latin America," Estadistica, December 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Burch, Thomas K. Family structure and fertility: a comparative study of United States, Puerto Rico and Guatemala.
Macisco, John J., Jr. Internal migration and fertility in Puerto Rico.

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GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY, The Center for Strategic Studies

Address: Washington, D. C. 20007

Focus: Policy-oriented research into the strategic interests of United States foreign policy.

Directorate: Arleigh Burke, Director; David M. Abshire, Executive Secretary.

Principal Researchers: Research Committee: Henry W. Briefs, Karl H. Cerny, Alvin J. Cottrell, Jules Davids, Siegfried Garbuny, Halford L. Hoskins, James H. McBride, Hisham B. Sharabi, Cornelius D. Sullivan, and Richard J. Whalen; Associates: Richard V. Allen, James D. Atkinson, Norman A. Bailey, Frank R. Brandenburg, Samuel F. Clabaugh, Robert D. Crane, Eleanor Lansing Dulles, George Fielding Eliot, Kenneth O. Gilmore, Anthony Harrigan, Robert A. Kilmarx, Stefan T. Possony, Frank N. Trager, and Peter C. White.

Funds: Foundation support.

Description: The Center brings government, university, and business leaders into a process of active analysis of emerging issues and research efforts. This emphasis on the active interchange between individuals and issues makes the Center unique. While the Center does not make specific policy recommendations, it attempts to collect, clarify, and circulate policy alternatives. Private briefings, public reports, and contributions to scholarship are among the Center's tangible products.

Recent Representative Publications:
Zablocki, Congressman Clement J., Editor. Sino-Soviet Rivalry: Implications for U. S. Policy, New York: Praeger, 1966.
Arms Control and Disarmament: The Critical Issues, April 1966.
Dominican Action--1965: Intervention or Cooperation?, July 1966.
Panama: Canal Issues and Treaty Talks, March 1967.
Maintaining Stability at High Employment: U. S. Economic Policy in 1967, March 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Soviet military strategy.
Research inventory affecting strategic issues in Latin America.
Cyprus: crisis for NATO.
The economy and unexpected defense contingencies.
Near East contingencies and Egyptian policies.
Soviet maritime strategy.
Military posture.

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GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY, The Institute of World Polity

Address: Washington, D. C. 20007

Focus: International law, organization, and relations.

Directorate: William V. O'Brien, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Sherman Cohn, Ulf Groebel, and Jean-Robert Leaguey-Feilleux.

Funds: Georgetown University; government contracts.

Description: The Institute of World Polity concentrates on international law, organization, and relations with particular emphasis upon the regulation of force in the international community. The Institute has also conducted several projects on the role of the new nations in international law and diplomacy.

Recent Representative Publication:
O'Brien, William V. Nuclear War, Deterrence and Morality, Westminster, Maryland: Newman Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

O'Brien, William V., editor. The Yearbook of World Polity, Volume IV, Intervention in International Law and Relations, 1968.
__________ and Jean-Robert Leaguey-Feilleux. International Law Casebook, 1969.

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GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, Institute for Sino-Soviet Studies

Address: Washington, D. C. 20007

Focus: Multidisciplinary research on the Sino-Soviet area.

Directorate: Kurt L. London, Director; Franz Michael, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Nineteen researchers representing various disciplines.

Funds: George Washington University; Office of Education, NDEA.

Description: The Institute sponsors individual and group research in all aspects of Chinese, Soviet, and East European affairs and supports the development of the academic curriculum within the regular academic departments. In support of the research program, two inter-university research colloquia are conducted together with American University, Georgetown University, Howard University, and the University of Maryland. The Institute maintains a close association with the Center for Language and Area Studies, which offers intensive Russian and Chinese in support of the Institute's program.

Recent Representative Publications:
Gyorgy, Andrew and G. D. Blackwood. Ideologies in World Affairs, Boston: Blaisdell, 1967.
__________ and Peter A. Toma. Basic Issues in International Relations, Boston: Allyn and Bacon, 1967.
Petrov, Vladimir. Money and Conquest; Occupation Currencies in Europe in the Second World War, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1967.

75

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, Comparative National Development Project

Address: William James Hall 580
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: Analysis of the nature and sources of variation in the political behavior, social values, and career orientation of university students in different developing nations.

Directorate: Seymour M. Lipset, Director.

Principal Researchers: Philip Altbach, Myron Glazer, Arthur Leibman, Glaucio Soares, and Ken Walker.

Funds: Ford Foundation grant for international research; Carnegie Corporation grant for research on political development; Office of Education of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW) grant for conference on student politics.

Description: This project is designed to shed light on some of the factors which may determine the actions of the future elites of developing nations. It includes studies of university students, universities, and university structures. While data from a variety of sources are employed, interview and questionnaire responses are the major source of research materials.

Recent Representative Publications:
Lipset, S. M., editor. Students and Politics, New York: Basic Books, 1967.
__________ and Aldo Solavi, editors. Elites in Latin America, New York: Oxford University Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Studies of students in Latin America, North Africa, and Yugoslavia.

76

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, The East Asian Research Center

Address: Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: Communist China and its background.

Directorate: John K. Fairbank, Director.

Funds: Ford Foundation; government and private grants for special projects.

Description: Although all of East Asia falls within the Center's range of interest, its primary concern is modern China, both the mainland and Taiwan. Other East Asian nations are studied as members of the "Chinese culture area," which includes China, Korea, Japan, and Vietnam. The Center's staff includes specialists in government, anthropology, social relations, and economics, but research tends to operate from an historical perspective. As a supplement to the East Asian materials at the Harvard-Yenching Library, the Center has assembled a small reading and research collection on Communist China for use by its members and students as well as visiting scholars. The East Asian Center publishes an annual volume of seminar papers entitled Papers on China, a series of Papers on Japan, issued biennially, and Research Aids for American Far Eastern Policy Studies, in addition to articles and books of the members and associates of the Center.

Recent Representative Publications:
Akita, George. Foundation of Constitutional Government in Modern Japan: 1868-1900, Harvard East Asian Series, No. 23, 1967.
Meisner, Maurice. Li Ta-Chao and the Origins of Chinese Marxism, Harvard East Asian Series, No. 27, 1967.
Moseley, George. A Sino-Soviet Cultural Frontier: [illegible] Kazakh Autonomous Chou, Harvard East Asian Monograph, No. 22, 1966.
Nathan, Carl F. Plague Prevention and Politics in [illegible], 1910-1930, Harvard East Asian Monograph, No. 23, 1967.

Rawlinson, John L. China's Struggle for Naval Development, 1839-1895, Harvard East Asian Series, No. 25, 1967.

Welch, Holmes. The Practice of Buddhism in China, Harvard East Asian Series, No. 26, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Bennett, Adrian A. John Fryer and the introduction of western science and technology into nineteenth-century China (Harvard East Asian Monograph).

Ching-young, Choe. Korea under the rule of the Taewongun, 1864-1873 (Harvard East Asian Monograph)

Lockwood, Stephen C. Augustine Heard and Company: American merchants in China on the eve of the opening of the Yangtze, 1858-1862 (Harvard East Asian Monograph).

Najita, Tetsuo. Hara Kei in the politics of compromise, 1905-1915 (Harvard East Asian Series).

Young, Marilyn B. American China Policy, 1895-1901 (Harvard East Asian Monograph).

77

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, Harvard-Yenching Institute

Address: Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: East Asia, primarily China, Japan, and Korea.

Directorate: John C. Pelzel, Director; Glen W. Baxter, Associate Director.

Funds: Charles M. Hall Endowment.

Description: The Institute, which is a foundation, does not itself initiate, conduct, or directly supervise the projects it supports. These, in both the humanities and the social sciences, are exclusively concerned with East Asia (China, Japan, Korea), and are conducted by Asian nationals in their own or neighboring countries, or at Harvard. The Institute has its own publication program, including its annual publication of the Harvard Journal of Asiatic Studies, China Council for East Asian Studies (Taiwan), Seoul Research Council for East Asian Studies, and research programs at universities in Hong Kong, Japan, Taiwan, and Korea.

Recent Representative Publications:

Bishop, J. L., editor. Studies in Chinese Literature, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1966.

Yang, L. S. Studies in Chinese Institutional History, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1963.

Yoshikawa, K. An Introduction to Sung Poetry, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1967.

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HARVARD UNIVERSITY, Center for International Affairs

Address: Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: Processes of change in the modern world and their impact on the international order.

Directorate: Raymond Vernon, Director.

Principal Researchers: Hollis B. Chenery (Economics), Samuel P. Huntington (Government), Alex Inkeles (Sociology), Henry A. Kissinger (Government), Seymour M. Lipset (Government and Sociology), Edward S. Mason (Economics), Thomas C. Shelling (Economics and Government), and Raymond Vernon (International Trade and Investment).

Funds: Since 1965, primary support from Ford Foundation grant to Harvard University; unexpended earlier grants; contracts; income from endowment; Harvard University.

Description: The Center's research efforts are mainly concerned with the modernizing of the less developed societies, the role and control of force, the emerging structure of Europe, and the evolution of the Communist bloc. The study of modernization in particular has constituted a major segment of the research program in recent years. Research Associates from Harvard University faculties and elsewhere are attached to the Center for varying periods to engage in research and publication, and the Center annually invites twelve or fifteen experienced public officials of various nationalities to spend the academic year as fellows of the Center. In response to invitations from governments and institutions, the Center's Development Advisory Service maintains groups of experts in a few selected countries to provide advice and assistance in training and research on problems of economic development. The Center maintains a library of about 5,500 volumes, sponsors the publication of books, and directly publishes a series of Occasional Papers in International Affairs.

Recent Representative Publications:

Emerson, Rupert. Africa and United States Policy, Englewood Cliffs,N.J.:Prentice-Hall,1967.
Halperin, Morton H., editor. Sino-Soviet Relations and Arms Control, Cambridge, Mass.: Massachusetts Institute of Technology Press, 1967.
Kindleberger, Charles P. Europe's Postwar Growth, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1967.
Lipset, Seymour M. and Aldo Solavi, editors. Elites in Latin America, New York: Oxford University Press, 1967.
MacBean, Alasdair I. Export Instability and Economic Development, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1966.
Seabury, Pau. The Rise and Decline of the Cold War, New York: Basic Books, 1967.
Waltz, Kenneth N. Foreign Policy and Democratic Politics, Boston, Mass.: Little Brown & Co., 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Henderson, Gregory. Political development of Korea.
Hudson, Michael C. Political development of Lebanon.
Leff, Nathaniel H. Brazilian economic policy.
Lipset, Seymour M. Student politics.
Nelson, Joan. Aid, influence, and foreign policy.
Papanek, Gustav F. Pakistan's development.

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HARVARD UNIVERSITY, International Legal Studies

Address: Law School of Harvard University
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: All international aspects of law, and legal aspects of international affairs.

Directorate: Milton Katz, Director; Oliver Oldman, Director, International Tax Program; David N. Smith, Secretary.

Principal Researchers: Kurt H. Nadelmann, Hungdah Chiu, Charles K. Cobb, and Martin Norr.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Rockefeller Foundation; Carnegie Corporation; private donors; general funds of the Law School.

Description: Research is conducted on taxation in relation to international trade and investment, the legal framework for international trade and investment, the multinational corporation, legal and institutional bases of development, international law and international organizations, and the interaction and comparison of legal systems. A part of the research program has been organized as a distinctive unit, called the International Program in Taxation, which includes, in addition to research, a special course of advanced training mainly for tax officials from abroad.

Recent Representative Publications:

Berman, Harold J. and William Greiner. The Nature and Functions of Law, 2nd edition, New York: Foundation Press, 1966.

Katz, Milton. The Things that are Caesar's, New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1966.

Mostecky, Vaclav, editor. Annual Legal Bibliography, Vol. 7. A selected list of books and articles on international law and foreign law received by the Harvard Law School Library from July 1, 1965 through June 30, 1966.

_____________, editor. Current Legal Bibliography, Vol. 7 (monthly supplement to Annual Legal Bibliography), Cambridge: Harvard Law School Library, 1966-1967.

_____________, editor. Index to the Proceedings and Documents of the International Institute for the Unification of Private Law, Cambridge: Harvard Law School.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Bird, Richard M. Bibliography on taxation in underdeveloped countries, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard Law School International Program in Taxation, 1962, revised edition to be published late in 1967.

Cohen, Jerome A. The Criminal Process in the People's Republic of China, 1949-1963: An Introduction, scheduled for publication in 1967.

Noor, Martin, Charles K. Cobb, Jr., William D. Popkin, et al. Handbook on techniques of income taxation: manuscripts are being prepared for publication on: taxing corporations and shareholders, depreciation, international aspects of income, the taxable unit, and business expenses. 1968.

Oldman, Oliver, Henry Aaron, Richard M. Bird, and Stephen Kasz. Financing urban development in Mexico: a study of the operations of the property tax in Mexico, its impact on land use and its potential usefulness in other Latin American centers. 1967.

World Tax Series, volumes on Japan and Switzerland are approaching completion; work is going forward on the volume for Belgium.

80

HARVARD UNIVERSITY, Center for Studies in Education and Development

Address: Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: The role of education in the process of modernization.

Directorate: William R. Charleson, Director.

Principal Researchers: Twenty-six researchers representing various disciplines.

Funds: Carnegie Corporation three-year grant made in 1962; Ford Foundation grant for two years made in 1966; matching fund grant from the Corporation Venezolana de Guayana.

Description: Studies of the relationship of education to social and economic development in terms of the allocation of national resources, the relationship of education to manpower requirements, various kinds of curricula, and the organization and administration of educational institutions and programs. Major projects of the Center since its establishment in 1962 have included: evaluation of the governmental planning process in Latin America; analysis of different aspects of the relationship between educational and political development in Africa; study of the effects in the Middle East of investment in education and health on economic and social change; a comprehensive secondary school project in Nigeria; a survey of the antecedents to school success and failure by poor barrio children in Cuidad Guayana, Venezuela, and a team-teaching project in the Barbados. In addition to research, the Center sponsors a degree program under the aegis of the Harvard Graduate School of Education.

Recent Representative Publications:

Albornoz, Orlando. "Student Opposition in Latin America," Government and Opposition, Vol. 2, No. 1, October 1966-January 1967.

Altbach, Philip G. "Nationalism and Ideology in Indian Communism," Government and Opposition, Winter 1967.

Beeby, C. E. The Quality of Education in Developing Countries, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1966.

Curie, Adam. Planning for Education in Pakistan, Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1966.
Davis, Russell G. Planning Human Resource Development: Educational Models and Schemata, New York: Rand McNally, 1966.
McGinn, Noel. "Marriage and Family in Middle Class Mexico," Journal of Marriage and the Family, Vol. 28, 1966.
Weeks, Sheldon G. "Unease in Uganda," Africa Today, Vol. 13, No. 6, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Prevision of a strategy for human resource development in Ciudad Guayana.
Planning and establishment of the Center for Educational Research, Planning and Extension Services, in Ciudad Guayana.
The school and population control in Latin America
Return on primary and post-primary education in lower class Tunisian communities.
Racial attitudes in East Africa.
Sociological case study of an urban day secondary school in Mengo, Kampala, Uganda.
Social survey of day senior secondary school pupils in Greater Uganda.
Studies of the relationships between social change and conflict.

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HARVARD UNIVERSITY, Russian Research Center

Address: Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: Study of Russian institutions and behavior.

Directorate: Abram Bergson, Director.

Principal Researchers: Harold J. Berman (Law), Merle Fainsod (Government), Alexander Gerschenkron (Economics), Alex Inkeles (Social Relations), Edward L. Keenan (History), Barrington Moore, Jr. (Comparative Studies), Richard Pipes (History), and Adam B. Ulam (Government).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The major objective of the Russian Research Center is the study of Russian institutions and behavior in an effort to foster understanding of Soviet trends and policies. The participating scholars represent various disciplines, of which the chief are history, government, economics. The fields of anthropology, psychology, and sociology are also represented.

Recent Representative Publications:
Azrael, Jeremy R. Managerial Power and Soviet Politics.
Berman, Harold J. and James W. Spindler. Soviet Criminal Law and Procedure: The RSFSR Codes.
Bromke, Adam. Poland's Politics: Political Idealism vs. Political Realism.
MacMaster, Robert E. Danilevsky: A Russian Totalitarian Philosopher.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Bergson, Abram. Studies in Soviet growth and planning.
Berman, Harold J. The legal and institutional framework of trade between Communist and non-Communist countries.
Fainsod, Merle. The United States and the Soviet Union (Soviet-American relations).
Gerschenkron, Alexander. Economic history of Russia.
Inkeles, Alex. Studies in comparative social structure.
Moore, Barrington, Jr. The outraged conscience: historical reactions of lower classes to suffering, cruelty, and injustice.
Ulam, Adam B. Studies in Soviet foreign policy.

82

UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII, The Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West (The East-West Center)

Address: Honolulu, Hawaii 96822

Focus: Study and research in cross-cultural relations and in the application of the social sciences to the complex problems of contemporary economic, social, and political change in the Asian and Pacific areas.

Directorate: Howard P. Jones, Chancellor; Sam P. Gilstrap, Deputy Chancellor for Administration; Minoru Shinoda, Director, Institute of Advanced Projects.

Principal Researchers: Senior Specialists numbering 44 in 1966, brought to the Center by invitation from the professional personnel of institutions of higher education and government agencies of Asia, the Pacific area, and the United States.

Funds: U. S. Government through appropriations by Congress made to the Department of State.

Description: The East-West Center is a project of the United States Government in cooperation with the University of Hawaii to promote international understanding between the United States and the nations of Asia and the Pacific area. Research on problems of mutual interest and concern are conducted under the program of the Institute of Advanced Projects at the Center. Under this program Senior Specialists come to the Center for research, discussion, and writing in an international academic community. The Institute of Advanced Projects maintains a Research Publications and Translation Program which publishes the results of its research projects and serves as a clearing house for scholarly information and research between Asian and American institutions. Its publications are issued as Occasional Papers in a Translation Series and an Annotated Bibliography Series. It also issues a Reprint Series and separate publications. Conferences and seminars on such topics as mental health problems in Asia, economic planning in Southeast Asia, and subsistence and peasant economics in Southeast Asia are usually initiated and planned by the Institute with participation from among the Senior Specialists and others.

Recent Representative Publications:
Communication and Change in the Developing Countries.
A History of Labor in Modern Japan.
Viet-Nam: Politics and Public Administration.
Education and Development Strategy in South and Southeast Asia.

Representative Studies in Progress:
English-Indonesian phraseology dictionary.
Moral education in Japan.
Language reform in Chinese, Japanese and Korean.

83

UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII, Social Science Research Institute

Address: Honolulu, Hawaii 96822

Focus: Basic social science research, especially in the behavioral sciences: predominantly anthropology, sociology, but also includes political science, economics, psychology, geography, history, philosophy, and linguistics.

Directorate: William P. Lebra, Director.

Principal Researchers: Approximately 30 researchers at the professional level.

Funds: State of Hawaii; Ford Foundation; National Institute of Mental Health; National Science Foundation; other sources.

Description: The Institute facilitates individual faculty research in the social sciences and develops and administers programs of an interdisciplinary nature. Major attention is given to the study of change in contemporary Asia and the Pacific: social movements, behavioral defiance, value orientations, political leadership, personality and culture, international relations, and economic development.

Recent Representative Publications:
Asian and Pacific Archaeology Series.
Asian Perspectives.
Data Processing Newsletter.
Ryukyuan Research Series.
Three to five working papers and 16 reprint issues a year.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Barringer. Value change in contemporary Korea.
Lebra and Pirie. Analysis 1966 population census of Western Samoa.
Lim. Inflation and economic development in South Korea.
Pitts and Marble. Spacial diffusion of innovation in Japan and Korea.
Stauffer. Philippine interest groups: an index of development.

84

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, Center for Asian Studies

Address: Room 316, 1207 W. Oregon
Urbana, Illinois 61801

Focus: Historical, cultural, and social studies of Asian nations with emphasis on contemporary development, especially comparative aspects.

Directorate: Solomon B. Levine, Director.

Principal Researchers: Membership in the Center includes forty-six members of the faculty of the University specializing in the fields of anthropology, agricultural economics, economics, geography, history, art, Asian languages, linguistics, labor relations, music, sociology, political science, philosophy, speech and theater.

Funds: University of Illinois; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW); Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center participates in and sponsors a wide range of research activities on the entire geographical area of Asia and the Middle East. In addition, it sponsors the interdepartmental curriculum of instruction in the area.

Recent Representative Publications:
Archer, William K. "The Music of Iran and Afganistan," Society for Asian Music Quarterly, Vol. I, No. 1.
Levine, Solomon B. "Labor Markets, Wage Relationships, and Collective Bargaining in Post-War Japan," Japanese Institute of Labor Journal, Vol. 6, No. 2.
_______________. "Labor in a Prosperous Japan," Current History, Vol. 46, No. 272.
Tien, H. Yuan. "The Demographic Significance of Organized Population Transfer in Communist China," Demography, Vol. 1, No. 1.

85

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS, College of Journalism, Institute of Communications Research

Address: Urbana, Illinois 61803

Focus: Conditions, processes, and effects of human communications.

Directorate: Howard S. Maclay, Director.

Principal Researchers: William Archer, James Carey, Martin Fishbein, Thomas Guback, Leon Jakobobovits, Robert E. Lees, William May, Charles E. Osgood, Rita Simon, Nancy Wiggens, Marilyn Wilkins, Sharon Wolfe.

Funds: University funding; outside contracts and grants.

Description: The primary function of the Institute is the conduct of research on conditions, processes, and effects of human communications. Many of the staff hold joint appointments with social science departments in the University, facilitating the Institute's interest in supporting the research concerns of the whole college. Research facilities are available to graduate students in communications and there are several graduate assistantships at the Institute. The Institute also supports the activities of the Center for Comparative Psycholinguistics, a research unit within the Institute.

Recent Representative Publications:
Blum, Eleanor. Communications Research in U.S. Universities, A Directory: 1965, Urbana: The University of Illinois Press, 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:
William Archer is directing the Tehran Research Unit, established with support from the Cross-Cultural Project and the Center for International Comparative Studies of the University of Illinois. He is also working in the field of ethnomusicology, with particular emphasis on non-Western musical forms.
Other work being conducted includes:
A cross-cultural study in the generality of meaning systems.
The role of critics in popular culture.
Political communication.

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INDIANA UNIVERSITY, International Affairs Center

Address: Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Focus: Internationally oriented programs and research.

Directorate: Lynne L. Merritt, Jr., Vice-President of the University and Dean of Research and Advanced Studies.

Research Administration: Activities of the International Affairs Center are coordinated by a committee whose chairman is Lynne L. Merritt, Jr. Other members are Dr. Edwin W. Brown, Director of International Activities and Chairman of the Division of International Health at the School of Medicine; George J. Stolnitz, Director of the International Development Research Center; and Richard N. Farmer, Director of the Human Resource Development Institute and Chairman of International Business Administration.

Funds: Ford Foundation grants.

Description: The International Affairs Center acts as the coordinating body for internationally oriented programs and research at Indiana University. In addition to international coordination, the Center represents the University in discussions and negotiations with other universities and government and international agencies. The International Affairs Center maintains working liaison with the American Universities Field Staff, the Agency for International Development, the Peace Corps, the Midwest Universities Consortium for International Activities, the Ford Foundation, and other universities and institutions in the United States and abroad.

Research activities subsumed under the Center are:
Institute for Human Resource Development
Inter-American Program in Ethnomusicology

International Business Research Institute
International Development Research Center
International Survey of Educational Development and Planning
Research Center in Anthropology, Folklore and Linguistics

Recent Representative Publications:

Folklore Series - Twenty volumes.
Humanities Series - Fifty-nine volumes.
Social Science Series - Twenty-four volumes.
Russian and East European Series - Thirty-two volumes.
Asian Studies Series:
  Bennett, Don C., T. M. Burley, Amando M. Dalisay, and Lydia Tamsinsin. "The New Official Definition of the Urban Population in the Philippines: A Critique," *The Philippine Geographical Journal*, Vol. IX, No. 1-2, January-June 1965.
  Bowie, Theodore, J. Leroy Davidson, Jane Gaston Mahler, Richard B. Reed, William Samolin, Dorothy G. Shepherd, Denis Sinor, Rudolf Wittkower. *East-West in Art*, Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 1966.
  Frenz, Horst and Kenneth Gros Louis, editors. *Yearbook of Comparative and General Literature*, No. 15, Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 1966.
  Tikku, Girdhari, *Studia Islamica*, ex fasciculo XXVI, Paris: G.P. Maisonneuve-Larose, 1967.
Folklore Series:
  Messenger, John, *Eire-Ireland*, St. Paul, Minn.: North Central Publishing Company, 1967.
Russian and East European Series:
  Shenert, James Allen and Kazimierz Polański, *Polabian-English Dictionary*, The Hague: Mouton & Co., 1967.

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INDIANA UNIVERSITY, International Affairs Center, Research Center in Anthropology, Folklore, and Linguistics

Address: Patton House, 516 East 6th Street
Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Focus: Research and publication in linguistics, anthropology, and folklore.

Directorate: Thomas A. Sebeok, Chairman; Bernard Spolsky, Acting Chairman (1966-1967); Andrew Vazsonyi, Director of Publications.

Funds: University funding and grants from private organizations, individuals, and government agencies, including the Office of Education and the National Science Foundation.

Description: The Center sponsors and promotes research and publications by participating faculty, without geographical area limitation.

Recent Representative Publications: The Center publishes five series:
Publications of the Research Center, (four volumes published during the year 1966-1967).
Uralic and Altaic Series, (30 volumes published during the year 1966-1967).
Folklore Series, (one volume published during the year 1966-1967).
Ethnohistory, (three volumes published during the year 1966-1967).
Folklore and Folk Music Archivist, (four volumes published during the year 1966-1967).

Representative Studies in Progress:
Sebeok, Thomas A., principal investigator. A multilingual thesaurus of the languages of the world.
________________, editor. Current trends in linguistics.

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INDIANA UNIVERSITY, International Affairs Center, Institute for Human Resource Development

Address: Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Focus: Interdisciplinary research not limited by geographic orientation.

Directorate: Richard Framer, Director.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: Established in July 1966, the Institute is designed to coordinate the expansion of the University's resources, to support the development of research, and sponsor instruction in the field of human resource development, with particular emphasis on the problems of the newly-developed nations.

Recent Representative Publications: The publication and research programs of the Institute are in the development stage.

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INDIANA UNIVERSITY, International Affairs Center, Folklore Institute, Inter-American Program in Ethnomusicology

Address: Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Focus: Folk music of the Western hemisphere.

Directorate: George List, Director.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Program was established through a Ford Foundation grant for Latin American studies and is a division of the University's Folklore Institute. The Program in Ethnomusicology is international in scope, combining aspects of the arts, the humanities, and the social sciences. In particular, it brings together elements of the disciplines of anthropology, folklore, linguistics, and musicology. Fellowships and assistantships are available through the University, and the Program will accept foreign students who are interested in ethnomusicological research in areas of the Western hemisphere.

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INDIANA UNIVERSITY, International Affairs Center, International Business Research Institute (IBRI)

Address: Graduate School of Business
Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Focus: Activities in international business enterprises.

Directorate: Howard G. Schaller, Director.

Principal Researchers: B. Estafen, R. N. Farmer, P. Gordon, A. Haring, J. Hayden, L. McKibbon, L. Nehrt, F. S. Otteson, H. Schöllhammer, R. S. Stevens.

Funds: Largely financed by a grant from the Ford Foundation.

Description: Recently established, the Institute will undertake and sponsor international and comparative, basic and applied research in every phase of business activity by U.S. and foreign firms. Research fellowships will be offered to highly qualified graduate students, and a program is being arranged for visiting foreign professors.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Estafen, B. A comparative study of management in Chile.
Farmer, R. Incidents in applying management theory in international business.
Gordon, P. Comparative management: Europe and the U.S.
McKibbon, L. Management education in Peru.
Nehrt, L. Studies in international finance.
Schöllhammer, H. Effects of government planning on French companies.
Stevens, R. S. Balance of payments study.

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INDIANA UNIVERSITY, International Affairs Center, International Development Research Center

Address: 703 East 7th Street
Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Focus: The study of economic, political, and social aspects of development and modernization, with particular reference to low-income areas.

Directorate: George J. Stolnitz, Director.

Principal Researchers: Edward Buehrig (Government), A. Qayum (Economics), and Nicolas Spulber (Economics); six to twelve new researchers are anticipated.

Funds: Ford Foundation International Grant; Indiana University.

Description: The mission of the Center is to develop an advanced study institute specializing in approximately four broad areas of subject-matter interest. The two areas already selected are "Human Resource and Development" and "Development Planning." Other areas presently being considered for selection include "Communications and Linguistics Problems Affecting Development," "Political-Administrative Factors in Development," and "The Role of International Organizations in Development." It is anticipated that within each such area, a group of 3 to 5 senior research scholars will be engaging in individual or team research, leading in each case to a book. Such scholars may be from the same or different disciplines, in order to provide as broad an interdisciplinary scope as possible.

Recent Representative Publications:

World Population Problems, based on a May 1967 conference at Indiana University on this subject.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Buehrig, E. UNRWA: a study in non-territorial administration.
Qayum, A. The role of quantitative planning models in development.
Spulber, N. Comparative socialist systems.
Stolnitz, G. Internal migration movements in relation to development.

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INDIANA UNIVERSITY, International Affairs Center, International Survey of Educational Development and Planning

Address: Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Focus: Utilization of human resources.

Directorate: Nicolas DeWitt, Director.

Funds: Carnegie Corporation.

Description: The Survey was begun in 1964, and is based on primary sources, research, and field surveys of the status, trends and policies in human resources development as they relate to the advancement of economic, social, political, and cultural goals of nations.

Recent Representative Publications: The publication program is in the planning stage.

93

IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY, Center for Agricultural and Economic Development

Address: Ames, Iowa 50010

Focus: Research on food balances and effects of food aid on donor agriculture, on the recipient, and on economic growth.

Directorate: Earl O. Heady, Executive Director.

Principal Researchers: George Beal, Leroy L. Blakeslee, Lehman Fletcher, Earl O. Heady, Donald Kaldor, Wilbur Maki, Leo V. Mayer, W. G. Stucky.

Funds: W. K. Kellogg Foundation grants in 1958 and 1963; the State of Iowa, through Iowa State University.

Description: The international research program of the Center is directed toward analysis of the world's potential food growth capacity as related to population growth.

Recent Representative Publications:
Implications of Structural and Market Changes on Farm Management and Marketing Research, CAED-29, 1967.
The Theory and Design of Economic Development, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1967.
Alternatives for Balancing World Food Production and Needs, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Heady, Earl O. World food resources and economic development of agriculture (first phase-summer 1967).
Fletcher, Lehman B. The role of price and market organization in agricultural development: Indonesia.
Beal, George M. Adoption of agricultural technology by the Indians of Guatemala.

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THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY, Washington Center of Foreign Policy Research

Address: 1740 Massachusetts Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20036

Focus: International relations and foreign policy.

Directorate: Robert E. Osgood, Director; Arnold Wolfers, Special Adviser.

Principal Researchers: Regular Staff: John H. Badgley, Herbert S. Dinerstein, Cary O. Fisher, Bernard K. Gordon, Frederick L. Holborn, John L. Koehne, Jr., Fritz G. A. Kraemer, George Liska, Charles Burton Marshall, Robert E. Osgood, Robert S. Rivers, Robert J. Rothstein, Robert W. Tucker, David W. Wainhouse, and Arnold Wolfers; Special Assignment Associates: Bernard G. Bechhoeffer, Harry D. Hughes, Anne P. Simons, Isaiah Frank, Morton H. Halperin, James E. King, Jr., Gerard C. Smith, Helmut Sonnenfeldt, and Francis O. Wilcox.

Funds: Foundation grants.

Description: The Center, founded in 1957, joins selected members in research activities directed toward the advancement of generalized knowledge in international politics, with a view to making theory more pertinent to practice and endowing practice with the insights achieved through theory.

Recent Representative Publications:

Dinerstein, Herbert S. *Intervention Against Communism*, Studies in International Affairs Number 1, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1967.

Hilsman, Roger. *To Move A Nation: The Politics of Foreign Policy in the Administration of John F. Kennedy*, New York: Doubleday & Co., Inc., 1967.

Liska, George. *Imperial America: The International Politics of Primacy*, Studies in International Affairs Number 2, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1967.

Marshall, Charles Burton. *Crisis Over Rhodesia: A Skeptical View*, Studies in International Affairs Number 3, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1967.

McLin, Jon. *Canada's Changing Defense Policy, 1957-1963: The Problems of a Middle Power in Alliance*, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, June 1967.

Osgood, Robert E. and Robert W. Tucker, *Force, Order, and Justice*, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1967.

Planck, Charles R. *The Changing Status of German Reunification in Western Diplomacy, 1955-1966*, Studies in International Affairs Number 4, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1967.

Wainhouse, David W. in association with Bernhard G. Bechhoeffer, John C. Dreier, Benjamin Gerig, and Harry R. Turkel. *International Peace Observation: History and Forecast*, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1966.

Wolfers, Arnold, Robert E. Osgood, Paul Y. Hammond, Laurence W. Martin, Robert W. Tucker, Charles Burton Marshall, and Livingston T. Merchant. *The United States in a Disarmed World*, Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins Press, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Badgley, John H. Political development in Southeast Asia.

Dinerstein, Herbert S. Continuation of research on Soviet policy in Latin America.

Fisher, Cary O. Relations of Germany with Eastern Europe.

Koehne, John L., Jr. Analysis of the possible future course of developments in the Eastern European countries with particular reference to the question of their relations with the U.S.S.R., Western Europe, and the U.S.

Kraemer, Fritz G.A. European politics.

Marshall, Charles Burton. Issues of Southern Africa and U.S. policy.

Osgood, Robert E. (Chairman), Seyom Brown, Walter C. Clemens, John C. Dreier, William C. Johnstone, Jr., George Liska, Charles Burton Marshall, Vernon McKay, Robert W. Tucker, and Arnold Wolfers. Future Role of Military Alliances, a study designed to estimate the probable role of military alliances in U.S. security policy in the next decade, in the light of their past and present roles and the impact of future technological, political, and psychological developments (research contract with U.S. Air Force).

Osgood, Robert E. (Study Director), William C. Johnstone, Jr. (Research Director), John H. Badgley, Paul C. Davis, Herbert S. Dinerstein, Bernard K. Gordon, Charles Burton Marshall, George R. Packard, III, and Arnold Wolfers. 1980 and the balance of power in the Pacific, an examination of the implications for U.S. foreign and military policy of prospective balances of power that might develop in the Asian-Western Pacific area in the next 10 or 15 years (research contract with U.S. Air Force).

Rivers, Robert S. Examination of the need for a continuing U.S. presence in the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands and Indian Ocean areas, with regard to international peace and to the national security of the U.S.

Rothstein, Robert L. A research project concerned with the limitations and possibilities of prediction and planning in policy-making.

Wainhouse, David W. (Chairman), Bernard G. Bechhoeffer, Anne P. Simons, and Arnold Wolfers. Alternative arrangements for dealing with violations of arms control agreements (research contract with Arms Control and Disarmament Agency).

Westerfield, H. Bradford. Domestic interests and foreign policy in the British and American political systems: the disputes over textile imports from Asia, 1952-1962.

Wolfers, Arnold. United States and Europe in international politics.

95

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, Center for Developmental Change

Address: Lexington, Kentucky 40506

Focus: Contemporary problems of social and economic underdevelopment.

Directorate: Howard W. Beers, Director; Art Gallaher, Jr., Deputy Director; Frank A. Santopolo, Willis H. Griffin, and Niles Hansen, Associate Directors.

Principal Researchers: Faculty members representing the several disciplines and professional areas related to developmental change.

Funds: University of Kentucky; U.S. Government; private agencies.

Description: The Center for Developmental Change assists the various other units of the University to organize resources and to attack problems of developmental change according to priority of importance and relevance, and in several representative arenas, both in the United States and abroad. In particular, the Center seeks to help introduce ways of learning systematically about the processes of developmental change into the projects and programs of the appropriate units of the University. The Center reinforces, complements, and supplements the work of the other parts of the University, but does not compete with or displace them. The Center approaches developmental change on a problem basis and in comparative regional settings. Decisions on what developmental problems will be selected for concentrated attention, and in which regions of the United States and of the world, are made in close cooperation with the faculties of the several units of the University.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Faculty study of the theories and problems of developmental change, particularly critical factors in developmental administration.
Continuance of the University's developmental change interests in Indonesia and Thailand.
Correlation of the University's international education interests with developmental change activities abroad.

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UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS, Labor Relations and Research Center

Address: Draper Hall
Amherst, Massachusetts 01002

Focus: Labor studies, domestic and overseas.

Directorate: Ben B. Seligman, Director.

Principal Researchers: Business Administration: Arthur Carlisle, Gordon Chen, Stanley Young; Economics: Solomon Barkin, Vaslav Holesovsky, Ben B. Seligman; Government: Ewald Feit; History: Julia Blodgett, Milton Cantor; Labor Center: Milton Brooke; Sociology: Eugene Piedmont, Robert Stanfield, Curt Tamsky.

Funds: State of Massachusetts; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW); Office of Economic Opportunity (OEO).

Description: Through its research studies, the Center explores all aspects of labor, including comparative labor movements.

Recent Representative Publications:
Seligman, Ben B. Most Notorious Victory, 1966.
Young, Stanley. Manpower Programs: Some Cost Dimensions, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress: Current projects include studies of labor movements in Czechoslovakia, South Africa, and Canada, as well as studies of manpower policies in O.E.C.D. countries.

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MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, Center for International Studies

Address: 30 Wadsworth Street
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139

Focus: Social science research in international affairs.

Directorate: Max F. Millikan, Director; Donald L. M. Blackmer, Assistant Director; James L. Dorsey, Administrative Officer.

Principal Researchers: Twenty-eight professional researchers.

Funds: Ford Foundation and other short-term grants.

Description: The Center was established at M.I.T. in 1951 to conduct social science research on international affairs. The Center's research is intended to contribute to our basic understanding of human behavior and to the solution of some of the long-term problems of international policy that confront decision-makers in government and private life. The general nature of the studies carried out by the Center over the past years have focused on several key concerns - the process of change, the internal dynamics of states, multi-disciplinary research, and policy orientation.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Bloomfield, Lincoln P. The United Nations and U.S. Foreign Policy: A New Look at the National Interest, revised edition, Boston: Little Brown, 1967.
- ______________, Walter C. Clemens, and Franklyn J. Griffiths. Khrushchev and the Arms Race: Soviet Interest in Arms Control and Disarmament, 1954-1964, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.
- Griffith, William E., editor. Communism in Europe, Vol. 2, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.
- ______________, Sino-Soviet Relations, 1964-1965, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.
- Isaacs, Harold R. American Jews in Israel, New York: John Day.
- Manne, Alan S., editor. Investments for Capacity Expansion: Size, Location, and Time Phasing, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press and London: Allen & Unwin, Ltd.
- Marglin, Stephen A. Public Investment Criteria, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press and London: Allen & Unwin, Ltd.
- Pike, Douglas E. Viet Cong: The Organization and Techniques of the National Liberation Front of South Vietnam, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.
- Weiner, Myron. Party Building in a New Nation: The Indian National Congress, Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
- Weiss, Herbert. Political Protest in the Congo, Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Fisher-Galati, Stephen. The New Rumania: From People's Democracy to Socialist Republic, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.
- Fejtö, Francois. The French Communist Party and the Crisis of International Communism, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.
- Montias, John M. The Economic Development of Communist Rumania, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.
- Suarez, Andres. Cuba: Castroism and Communism, 1959-1966, Cambridge: M.I.T. Press.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Economic development research in Chile.
- Social and economic change in Venezuela.
- Political and psycho-cultural studies of Communist China.
- Non-economic factors in development.
- Agricultural productivity.
- Communication and international security.
- Group identity and political change.
- European elite attitudes.
- Comparative study of human factors in modernization.
- International communism.
- International communications.
- Defense studies.
- Science and international relations.
- Arms control and foreign policy.
- United Nations financing.

98

MIAMI UNIVERSITY, Scripps Foundation for Research in Population Problems

Address: Oxford, Ohio 45056

Focus: To contribute to the better understanding of the problems inherent in man's growth in numbers in the world.

Directorate: W. Fred Cottrell, Acting Director.

Principal Researchers: Robert C. Atchley, Malcom A. Murray, Richard V. Smith and Daniel F. Wozniak.

Funds: Rockefeller Foundation, Ford Foundation, National Science Foundation, and others.

Description: The Scripps Foundation for Research in Population Problems was established at Miami University in 1922, by the late E. W. Scripps, founder of the Scripps-Howard newspapers. His purpose was to make it possible to study the problems which arise out of population growth, the international implications, and the factors of quality and distribution. The work of the foundation is based largely on the use of statistics. The results of its investigations are printed in the regular trade and scientific media, as well as by certain governmental and private agencies.

Recent Representative Publications:

Atchley, Robert C. "Projecting Local Area Population." Public Works, November 1966.

Cottrell, W. Fred. "Technological Progress and Evolutionary Theory," in Social Change in Developing Areas. Barringer, Blankston, and Mack (eds.), Cambridge, Mass.: Schenkman Publishing Company, 1965.

Murray, Malcom A. "The Geography of Death in the United States and the United Kingdom," Annals of the Association of American Geographers, Vol. 57, No. 2, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Atchley, Robert C. Work as a self value among retired women.

Cottrell, W. Fred and Robert C. Atchley. Women in retirement.

________. Impact of technological change on railroad workers in the U.S., U.K., and New Zealand.

Murray, Malcom A. Spatial aspects of medical facilities and personnel in Western Nigeria.

Smith, Richard V. An investigation of selected aspects of West Indian migration to the United Kingdom.

Wozniak, Daniel F. The impact of occupational obsolescence on concepts of self.

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UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI, The Research Institute for Cuba and the Caribbean

Address: Coral Gables, Florida 33146

Focus: Interdisciplinary studies of the Caribbean area.

Directorate: Mose L. Harvey, Director.

Principal Researchers: Alberto Arredondo, Jose Alvarez Dias, Ofelia Tabares de Fernandez Dias, Jose M. Illan Gonzales, Roberto Gonzalez, Carmelo Mesa Lago, Roberto E. Hernandez Morales, Raul Shelton Ovich, Harry Stark, James C. Vadakin, Juan F. Vizcaino, Rafael Miquel Zayas.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW).

Description: The research program of the Institute is heavily weighted in favor of projects of importance to the graduate program of the University's curriculum in Inter-American studies. All aspects of the Cuban situation are given constant attention as well as such matters as the sources of social tension and political instability, the sociology of change, comparative studies in education, and varied aspects of the ideological struggle and its consequences.

Recent Representative Publications:

A Study on Cuba, Miami: University of Miami Press, 1965. (Also in Spanish).
Labor Conditions in Communist Cuba, Miami: University of Miami Press, 1964.
Social Security in Cuba, Miami: University of Miami Press, 1964.

Representative Studies in Progress:

The impact of Cuban immigration.
A general study of Cuban affairs.

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UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Center for Chinese Studies.

Address: 116 Lane Hall
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104

Focus: Chinese history, society, economy, polity, and culture of all periods, with emphasis on modern China.

Directorate: Alexander Eckstein, Director.

Principal Researchers: Kamer Aga-Oglu (Art), Chun-shu Chang (History), Chu yuan Cheng (Economics), James I. Crump (Chinese), James E. Dew (Chinese), Alexander Eckstein (Economics), Richard Edwards (Far Eastern Art), Albert Feuerwerker (History), Yi-tsi Feuerwerker (Literature), Norma Diamond Frankl (Anthropology), Whitmore Gray (Law), Charles O. Hucker (History), Victor Li (Law), Alan P. Liu (Political Science), Jing-heng S. Ma (Chinese), Harriet C. Mills (Chinese), Donald J. Munro (Philosophy), Rhoads Murphey (Geography), Richard H. Solomon (Political Science), Donald Sutton (History), Cho-yee To (Education), John C. Wang (Literature).

Funds: Ford Foundation; other foundation grants; University support.

Description: The Center coordinates the university research effort on China, with an emphasis on modern China, and supports the teaching course on China in the academic departments. A research library of more than 75,000 volumes in Chinese and many thousands of volumes in Japanese and European languages is maintained.

Recent Representative Publications:

The Center publishes a series of Occasional Papers and a Reprint Series of monographs and articles authored by members of the faculty.

Representative Studies in Progress:

The Center's research effort has concentrated on two major related undertakings: Continuity and Change in Modern China, and Communist China.

Specific projects have been:
- Imperialism in modern China.
- Industrialization in twentieth-century China.
- The economy of Communist China.
- Political culture of contemporary China.
- Ideology and education in modern China.
- History of the Capital Dialect.
- Trends and styles in Chinese colloquial literature.
- The military in traditional Chinese civilization.

101

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, School of Education, International Education Program

Address: 4024 University High School
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104

Focus: International education.

Directorate: Claude A. Eggertsen, Director.

Principal Researchers: William M. Cave, Claude A. Eggertsen, Frederick L. Goodman, Robert Leestma, Alvin D. Loving, William K. Medlin, William Merhab, Cho-Yee To.

Funds: University of Michigan School of Education; National Defense Education Act (NDEA) grants; United States Office of Education contracts; Ford Foundation grant.

Description: The Project sponsors and supports research in the development of international education and participates in the University's overseas program in international education.

Recent Representative Publications:

The University of Michigan Comparative Education Dissertation Series, #1-10, published since 1962.

The University of Michigan Comparative Education Microfilm Series, #1-20, published since 1967.

Notes and Abstracts in the Social Foundations of American and International Education, Quarterly Publication since 1961.

The University of Michigan Indian Education Dissertation Series, #1-3, being published in 1967.

The University of Michigan Comparative Education Bibliography Series; General and India published already.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Eggertsen, Claude A., William M. Cave, Robert Fox, W. Robert Dixon, Eugene Sullivan, Alvin D. Loving, and Raymond Kehoe. An evaluation of the attitudinal change and performance of trainees in the center for research and training in secondary education for rural areas, Baroda, India.

Hackett, Peter, Richard Bennett, Kim P. Sebaly, Donald W. Myers, and Homer Hogle. Numerous studies on India.

Kobayashi, Victor N. Bibliography on Japanese Education.

Medlin, William K., Gale E. Jensen, and Byron Massialas. Education and nation building in Lebanon.

Rust, Val Dean. Education in Germany.

Urch, George. Education in East Africa.

102

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies

Address: 144 Lane Hall
204 South State Street
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104

Focus: Interdisciplinary research in the area.

Directorate: William D. Schorger, Director.

Principal Researchers: John A. Bailey (Near Eastern Languages and Civilization), Robin Barlow (Economics), James A. Bellamy (Arabic), George G. Cameron (Near Eastern Cultures), Douglas D. Crary (Geography), Andrew S. Ehrenkreutz (Near Eastern History), Oleg Grabar (Near Eastern Art), George L. Grassmuck (Political Science), George F. Hourani (History), Arthur J. Jelinek (Anthropology), John F. Kolars (Geography), J. Trevor Le Gassick (Arabic Language and Literature), Kenneth A. Luther (Persian Studies), Ernest N. McCarus (Near Eastern Languages and Linguistics), George E. Mendenhall (Near Eastern Studies), Richard P. Mitchell (History), Louis L. Orlin (Ancient Near Eastern History and Literature), Herbert H. Paper (Linguistics), Raji N. Rammuny (Arabic), William D. Schorger (Anthropology), Gene M. Schramm (Near Eastern Languages and Linguistics), James Stewart-Robinson (Turkish Studies), and Gernot L. Windfuhr (Iranian Languages and Linguistics).

Funds: Ford Foundation; Office of Education (NDEA).

Description: The Center is concerned with the study of the peoples and cultures that have appeared, from prehistoric times to the present, in the region from the western coast of Morocco and the southern borders of the Sahara to the eastern end of Afghanistan and the northern Caucasus. The faculty contains representatives from the major disciplines of the social sciences and humanities working in the area. Though the Center attempts to ensure the development of the area curriculum through the various academic departments, all courses are offered in, and degrees through, the regular departments. Qualified graduate students may obtain training in research through participation in the Center's program of comparative research in North Africa and the Levant.

Recent Representative Publications:
The Center publishes a Reprint Series, the last two numbers (11 and 12) of which are:
Raphaeli, Nimrod. "Agrarian Reform in Iraq: Some Political and Administrative Problems."
______________. "Development Planning in Iraq under the Hashemite Regime."
Illustrative of the Center's other publications:
Bailey, John A. "Crisis in Kenya," Overseas Mission Review, Fall 1966.
Le Gassick, Trevor J. "A Malaise in Cairo," Middle Eastern Journal, Spring 1967, and others.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Barlow, Robin. The economic development of the Middle East, 1968.
Grassmuck, George L. Administration in developing Jordan, 1969.
Kolars, John F. Autobiography of two Turkish villagers, 1967.
______________. Those Who Walk. (A study of the Turkish Yürük.)
Mitchell, Richard P. History of 19th century Morocco, 1969.
Schorger, William D. The evolution of socio-political forms in a North Moroccan village, 1968.
Windfuhr, Gernot L. Bi-lingualism of Turkish speakers in Iran, 1968-70.

103

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Population Studies Center

Address: 1225 South University Avenue
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104

Focus: Basic research on population within a sociological or economic framework.

Directorate: Otis Dudley Duncan, Director; Ronald Freedman and David Goldberg, Associate Directors.

Principal Researchers: Economics: Lolagene C. Coombs, Paul Demeny; Sociology: Beverly Duncan, Otis Dudley Duncan, Reynolds Farley, Ronald Freedman, David Goldberg, Leslie Kish, and James A. Palmore.

Funds: Basic grant from the Ford Foundation; support for specific projects from the Population Council, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW); other sources.

Description: The Center facilitates research activities of the professional staff and provides research apprenticeships for graduate students. Interrelations between formal demography and the social sciences are emphasized, and the selection of problems for study reflects a comparative research orientation. Faculty associated with the Center offer courses in population in the Departments of Sociology and Economics.

Recent Representative Publications: Members of the Center staff have published extensively in the areas of community structure, fertility trends in developed countries, migration and distribution, population growth in developing countries, population research methods, public policy and population, and the process of stratification.

Representative Studies in Progress: Current research is being carried out on:
Taiwan population trends.
Population dynamics in Turkey.

The demographic transition in Europe.
Family growth in Malaysia.
American fertility patterns.
Social stratification in the American population.

104

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, The Center for Research on Conflict Resolution

Address: Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104

Focus: Multidisciplinary research and training in conflict studies and international relations.

Directorate: Robert A. Hefner, Research Director; William P. Barth, Administrative Director; William E. Porter, Chairman of Executive Committee.

Principal Researchers: Economics: Kenneth E. Boulding; History: John Bowditch; Political Science: J. David Singer; Social Psychology: Robert A. Hefner, Daniel Katz, Irwin Katz, Herbert A. Kelman; Sociology: Jacques Bude, Clinton Fink, William A. Gamson.

Funds: University of Michigan; foundations; government agencies; individuals.

Description: The Center, established in 1959, is a unit of the College of Literature, Science and the Arts of the University of Michigan. An interdisciplinary faculty executive committee appointed by the Dean of the College is responsible for review and approval of current programs and for future program development at the Center. The Center program is based on the proposals: 1) that intellectual progress in the field of international relations requires the participation of sociologists, psychologists, economists, and other behavioral scientists to complement the work already being done by political scientists, historians, and lawyers; and 2) that conflict, as a key concept in international relations, provides the necessary intellectual focus for those doing research and graduate training at the Center. International conflict is investigated, not as an isolated phenomenon, but as an aspect of social conflict in general, so that the study of conflict at any societal level might offer insights into the problems of war and peace.

Recent Representative Publications:
The Journal of Conflict Resolution: A Quarterly for Research Related to War and Peace.
Occasional Reports of Programs and a list of faculty publications.
Angell, Robert C. "The Growth of Transnational Participation," *Journal of Social Issues*, Vol. 23, No. 1, January 1967.
Gamson, William A. and Andres Modigliani. *The Carrot and/or the Stick: Soviet-Western Interaction, 1946-64*. Book in progress, estimated date of completion December 1967.
Hefner, Robert A., Jr. and John Delamater, editors. "Social Psychological Research in Developing Countries," *Journal of Social Issues*, Spring 1968 (in press).
Jacobson, Harold K. "Changing Dimensions of the Colonial Problem," *Journal of Social Issues*, Vol. 23, No. 1, January 1967.
McNeil, Elton B., editor. *The Nature of Human Conflict*, Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, 1965.
Singer, J. David and Melvin Small. "Alliance Aggregation and the Onset of War, 1815-1945," in Singer, editor, *Quantitative International Politics: Insights and Evidence*, New York: Free Press, 1967 (in press).

Representative Studies in Progress:
Bowditch, John. Limited and total war in the past two centuries.
Gamson, William A. The limits of plurism, July 1, 1967-June 30, 1968.
Hefner, Robert. Quantitative international studies, May 23, 1967-August 23, 1967.
Katz, Daniel. Social psychology and nationalism: Yugoslavia and Greek study, July 1, 1967-August 23, 1968.
Singer, J. David. A structural analysis of inter-nation violence, July 1, 1967-June 30, 1968.
_______________. Systematic and behavioral correlates of international war, September 1, 1967-August 31, 1968.

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UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Center for Research on Economic Development

Address: 309 South State Street
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104

Focus: Interdisciplinary research on economic development.

Directorate: Wolfgang F. Stolper, Director; Richard C. Porter and Montague Yudelman, Associate Directors.

Principal Researchers: Elliot J. Berg, Peter C. Eckstein, M. E. Humphreys (Polly Hill), Jerome C. Wells.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Agency for International Development (AID).

Description: The Center was established in 1961, and for its first two years of activity the focus was on curriculum development in the academic departments. Since that time, the Center's focus has shifted to development of a broad research program, emphasizing field research in underdeveloped areas and the provision of advisory services to governments, foundations, and international agencies.

Recent Representative Publications:
Aboyade, Ojetunji. *Foundations of an African Economy*, New York: Praeger Press, 1966.
Basch, Antonin. *Financing Economic Development*, New York: The MacMillan Company, 1964.
Stolper, Wolfgang F. *Planning Without Facts*, Cambridge: Harvard University Press (in press).
Wells, Jerome C. *A Survey of Potential Returns to Different Types of Agricultural Investments in Nigeria* (in press).
Yudelman, Montague. *Africans on the Land*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1964.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Long-range project on the problems of economic development in Nigeria, in conjunction with the Nigerian Institute for Social and Economic Research, Ibadan, Nigeria.
Economic and political impact of trade unionism in Africa.
Adaptation of budgets for development.

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UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Institute for Social Research

Address: Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Focus: Interdisciplinary study of human behavior in a variety of social contexts.

Directorate: Rensis Likert, Director; Stanley E. Seashore, Assistant Director; Arnold S. Tannenbaum, Coordinator of International Research and Training.

Principal Researchers: Fifty professional researchers with a large number of supportive personnel in administrative, clerical, and research assistance positions.

Funds: Research contracts and grants; University support is offered through use of space and administrative and legal assistance.

Description: The Institute is made up of the core staff which organizationally includes three divisions: the Survey Research Center, the Research Center for Group Dynamics, and the Center for Research on the Utilization of Scientific Knowledge, each headed by a separate Director. Each Center is comprised of a number of programs in which the research interests are more tightly confined to a limited field of study. The Program Director defines the task, obtains supporting funds, recruits the research staff, and in other ways guides the Center as an independent research unit.

Recent Representative Publications:

Mueller, Eva L. and I.R.K. Sarma, "Pattern of Income Distribution in an Underdeveloped Economy: A Case Study of India: Comment," American Economic Review, December 1965.

Troldahl, Verling C. and Frederic A. Powell, "A Short-form Dogmatism Scale for Use in Field Studies," Social Forces, December 1965.

Valen, Henry and Daniel Katz, Political Parties in Norway: A Community Study, Oslo: Universitetsforlaget, 1964.

Zupanov, Josip and Arnold S. Tannenbaum, "The Distribution of Control in Some Yugoslav Industrial Organizations as Perceived by Members," Ekonomski Pregled, 1966, and Sociologie du Travail, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Use of organizational effectiveness and change measurement in a management grid-based change program.

Research on leadership, organizational effectiveness, and human resources utilization.

Methodological study of the impact of divergent and convergent socialization inputs on youths of different ages.

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UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Institute for Social Research, Research Center for Group Dynamics

Address: Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Focus: Interdisciplinary research in group behavior.

Directorate: Alvin F. Zander, Director.

Funds: Research contracts and grants; University support is offered through use of space and administrative and legal assistance.

Description: Since its origin in 1947, the Center has been concerned with both the theory and practice of the principles of group behavior, and has pioneered in the design and conduct of experiments on behavior in groups, both in the laboratory and in the field. It has been concerned with such processes as group formation, group change and dissolution, intergroup relations, interpersonal relations within groups, and the influence of group membership upon individuals. Many of the key concepts and methodologies have been found useful in the work of the other Centers of the Institute. As in the other Centers of the Institute for Social Research, the training of graduate students in research methods has been an important function of the program.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Research into the nature of communications among groups containing members from different races.

Psychological consequences of socially induced stress.

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UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Institute for Social Research, Center for Research on Utilization of Scientific Knowledge

Address: Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Focus: Social-psychological processes related to the diffusion of new knowledge.

Directorate: Floyd C. Mann, Director.

Principal Researchers: Kenneth D. Benne, David G. Bowers, Ronald G. Havelock, Ronald Lippitt, A. J. Marrow, Stanley E. Seashore, Goodwin Watson.

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Funds: Research contracts and grants; University support is offered through use of space and administrative and legal assistance.

Description: In 1964 the Center was organized to: 1) conduct studies and experiments concerning the process of science utilization, with a special focus on the roles of professional and non-professional persons and groups in the diffusion and utilization of new knowledge; 2) conduct studies and experiments concerning the kinds of training that best prepare practitioners to receive and utilize new knowledge in their respective fields; and 3) consider the role of human values and humanistic disciplines in relation to issues arising from the use of scientific knowledge.

Recent Representative Publications:

Havelock, Ronald G. and Kenneth D. Benne. "An Exploratory Study of Knowledge Utilization," Goodwin Watson, editor. Concepts for Social Change, Washington, D.C.: published for the Cooperative Project for Educational Development by the National Training Laboratories, N.E.A., 1967.

Lippitt, Ronald. "The Use of Social Research to Improve Practice," Goodwin Watson, editor. Concepts for Social Change, Washington, D.C.: published for the Cooperative Project for Educational Development by the National Training Laboratories, N.E.A., 1967.

Marrow, A. J., David G. Bowers, and Stanley E. Seashore. Management by Participation, New York: Harper and Row, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Comparative survey of literature on dissemination and utilization of scientific knowledge.
An inter-university program for the exploratory development of models of planned change to improve educational systems.
Management system development through coach counseling of managers and supervisors.
Processes for utilization of scientific findings from organizational behavior research.
Study of managerial style and human resource accounting.

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UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, Institute for Social Research, Survey Research Center

Address: Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Focus: Survey research in the social sciences.

Directorate: Angus Campbell, Director; Stanley E. Seashore, Assistant Director; Arnold S. Tannenbaum, Coordinator of International Research and Training.

Principal Researchers: Nancy Baerwaldt, Angus Campbell, Philip E. Converse, Robert L. Kahn, G. Katona, Charles Lininger, Warren Miller, James N. Morgan, Robert P. Quinn, John P. Robinson, Ismail A. Siragel-din, J. Diedrick Snoek, Donald E. Stokes, Arnold S. Tannenbaum, Donald M. Wolfe.

Funds: Research contracts and grants; University support is offered through use of space, administrative and legal assistance, and limited general funds.

Description: The Center was the original body from which the Institute developed as the administrative arm over this and the other two Centers which comprise the research facility. Begun in 1946, the Center's aims were stated as the development of a trained research staff to: conduct surveys on problems of scientific or social significance; conduct methodological research to improve survey procedures and methods for the interpretation and application of the findings; disseminate these findings; and to further the integration of the social sciences by providing facilities for interdisciplinary research and the development of interdisciplinary theoretical constructs. Also implicit in the work of the Center is the training of graduate students in research techniques.

Recent Representative Publications:

Campbell, Angus, Philip E. Converse, Warren E. Miller, and Donald E. Stokes. Elections and the Political Order, New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Kahn, Robert L., Donald M. Wolfe, Robert P. Quinn, and J. Diedrick Snoek. Organizational Stress: Studies in Role Conflict and Ambiguity, New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Morgan, James N., Ismail A. Siragel-din, and Nancy Baerwaldt. Productive Americans, Ann Arbor, Michigan: Survey Research Center.

Robinson, John P. Public Information About World Affairs, Ann Arbor, Michigan: Survey Research Center, 1967.

Tennenbaum, Arnold S. Social Psychology of the World Organization, Belmont, California: Wadsworth.

Zupanov, Josip and Arnold S. Tannenbaum. "The Distribution of Control in some Yugoslav Industrial Organizations as Perceived by Members," Ekonomski Pregled, 1966, and Sociologie du Travail, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Converse, Philip, Warren Miller, and Donald Stokes. Electoral behavior and representational processes in several European countries and in Australia and Canada.

Katona, G. Comparative studies of consumer behavior in European countries.

Lininger, Charles. Development of a social survey unit in Peru.

Tannenbaum, Arnold. The effects of organizational hierarchy on the reactions and adjustments of organization members in a number of countries.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY, Center for International Programs, African Studies Center

Address: East Lansing, Michigan 48823

Focus: Interdisciplinary research in African studies.

Directorate: Charles C. Hughes, Director; Harm J. de Blij, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Harm J. de Blij (Geography), Carl K. Eicher (Agricultural Economics), John W. Hanson (Education), John P. Henderson (Economics), James R. Hooker (History), Ronald J. Horvath (Geography), Charles C. Hughes (Anthropology), John M. Hunter (Geography), J. Hymans (History), Charles H. Kraft (Linguistics and African Languages), Robert Melson (Political Science), Norman N. Miller (Political Science), George A. Petrides (Ecology, Fisheries and Wildlife), Irvine Richardson (Linguistics and African Languages), Marc J. Swartz (Anthropology), and Eugene de Benko (Library).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: Formally organized in 1960, the Center fosters and coordinates the development of African studies curricula through several academic departments and sponsors and funds research and field study in the area. The curriculum also includes the development of language courses taught in the appropriate departments, under the auspices of an NDEA grant.

Recent Representative Publications:

Best, A.C.G. The Swaziland Railway, a Study in Politico-Economic Geography.

Good, Charles M., Jr. Dimensions of East African Cultures.

Hanson, John W. Educational Literature in Africa.

Wickert, F. Study of Psychology in French-speaking Africa.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY, Center for International Programs, Asian Studies Center

Address: East Lansing, Michigan 48823

Focus: Area and functional research on Asia, with emphasis on South Asia and the Far East (China/Taiwan).

Directorate: William T. Ross, Director.

Principal Researchers: James Brandon, Warren Cohen, John D. Donoghue, Bernard Gallin, Subbiah Kannappan, Joseph Lee Ralph Nicholas, Baljit Singh, John Useem, and Ruth Hill Useem.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center fosters the development of area study courses in the academic departments and sponsors and funds research and field study in the area. It also facilitates the publication of such research findings. A corollary activity has been the development of seminars, lecture programs, and the Asian Theater Program. The Center participates in the University's international programs of exchange and development, and an NDEA Language and Area Study Center has been created within the Asian Studies Center.

Recent Representative Publications: A Reprint Series has brought out publications on rural development, land reform, and village conditions, and has included articles on Pakistan, Taiwan, and Japan. Four occasional papers have dealt with the problems of development in South Asia.

Representative Studies in Progress: During the year 1965-1966, research grants were made for four studies related to South Asia, four on China/Taiwan, and four on other Asian areas. Researchers represented the disciplines of anthropology, sociology, political science, speech, linguistics, and economics. Funds for this research came from the Center budget and from the Midwest Universities Consortium.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY, Center for International Programs, Latin American Studies Center

Address: East Lansing, Michigan 48823

Focus: Interdisciplinary research in Latin American studies.

Directorate: Garland P. Wood, Director.

Principal Researchers: Thirty-four participating faculty members from the Departments of Administration and Higher Education, Agricultural Engineering, Anthropology, Art, Communication, Economics, Geography, History, Journalism, Labor & Industrial Relations, Plant Pathology, Political Science, Psychology, Romance Languages, Sociology, and Zoology.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center was created in 1963 to facilitate the professional efforts and development of scholars working in the Latin American area, and is responsible for the development, accumulation and dissemination of knowledge of Latin America. The Center also provides a catalyst to bring together faculty members and scholars from outside the University for seminars, luncheons, and workshops.

Recent Representative Publications:

Jordan, John E., W. L. Stump and E. W. Friesen. "Cross-Cultural Considerations in Understanding Vocational Development," Journal of Counseling Psychology, July 1967.

Ovchynnyk, Michael M. The Freshwater Fishes of Ecuador, Latin American Studies Center Monograph Series, No. 1, June 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Foley, James W. The effects of Argentina's balance of payments upon import substitution.

Form, William H. A comparative study of automobile workers in Colombia, Peru and India.

Hunter, John M. Argentina: study of balance of payments and economic development, 1940-1965.

Schwartz, Ronald. Study of change and stability in Guambiano society.

Strassmann, W. Paul. A comparative study of employment, productivity, and innovation in the construction sectors of Latin America, 1953-1965.

Warner, Percy. Debt service requirements and economic development--Argentina.

Yates, Donald. An investigation into Argentine literature of fantasy and imagination.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY, Institute of International Agriculture

Address: College of Agriculture
East Lansing, Michigan 48823

Focus: Research in food, nutrition and agricultural development.

Directorate: Kirk Lawton, Director; Harold Riley, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: George Dike, Roy Donahue, Carl Eicher, Earl Erickson, Dale Hathaway, Glen Johnson, Anita McMillan, Stan Ries, Harold Riley, Jim Shaffer, Ken Sink, Robert Stevens, Bill Stout, Lawrence Witt.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Agency for International Development (AID); Michigan State University; U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Description: The program of the Institute of International Agriculture covers on-campus and overseas activities relating to research and research training, technical assistance, and staff development. Specifically, the institute works with foreign and domestic student instructional programs, with staff orientation overseas, with international visitors, with an institution-building technical assistance program in developing nations, and with contract and faculty-oriented research abroad. Other activities consist of facilitation of the exchange of information on research problems and methods and aid in publication and dissemination of research findings. The institute emphasizes three foreign areas -- Latin America, West Africa, and Southeast Asia, including Okinawa and Taiwan.

Recent Representative Publications:

Sturt, Daniel W. Changes in Farm Operation and Expenditure in Four Villages in West Pakistan, 1965.

Uppal, Joginder S. Disguised Unemployment in an Under-developed Economy--A Theoretical Analysis and Review of Literature, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Participation in an AID-sponsored study of problems relating to Nigeria's rural development (with Kansas State, Colorado State, and Wisconsin).

Participation in an AID study of the marketing of staple food products in three African countries (led by Stanford University).

A study of agricultural mechanization in selected African countries, through financial support from AID.

Research project on study of feed-grain-livestock economics of the European Economic Community funded through U.S. Department of Agriculture and involving subcontracts with European research institutes.

Institution-building investigation of factors involved in the development of a system of coordinated research, extension, and teaching at the Balcarce Agricultural Station south of Buenos Aires (funded by Pittsburgh Institution-Building Research Consortium).

A study of food marketing and the chain between producer and consumer in Puerto Rico, Brazil, and Bolivia, with AID support.

Participation in Midwest Universities Consortium assistance program for the organization and operation of a plan for development of the Planalto Central of Brazil.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY, Institute for International Studies in Education

Address: East Lansing, Michigan 48823

Focus: Research on educational planning in developing countries, and human learning in a cross-cultural perspective.

Directorate: Cole S. Brembeck, Director; David K. Heenan, Associate Director; Stanley P. Wronski, Campus Administrator, Thailand Project.

Principal Researchers: L. Paul Coburn, John W. Hanson, Ray G. Harper, Raymond N. Hatch, Kenneth L. Neff, Edgar A. Schuler, Archibald B. Shaw, Ruth Hill Useem.

Funds: Ford Foundation; general University funds; other outside funding.

Description: The research activities of the Institute are intended to develop methodologies for studying problems in the development of education, to contribute to the fundamental knowledge of the role of education in the development of nations, and where possible, to apply this knowledge in the development of nations. The Institute encourages research by faculty members and graduate students and assists the various departments within the University to expand and enrich instruction related to international education.

Recent Representative Publications: During the academic year 1966-1967, eight books or monographs were published by the faculty and under the auspices of the Institute.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Blum, Albert A. Teacher unionization, a comparative study, 1967.
Dobson, John. A Mexican case study in education and its role in social change.
Hanson, John W. Institution-building in Nigeria, 1967.
Kardatzke, Howard. A study of value orientation in the social studies programs of United States schools and bi-national schools in Mexico and Guatemala.
Lantz, Charles. A study on social structure and community interaction as seen in a town and village in Northeastern Thailand.
Mortimore, Frederic. Diffusion of educational innovations in Thailand, 1967.
Murr, George. A study of educational planning in Lebanon, 1967.
Vaughan, Herbert. The American School of Guatemala and its relationship to education in Guatemala.

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MICHIGAN STATE UNIVERSITY, Social Science Research Bureau

Address: 206 Berkey Hall
East Lansing, Michigan 48823

Focus: Urban affairs, the State of Michigan, and Latin America.

Directorate: C. W. Minkel, Director.

Principal Researcher: Leonard Brown.

Funds: Michigan State University; small grants from agencies or departments that wish to subsidize certain publications.

Description: The Bureau participates in many of the research operations on the University campus through the use of its data processing and data bank facilities. In addition, it offers other services to the several research centers, including clerical editorial assistance and assistance in obtaining outside financial support for research programs. Many of the research findings are published through the Bureau.

Recent Representative Publications:

Reprint Series:

Edinger, Lewis J. *Post-Totalitarian Leadership: Elites in the German Republic*, No. 2. Reprinted from *American Political Science Review*, Vol. LIV, No. 1, March 1960.
______. *Continuity and Change in the Background of German Decision-Makers*, No. 5. Reprinted from *The Western Political Quarterly*, Vol. XIV, No. 1, March 1961.
Goldrich, Daniel. *Toward an Estimate of the Probability of Social Revolutions in*

Latin America: Some Orienting Concepts and a Case Study, No. 6. Reprinted from The Centennial Review, Vol. VI, No. 3, summer 1962.

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UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA, Center for Comparative Political Analysis

Address: 1272 Social Science Building
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55455

Focus: Political analysis.

Directorate: John E. Turner, Director; Robert T. Holt, Associate Director; Walter W. Klein and Thomas M. Scott, Committee Members.

Principal Researchers: Roger W. Benjamin, Richard N. Blue, Robert T. Holt, Walter W. Klein, Ellen Pirro, John E. Schwarz, and John E. Turner.

Funds: University funding; Agency for International Development (AID) contract (completed).

Description: The Center sponsors cross-cultural research, research on socio-political change, and the development of refined methodological research tools, all involving the use of the comparative method.

Recent Representative Publications:
Holt, Robert T. and John E. Turner. The Political Basis of Economic Development: An Exploration in Comparative Political Analysis, New York: D. Van Nostrand, 1966.
Bibliography on Planned Social Change (with Special Reference to Rural Development and Educational Development), Volumes I, II, and III.
An Analysis of AID-University Relations, 1950-1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Benjamin, Roger W. and John E. Turner. The comparative analysis of Soviet and Chinese Communist elites, 1968.
_______________. Military elites and foreign policy-making.
Blue, Richard N. Indian elite survey, 1968.
_______________. Urban politics in new towns: India, 1969.
Holt, Robert T. and John E. Turner. Political parties in action, 1968.
_______________. Primitive politics, 1969.
Scott, Thomas M. and Walter W. Klein. Urbanization in Latin America, 1969.

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UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA, Center for Comparative Studies in Technological Development and Social Change

Address: 1920 Washington Avenue
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55455

Focus: Technological development and social change with particular reference to the developing areas.

Directorate: Robert T. Holt, Director.

Principal Researchers: Joan Aldous, Richard Blue, Reuben Hill, Robert T. Holt, Frank Miller, Murray Straus, John E. Turner, Mahmood Zaidi.

Funds: Ford Foundation; University funding.

Description: The Center, formally established in June of 1967, will engage in research on the political basis of economic development, urbanization in developing areas, the family as a decision-making unit, and theoretical work concentrating on a formalization of social change theories.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Hill, Reuben, Murray Straus and Joan Aldous. The family as a decision-making unit.
Miller, Frank, Richard Blue and Mahmood Zaidi. Urbanization in developing areas.
Turner, John E. and Robert T. Holt. Political basis of economic development.

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MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY, Social Science Research Center

Address: State College, Mississippi 39762

Focus: Interdisciplinary social science research and research training.

Directorate: Harold F. Kaufman, Director.

Principal Researchers: Andrew W. Baird (Sociology), Gordon K. Bryan (Political Science), Satadal Dasgupta (Anthropology), Arthur R. Jones (Sociology), Harold F. Kaufman (Sociology), Howard McLeskey (Political Science), Peggy J. Ross (Sociology), James F. Shill (Education), Avtar Singh (Sociology), James E. Wall (Education), and Kenneth P. Wilkinson (Social Psychology).

Funds: State of Mississippi; Office of Education; Department of Agriculture.

Description: The Center is an inter-university agency through which social scientists in the several colleges and departments of the University carry on cooperative activity. The major functions of the Center are to develop and conduct specific research projects and to provide an avenue for research planning among the faculty in the social sciences and contributing fields. Program areas with ongoing projects are: community structure and development, behavioral studies in forestry and other natural resources, research and development in vocational education, and local governmemt.

Recent Representative Publications:
Dasgupta, Satadal. "Patterns of Agricultural Leadership and Innovation in Six Indian Villages," Social Science Research Center Journal Paper No. 11, published in Indian Journal of Extension Education, Vol. 1, No. 4, 1966.
________________. "Use of Trace Line Analysis in the Construction of an Adoption Scale of Recommended Farm Practices," published in Bulletin of Cultural Research Institute, Government of West Bengal, India, Vol. 5, No. 3 and 4, 1966.
D'Souza, Victor. "Caste and Class-A Reinterpretation," Social Science Research Center Journal Paper No. 14, published in Journal of Asian and African Studies, Vol. 2, No. 3, July 1967.
Singh, Avtar and Harold F. Kaufman. A Behavioral Approach to Agricultural Development, Social Science Research Center Preliminary Report, No. 7, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Community organization and level of agricultural practice, a program to delineate community factors relevant to agricultural development within the locality organization of six selected village communities in Punjab, India.
New studies will analyze leadership structure and process, climate of opinion, actions and associations, caste and class structure, and population trends of selected trade towns and their service areas.

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UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI, School of Business and Public Administration Research Center

Address: Columbia, Missouri 65201

Focus: Interdisciplinary social science research with an emphasis on theory and policy-oriented studies.

Directorate: Robert W. Paterson, Director; Rondal G. Downing, Public Affairs Program Director; Floyd K. Harmston, Resource Development Program Director; Rudyard B. Goode, Administration Program Director; and David C. Leege, Opinion Survey Program Director.

Principal Researchers: David Leuthold, Public Affairs Program; John M. Brazzel, Paul E. Junk, Carmen F. Menezes, Donald A. Murry, Robert W. Paterson, and James R. Pinkerton, Resource Development Program; Carl Block, Orace E. Johnson, and Kenneth E. Miller, Administration Program; Sarah Boggs and Dorothy Rosen, Opinion Survey Program.

Funds: University of Missouri; grants from business firms, associations, foundations, and both State and Federal Government.

Description: The Research Center initiates, facilitates, organizes, conducts, and services research activities in the social sciences. The following studies are conducted under specific program areas:

Public Affairs Program: Political behavior and attitude studies; state political systems studies; urban and metropolitan systems studies; cross-national and international studies.

Resource Development Program: Manpower and population studies; regional, state, and community studies; transportation studies; resource allocation studies.

Administration Program: systems analysis studies; organization behavior studies; consumer behavior studies; intergovernmental studies; state government internship program.

Opinion Survey Program: A statewide organization has been created to obtain public opinions about important issues and to measure differentiation in attitudes about special behavioral characteristics. Two state amalgam studies are made each year in addition to many specific one-time studies involving a segment of the total sample in Missouri.

Recent Representative Publications:

Harmston, Floyd K. and Richard E. Lund. *Application of an Input-Output Framework to a Community Economic System*, Columbia: University of Missouri Press, 1967.

Leeman, Wayne. *Objectives of Those Who Choose Among Alternative Economic Systems*, 1967.

Paterson, Robert W. *Forecasting Techniques for Determining the Potential Demand for Highways*, Columbia: University of Missouri, Research Center, 1966.

Pinkerton, James R. and Leo F. Schnore. "Residential Redistribution of Socio-Economic Strata in Metropolitan Areas," *Demography*, Vol. III, No. 2, 1966. Also reported on in *Population Index*, Vol. XXXII, July 1966.

Wood, David M. and Sally A. Shelton. "Changing French Political Scene - 1965 Presidential Election," *Business and Government Review*, University of Missouri, Research Center, November-December 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Hicks, W. Whitney. Agricultural development in Northern Mexico, 1940-1960, scheduled for publication in *Land Economics*, November 1967.

Johnson, Orace. The effectiveness of income maintenance policy, 1967.

Kammerschen, David. Population policy in underdeveloped countries, 1968.

Leege, David and Robert Sharlet. Perceptions of Communist-bloc countries and international threat, 1967.

Moore, James C. Problems of social choice, 1967.

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NEW YORK UNIVERSITY, Institute of Finance

Address: 100 Trinity Place
New York, New York 10016

Focus: Economics and finance, with emphasis on international and interdisciplinary aspects.

Directorate: Arnold W. Sametz, Research Director.

Principal Researchers: E. Bloch (Finance), Holger Engberg (Finance), and R. G. Hawkins (Economics).

Funds: C. J. Devine.

Description of Program: The C. J. Devine Institute is a nonprofit organization that fosters research and publishes original studies in the field of economics and finance. These include studies that analyze data on current economic and financial conditions in the United States and other nations.

Recent Representative Publications:
The Bulletin of the Institute, 1964-1966, concerned with international problems:
No. 32/33. "French Money and Capital Markets and Monetary Management."
No. 34/35. "A Critique of the Fluctuating-Exchange-Rate Policy in Canada."
No. 36. "A Critical Survey of Plans for International Monetary Reform."
No. 37/38. "Compendium of Plans for International Monetary Reform."
No. 39. "Eurodollars: An Emerging International Money Market."
No. 40. "International Commodity Agreements and Compensatory Financing Plans."
No. 41-43. "Banking Structure and Performance."
No. 44. "The Central American Common Market."

Representative Studies in Progress:
Publications for the academic year 1967/68 will be selected from manuscripts on the following topics:
State and local government debt limitation legislation.
Official intervention, capital movements, and the Canadian dollar.
Merger statistics: what do they measure and how well?
Convertible debentures.
Pension fund portfolio policy.
The bank for international settlements.
Savings and loan associations - an industry study.
Significant episodes in U.S. international financial experience.
U.S. direct investment abroad - balance of payments.

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NEW YORK UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies

Address: 6 Washington Square, North, Room 31
New York, New York 10003

Focus: Problems of mobility and of overcoming social inertia in economic development and international trade, in the adjustment of international disputes, and in national political systems.

Directorate: Thomas M. Franck, Director; I. William Zartman, Associate Director; Richard Sheinberg, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Robert Burrowes, Gershon Collier, Vera M. Dean, Solomon Fabricant, Thomas M. Franck, David Hapgood, Robert Hawkins, Ashok Kapoor, Joel Larus, Alexander Melamid, Saul Mendlovitz, Frank Moreno, Stanley de Smith, Kalman Silvert, Edward Weisband, Herbert Weiss, I. William Zartman.

Funds: Ford and Samuel Rubin Foundation grants; New York University central funds.

Description: The Center for International Studies is an all-University multidisciplinary research center and coordinating body. The Senior Fellowship Program allows the Center to engage members and faculty of the University, scholars from outside the University, and distinguished men in public life for work on research projects. The Center also coordinates and directs the introduction of courses and materials into the University curriculum on matters of international education.

Recent Representative Publications:

Cherkis, Laurence D. and Thomas M. Franck. "Fact-Finding in International Disputes," Western Reserve Law Review, 1967.

Flanz, G. M., Thomas M. Franck, H. Spiro and F. Trager. Why Federations Fail, New York: New York University Press, 1968.

Franck, Thomas M. "Legality of Mandatory Sanctions by the United Nations Against Rhodesia," 1967.

______________. The Great Rights in the New States, London, England: Sweet & Maxwell and New York: Praeger, 1967.

______________. The Structure of Impartiality, New York: MacMillan, 1967.

______________. "Must we Lose Zimbabwe?", African Forum, 1967.

______________. "Some Psychological Factors in International Third-Party Decision Making," Stanford Law Review, 1967.

______________. "Equality and Inequality of States in the United Nations," Nomos IX, 1967.

Kapoor, Ashok. "Foreign Collaborations and Industrial Development, Problems of Utilizing Foreign Techniques," in The Role of Management in Industrial and Economic Development: The Case of India.

Melamid, Alexander. "The Nigerian Petroleum Industry," Economic Geography, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

The North Atlantic Free Trade Area as an alternative to Britain's entry into the EEC -- Research Committees in Britain, Canada, and the U.S.

de Smith, Stanley. A new look at the American-Pacific Trust Territories, 1968.

Fabricant, Solomon. Comparative models for economic development.

Hapgood, David. Agricultural development and political change in Africa.

Kapoor, Ashtok and John Fayerweather. Foreign collaboration in India, 1968.

Mandlovitz, Saul. Five regional models for world order in the world.

Zartman, I. William. Negotiations between the African states and the EEC.

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STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO, Center for Research in International Studies and World Affairs

Address: c/o International Educational Services
210 Winspear Avenue
Buffalo, New York 14214

Focus: Research and service in international affairs.

Directorate: James A. Moss, Director of Development for International Studies.
Operating Committee: Mark Van de Vall, Chairman, Center for Comparative European Studies; Glenn H. Snyder, Chairman, Center for International Security and Conflict Studies; James A. Moss, Chairman, Center for Research on Developing Nations. Area Chairmen: Claude Welch, Africa; W. Stein, Latin America; J. Larkin and L. Schneider, Pacific.

Funds: University-supported.

Description: Established in order to foster interdisciplinary research and services in international affairs, the Center serves as a clearing-house for information and helps to initiate, gain support for, and coordinate individual and group research projects. Operating under the auspices of the Center are the Center for Comparative European Studies, the Center for International Security and Conflict Studies, and the Center for Research on Developing Nations, with its Area Councils on Africa, Latin America, and the Pacific.

Recent Representative Publications:

Larkin, John A. and Harry S. Benda. The World of Southeast Asia, to be published by Harper and Row, 1967.

Moss, James A. "Government-Academic Relations in Foreign Area Research: A Critical Appraisal of Recent Events," to be published in the University Review, State University of New York, in 1967.

Welch, Claude E., Jr. Political Modernization: Readings in Comparative Political Development. Belmont, California: Wadsworth, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Idang, Gordon. U.S. economic assistance and political development in Africa.
Moss, James A. Race relations in a world perspective.
Schanzer, George. Russian literature in the Spanish world - monograph.
Welch, Claude. Military intervention and political change in Africa.

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STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO, Center for Research in International Studies and World Affairs, Center for Comparative European Studies

Address: c/o International Educational Services
210 Winspear Avenue
Buffalo, New York 14214

Focus: Comparative, interdisciplinary research of European problems. The Center studies Europe as a whole rather than as separate Eastern and Western sections.

Directorate: Mark Van de Vall, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Faculty members in the arts, humanities, social sciences, and law.

Funds: University-supported.

Description: The Center has been in operation since the end of 1966 and has been involved in sponsoring a Social Science Seminar on Comparative Studies and an International Symposium on Literature and Society. The Center supports and publishes research projects by faculty members and graduate students, and supports the University's exchange program with European institutions. Plans are under way to organize an international seminar on French and U.S. philosophy and an international exchange of composers, students, and information between the Studio for Electronic Music at State University of New York at Buffalo and similar centers in Europe.

Recent Representative Publications:

Van de Vall, Mark. Trade Unions in the Welfare State, A Macro- and Micro-Sociological Analysis. The English edition, revised and enlarged, forthcoming.
______________. "Voluntary Participation in Democratic Organizations," an article to be published in Buffalo Studies, in 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Cornell, Richard. Editor of section on the Communist Youth International in the forthcoming book edited by Thokas Hammond.

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STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO, Center for Research in International Studies and World Affairs, Center for International Security and Conflict Studies

Address: c/o International Educational Services
210 Winspear Avenue
Buffalo, New York 14214

Focus: Interdisciplinary study of problems of international security and conflict.

Directorate: Glenn H. Snyder, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Faculty of the University.

Funds: University-supported.

Description: The Center, organized in 1966, has carried on a series of seminars open to faculty members and graduate students, and is concerned with such subjects as conflict processes, disarmament and military problems, the causes of war, national attitudes concerning war and peace, transnational conflict, international organization and international law, and international history.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Otterbein, Keith F. "Cross-Cultural Studies of Armed Combat," an article to be published in Buffalo Studies, 1967.
- Pruitt, Dean G. "Reaction Systems and Instability in Interpersonal and International Affairs," an article to be published in Buffalo Studies, 1967.
- ____________. and R. C. Snyder. Theory and Research on the Causes of War, Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, 1967.
- Terhune, Kenneth. "Studies of Motives, Cooperation, and Conflict within Laboratory Microcosms, an article to be published in Buffalo Studies, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Collaborative development of a research proposal on "Negotiations and Bargaining," to involve laboratory, theoretical, and case-study research by several members of the Center.
- Firestone, Joseph M. Motives and behavior in large-scale political systems, a preliminary analysis.
- Nelson, Jack L. Nationalism and education - monograph.
- Otterbein, Keith F. Higi armed combat; a cross-cultural study of internal war, an article to be published in American Anthropologist, 1968.

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STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK AT BUFFALO, Center for Research in International Studies and World Affairs, Center for Research on Developing Nations

Address: c/o International Educational Services
210 Winspear Avenue
Buffalo, New York 14214

Focus: Research and service connected with the developing nations.

Directorate: James A. Moss, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Faculty members of the University.

Funds: University-supported.

Description: The activities of the Center are carried out primarily through area committees on Asia, Latin America, and Sub-Saharan Africa. Eleven seminars oriented around the theme of "Nation-building in Africa" have been held by the African Committee. The participation of Asian lawyers in a program on Comparative Environmental Law was arranged in cooperation with the Law School, and a series of lectures leading to a book on China today is planned by the Committee on Asia. The Latin American Committee has held five colloquia, plans a sixth on the role of the democratic left in Latin American politics, and will continue its research into historical social records of Mexico.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Larkin, John A. "The Place of Local History in Philippine Historiography," Journal of Southeast Asian History, September 1967.
- Moss, James A. and Hugh H. Smythe. Racial Images Abroad and Making U.S. Policy, paper presented to the Vail Conference on Racial Problems in American Foreign Policy at the University of Denver, July 27-30, 1967.
- Moss, James A. "The United States and Africa: A Timely Reassessment," Journal of Human Relations, summer 1966.

Welch, Claude E. "The Challenge of Change: Japan and Africa," in H. J. Spiro, *Patterns of African Development*, Englewood Cliffs, N. J.: Prentice-Hall, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Boyd-Bowman, Peter. Spanish immigrants into the new world in the colonial period.
- Friend, Theodore W. Comparison of Sukarno in Indonesia with Quezon in the Philippines; recent Indonesian history.
- Hoskin, Gary W. Power structure in a Venezuelan community - St. Cristobal; comparative study of political parties in Colombia and Venezuela.
- Johnson, Erwin H. Social stratification in rural Japan; textbook on Japanese culture; article on Japanese kinship terminology.
- Michaels, Albert. Mexican nationalism and politics in the 1930's - monograph.
- _______________ and James Wilkie. Biography of Lazaro Cardenas.
- Otterbein, Keith F. Mortuary practices in northeastern Nigeria.
- Schneider, Laurence A. Cultural populism: a comparative study of the use of folk culture by the scholars of China and Europe.
- Welch, Claude. Documentary history of the "Rassemblement Democratique Africain."

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STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK AT STONY BROOK, Institute for Colonial Studies

Address: Stony Brook, New York 11790

Focus: To collect, microfilm and index public and private materials relating to all European colonies in the New World from the 16th through the 18th centuries, and to make these records available for interdisciplinary research.

Directorate: Jackson T. Main, Director; W. Keith Kavenagh, Documents Collector.

Principal Researchers: Ernesto Chinchilla Aguilar (History), Pedro Carrasco (Anthropology), James V. Cornehls (Economics), James B. McKenna (Romance Languages), John Pratt (History).

Funds: State University of New York; various foundations.

Description: The Institute was created in 1966 to provide a central location for the comparative study of European colonies in the New World. Its purpose is to collect on microfilm and make available for interdisciplinary research through a computer rapid-retrieval system, colonial public records and private papers of the British, Spanish, Portuguese, Dutch, and French during the 16th, 17th, and 18th centuries. Currently, the microfilm collection includes local histories, town and county records, and private papers from the American colonies as well as some material from Spain and Mexico.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Main, Jackson T. *The Upper House in Revolutionary America*, Madison: University of Wisconsin Press, September 1967.
- McKenna, James B. *A Spaniard in the Portuguese Indies*, Cambridge: Harvard University Press, September 1967.
- Pratt, John. *Religion, Politics, and Diversity*, Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Socio-economic alignments in Revolutionary America.
- The scope and importance of local government in colonial New York.
- Population expansion and economic opportunity in colonial New York.
- Microfilm collection of materials currently focused on Mexico, Spain, and town and county records of various British-American colonies.

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, Carolina Population Center

Address: 500 Pittsboro Street
Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27514

Focus: Studies on the different aspects of the total population field.

Directorate: Moye W. Freymann, Director.

Principal Researchers: The Center's professional staff includes approximately 75 of the University's faculty members from the departments of Anthropology, Sociology, Psychology, Economics, Political Science, Religion, Biostatistics, Health Administration, Health Education, Obstetrics, and others.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Rockefeller Foundation; The Conservation Foundation; National Institutes of Health; United States Agency for International Development (AID); Population Council; State of North Carolina.

Description: The Carolina Population Center coordinates and stimulates population research activities, supports special study group activities, and provides population reference services. It sponsors special training and research seminars and assists in building population studies into University departmental courses. It maintains close relationships with several geographic areas where there is strong interest in population studies and family planning programs. Foreign areas of concentration are India, Thailand, United Arab Republic, and Chile.

Recent Representative Publications:
Price, Daniel O., editor. *The Ninety-Ninth Hour* (on population policy in the U.S.A.).
Zopf, Paul E. "North Carolina: A Demographic Profile."
The U.N.C. Press is initiating a Population Series of books and monographs.
The Carolina Population Center issues a brochure and the quarterly *C.P.C. News*.

Representative Studies in Progress: Current research includes studies on psychodynamics of fertility, social organization and demographic change, cultural diffusion of family planning practices, population dynamics, population genetics, development of a computerized information retrieval system in the population field, the influence of religious systems on population dynamics, the economics of population programs, development of population policies, educational and organizational problems in family planning program development, and population program administration.

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, Institute for Research in Social Science

Address: Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27515

Focus: Interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary social science research.

Directorate: James W. Prothro, Director.

Principal Researchers: F. T. Cloak, Jr. (Anthropology), William C. Fleming (Political Science), Ralph A. Gakenheimer (City & Regional Planning), Frederico G. Gil (Political Science), John Gulick (Anthropology), Amos H. Hawley (Sociology), John J. Honigmann (Anthropology), William R. Keech (Political Science), James W. Prothro (Political Science).

Funds: State funds; various private foundations; federal agencies.

Description: The Institute was founded in 1924 to study the problems of Southern regional development. Since that time, funds have become available and interest has increased sufficiently to support a broad program of cross-cultural and comparative studies by participating faculty. The Institute concentrates on stimulating new efforts and providing administrative support by the use of research and secretarial assistance and the provision of access to quantitative data-processing equipment and statistical consultation.

Recent Representative Publications:

Cloak, F. T., Jr. "Cultural Microevolution," *Research Reviews*, Vol. 13, November 1966.

Fleming, William G. "Authority, Efficiency, and Role-Stress: Problems in the Development of East African Bureaucracies," *Administrative Science Quarterly*, Vol. 11, December 1966.

Gakenheimer, Ralph A. "The Beginnings of Growth and Scarcity," in *The Role of the City in the Modernization of Latin America*, edited by Glenn Beyer, Ithaca: Cornell University Press, in press.

Gulick, John. *Tripoli: A Modern Arab City*, Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1967.

———. "Village and City Cultural Continuities in 20th Century Middle Eastern Cities," chapter in a book on *Middle Eastern Urbanism*, edited by I. M. Lapidus, Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press, forthcoming.

Hawley, Amos H., Winich Asavasena, and J. Y. Peng. "National Programs: Achievements and Problems: Thailand," in *Family Planning and Population Programs*, edited by Bernard Berelson *et al.*, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1966.

——— and Edgar W. Butler. *The Urbanization of Society*, New York: The Ronald Press, forthcoming.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Cloak, F. T., Jr. Northern Paiute cultural change.

Fleming, William C. National-international linkages, Sub-Saharan Africa : case studies of international attitudes and transactions of Ghana and Uganda.

Gil, Frederico G. Comparative study of modern political parties of the left in Latin America, excluding the Communists.

Gulick, John. Urban anthroplogy: comparative study of urban cultures.

Honigmann, John J. Incipient urbanization in northern Canada,

Keech, William R. Causes of defeats of Congressional incumbents, 1946-1966.

Prothro, J. W. Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales, Santiago, Chile.

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NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY, Center for Southeast Asian Studies

Address: De Kalb, Illinois 60115

Focus: Economic and political integration of minorities in Southeast Asia, with emphasis on Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia and the Philippines.

Directorate: M. Ladd Thomas, Coordinator.

Principal Researchers: Joseph Cooke, Hans-Dieter Evers, Norman Nicholson, M. Ladd Thomas, Paul van der Veur, Joe Wilkinson.

Funds: University support during initial stage of program.

Description: The Center coordinates the research projects of the Southeast Asian Studies Program, with particular emphasis on the research project involving field studies by faculty members on integration of minorities in Southeast Asia.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Cooke, Joseph. Ethno-linguistic problems among the Pwo Karen in Northern Thailand.

Evers, Hans-Dieter. The elites, social organization of the bureaucracy and the role and organization of Buddhism in Southeast Asia.

Nicholson, Norman. The Indian minority in Malaysia.

Parmer, Norman. Historical facets of twentieth century Malaya.

Thomas, M. Ladd. The socio-economic approach to political integration of the Thai-Islam in Southern Thailand.

Wilkinson, Joe. Patterns of economic integration in Northeast Thailand.

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NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY, Council for Intersocietal Studies

Address: 1818 Sheridan Road
Evanston, Illinois 60201

Focus: Interdisciplinary comparative examination of social change, particularly in developing societies.

Directorate: Richard D. Schwartz, Director.

Principal Researchers: Participating University faculty.

Funds: University; Ford Foundation.

Description: The Council has wide ranging activities. Work has been done on socio-political factors affecting economic development. Case studies have been initiated on developing societies in selected African and Latin American countries, and are now being extended to Asian countries, as well. Each faculty member does his own individual research, but there may be common sites of field work and data sharing. The data pool efforts have led to some cross-referencing work of use to the Human Relations Area files (Entry No. 188). The Council also is developing strong relationships with foreign professional schools. Among these are the Business School activities in Venezuela, and School of Education interrelated research projects in progress at Universidad del Valle in Cali, Colombia.

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UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, Committee on International Relations

Address: Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

Focus: Contemporary international political problems.

Directorate: Stephen D. Kertesz, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: George A. Brinkley, Robert H. Evans, Matthew A. Fitzsimons, Edward A. Goerner, John J. Kennedy.

Funds: 1949-1965, the Rockefeller Foundation; since 1965, support has come from the Ford Foundation.

Description: Established in 1949 as an autonomous body of professors, the Committee's general objectives are to foster interest in the study of international relations through lecture series, discussion groups, and symposia; to promote the individual research and cooperative inquiries of its members; to publish the results of significant research in the fields of international relations; to provide opportunities for increasing the effectiveness of its members as teachers in the several social sciences; and to make available graduate student assistantships. The Committee also coordinates the research conducted under the various area study programs of the University and maintains an International Documentation Center.

Recent Representative Publications:

The Committee publishes an International Studies series, now numbering thirty-five books on the problems of democracies in international politics, the task of diplomacy, Soviet policy, special problems of East Central Europe and Latin America, the role of democratic political institutions, and the influence of the predominant social and political ideas of the 20th century on international affairs.

Representative Studies in Progress:

The Committee's present program of research is concerned mainly with the role of ideas, institutions, and practices of Western civilization in the contemporary world. The focal point is the common cultural heritage of the countries of Europe and the Americas. The Committee has a special interest in studies on problems of contemporary diplomacy.

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OHIO UNIVERSITY, Center for International Studies

Address: Athens, Ohio 45701

Focus: Interdisciplinary research in Africa and Southeast Asia.

Directorate: J. Norman Palmer, Director; Alan R. Booth, Director of African Studies; Paul W. van der Veur, Director of Southeast Asian Studies.

Principal Researchers: Africa: Edward Baum (Government), Frank Bernard (Geography), Alan R. Booth (History), Edwin G. Charle, Jr. (Economics), Benjamin G. Dennis (Sociology and Anthropology), Gifford B. Doxsee (History), Gilbert D. Schneider (Linguistics), Robert Vickers (Art History), Richard F. Weisfelder (Government); Southeast Asia: John Cady (History), Willard Elsbree (Government), William Harlan (Sociology), Julia Lin (Languages), John Nosco (Philosophy), Troy Organ (Philosophy), J. Norman Palmer (History), N.J.D. Versluys (Anthropology), Paul W. van der Veur (Government).

Funds: University funding; National Defense Education Act.

Description: The Center sponsors research in the two areas of its concern, Africa and Southeast Asia. In addition, it sponsors and assists in the development of the academic curriculum through the regular academic departments. Research is supported particularly in the fields of anthropology, art, economics, geography, government, history, and linguistics.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Booth, Alan R. Research in Lesotho, with several associates.

Charle, Edwin G. Research at the East African Institute of Social Research, Kampala, Uganda.

Palmer, J. Norman. In Kuala Lumpur, completing a book dealing with Malaysia.

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OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY, Crime and Delinquency Research Project

Address: Department of Sociology,
1775 South College Road
Columbus, Ohio 43210

Focus: Basic research in the fields of crime and delinquency, their treatment and prevention, and efforts to operationalize certain newly-pronounced theories.

Directorate: Three professors share the responsibility for directing the project.

Principal Researchers: Simon Dinitz, Thomas G. Eynon, Jay Lowe, Walter C. Reckless, and one research associate, three graduate research assistants, and several Ph.D. dissertation candidates and M.A. candidates.

Funds: Ohio State University Development Fund; National Institute of Mental Health, via Ohio State University Research Foundation; Office of Research of Ohio State University; departmental use of statistical equipment (computer).

Description: The project is engaged in pioneer work in the field of research on crime and delinquency. In order to break new ground, much work is done through the fluidity of the project's arrangements and its multiple specific projects.

Recent Representative Publications:

Mylonas, A. D. and Walter C. Reckless. "A Comparative Study of Attitudes toward Law and Law Enforcement Agencies in Greece and in the United States," to be published January 1968 in the Journal of Research in Crime and Delinquency.

Reckless, Walter C. and Simon Dinitz. "Pioneering with Self-Concept as a Vulnerability Factor in Delinquency." Journal of Criminal Law, Criminology and Police Science, Fall 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Reckless, Walter C. and Simon Dinitz. Treated and untreated prevention of delinquency--a followup of a delinquency prevention project in the 7th grade of inner-city junior high schools, Columbus, Ohio.

_______________ and Thomas G. Eynon. A study of self-perception of boys as a measure of impact of a training school for juvenile offenders.

_______________ and A. D. Mylonas. Development of a diagnostic predictive instrument for intake departments of juvenile courts and training schools.

________________________________. An international study of attitudes toward law of adult offenders, laborers, police, prison guards, etc.

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OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY, Disaster Research Center

Address: 404 B. West 17th Avenue
Columbus, Ohio 43210

Focus: Scientific study of individual, group, and organizational responses to community disasters in this country and overseas.

Directorate: Russell R. Dynes and E. L. Quarantelli, Co-Directors

Principal Researchers: The Center has a staff of 16 professional people, plus supporting clerical and secretarial personnel.

Funds: National Institute of Mental Health; Air Force Office of Scientific Research; Office of Civil Defense.

Description: The Disaster Research Center, reportedly the only one of its kind in the world, was established at Ohio State University in August 1963. The Center is engaged in a variety of social science research studies of the reactions of individuals, groups, and organizations in community-wide disasters. Since its inception, studies have been conducted in 40 different disasters, including earthquakes (in Japan, Alaska, Chile, El Salvador and Greece), hurricanes, floods, and tornadoes, in 12 states of this country. Explosions and fires, destructive seismic waves, and major dam breaks have also been studied in such places as Australia, Italy, Canada, and different parts of the United States. The Center also coordinates the work of engineering and medical personnel interested in more technical aspects of disasters. A laboratory equipped with audio and visual recording devices is the locale of another part of the research program. Besides collecting its own data, the Center also serves as a repository for data collected in previous research by other agencies. The core of the Center's research library is provided by the extensive records gathered by the former Disaster Research Group of the National Academy of Sciences. Materials and findings of the Center are available to all public and private agencies which cope with disaster problems. The Center has its own monograph series and also publishes a quarterly newsletter, Unscheduled Events.

Recent Representative Publications:

Drabek, Thomas. Disaster in Aisle 13: A Case Study of the Coliseum Explosion at the Indiana State Fairgrounds, October 31, 1963, Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University, College of Commerce and Administration, 1967.

_____________. Laboratory Simulation of a Police Communication System Under Stress, Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University, College of Commerce and Administration, 1967.

_____________ and E. L. Quarantelli. "Scapegoats, Villains and Disasters," Trans-Action, Vol. 4, No. 4, March 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Dynes, Russell. Organized behavior in disaster: analysis and conceptualization.

Rosow, Irving. Authority in natural disasters.
Yutzy, Daniel. Functional priorities in the response of Anchorage to the Alaskan earthquake of March 27, 1964.

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OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY, Division of Research, Center for Human Resource Research

Address: 1775 South College Road
Columbus, Ohio 43210

Focus: The role of manpower in economic growth and development in both advanced and developing economies.

Directorate: S. C. Kelley, Director.

Principal Researchers: Peter S. Barth (Economics), Thomas N. Chirikos (Division of Research), Belton M. Fleisher (Economics), Martin D. Keller (Preventive Medicine), S. C. Kelley (Economics), Robert C. Miljus (Business Organization), Thomas M. Ostrum (Psychology), Herbert S. Parnes (Economics), Donald P. Sanders (Education), and Ruth S. Spitz (Economics).

Funds: Ohio State University Division of Research; Technical Assistance contracts with the Agency for International Development (AID) and the Pan American Union; Research contract with U.S. Department of Labor/OMPER.

Description: In its research, the Center explores the nature of the labor market mechanism, its efficiency in providing optimal allocation and utilization of manpower, methods of forecasting manpower requirements and supplies, and methods of planning educational and training institutions to meet the development objectives of an economy. The Center is currently under contract to provide technical assistance to the Governments of Ecuador and Bolivia in human resource development and planning. Under a contract with the Agency for International Development (AID), training seminars are held for AID Human Resources officers in Latin America. The Center also conducts longitudinal studies of the labor force behavior of national samples.

Recent Representative Publications:
Human Resource Planning and Development, September 1967.
Human Resource Plan for Ecuador, October 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Human Resource Plan for Bolivia, June 1968.

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OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY, Mershon Center for Education in National Security

Address: 199 West 10th Avenue
Columbus, Ohio 43201

Focus: Interdisciplinary studies in national security and policy-making processes.

Directorate: James A. Robinson, Director.

Principal Researchers: Timothy C. Brock (Psychology), William T. Burke (Law), Philip M. Burgess (Political Science and Behavorial Science Laboratory), Anthony G. Greenwald (Psychology), Randall B. Ripley (Political Science), and James A. Robinson (Political Science).

Funds: Endowment by bequest of the late Colonel D. Mershon; contracts and grants.

Description: The operating premise of the Center is that progress toward identification, analysis, and solution of national security problems lies in the collaboration of the social sciences and the natural and physical sciences in the investigation of particular problems, and in the invention and refinement of techniques of analysis. The Center selects themes to determine the support of particular projects, aiming at a balance among sub-national, national, and trans-national aspects of security, and between analysis of problems and the advancement of research methodology. The Center's current major interests are U.S., NATO, and the Atlantic Community; ocean law, science, and policy; national policy-making institutions (e.g., Congress, Defense and State Departments) and processes (e.g., decision-making and communication); and simulation (both computer and man-computer) of decision and social processes.

Recent Representative Publications. The following and others are available from the Ohio State University Press:

Books:

- Ambler, John S. The French Army in Politics, 1945-1962.
- Burgess, Philip M. Elite Images and Foreign Policy Outcomes: The Case of Norway.
- Green, Philip. Deadly Logic: The Theory of Nuclear Deterrence.
- Larus, Joel. Nuclear Weapons Safety and the Common Defense.
- Millett, Allan R. The Politics of Intervention: The Military Occupation of Cuba.
- Snyder, William P. The Politics of British Defense Policy.
- Xydis, Stephen G. Cyprus: Conflict and Conciliation, 1954-58.

Pamphlets:

- Burke, William T. Ocean Sciences, Technology, and the Future International Law of the Sea.
- Kent, George. The Effects of Threats in Bargaining.
- Slater, Jerome. A Revaluation of Collective Security: The OAS in Action.

Representative Studies in Progress:

- Alexander, Lewis M. American policy on control and use of sea areas.
- Brock, Timothy C. Social psychology of selective communication.
- Bryson, Phillip J. German foreign aid policy.
- Fedder, Edwin H. The theory of alliance.
- Greenwald, Anthony G. Propaganda and attitude persistence.
- Moore, Denton R. Impacts on law and policy of political influence and technological change in the U.S. fishing industry.
- Stupak, Ronald J. Dean Acheson: The Secretary of State as a policy-maker.

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UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Institute of International Studies and Overseas Administration

Address: 107 Commonwealth Hall
Eugene, Oregon 97403

Focus: Non-Western areas; problems of developing countries; U.S. foreign policy and administration; and comparative studies in international and foreign affairs.

Directorate: John Gange, Director; Clarence E. Thurber, Deputy Director.

Principal Researchers:

Recipients of research grants from IISOA are:

Robert L. Allen (Economics), George Andrews (Architecture), Alfred Bloom (Religion), Louis Breger (Psychology), Clyde Browning (Business Administration), Edward Cale (Economics), James C. Davies (Political Science), Samuel Dicken (Geography), Robert Dubin (Sociology), R. Gennaro Falconeri (History), David Finlay (Political Science), Daniel Goldrich (Political Science), Carl Johannessen (Geography), Gene E. Martin (Geography), William McGreevey (Economics), Raymond F. Mikesell (Economics), William Naff (Japanese Language), Angela Palandri (Chinese Language), Clyde Patton (Geography), Lester Seligman (Political Science), Richard A. Smith (Architecture), Dwight Wallace (Anthropology), John Woodham (History).

Funds: Ford Foundation; Carnegie Corporation; Elida B. Langley Charitable Trust; state of Oregon.

Description: The Institute acts as a catalytic and supporting agent for developing non-Western area programs on a multidisciplinary basis, for stimulating and funding faculty research and graduate research training in these areas, and for broadening the graduate and undergraduate curriculum to include international and non-Western studies.

Recent Representative Publications: The Institute does not publish research findings. Each scholar receiving a grant is responsible for publication in an appropriate journal.

Representative Studies in Progress: Currently the Institute is supporting research and research training in three broad fields:
Problems of financial investment and growth.
Problems of rural change, rural-urban migration and urban change.
Problems of political and social organization and change.

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UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, Foreign Policy Research Institute

Address: Room 102, 133 South 36th Street
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19104

Focus: International relations.

Directorate: Robert Strausz-Hupe, Director; William R. Kintner, Deputy Director.

Principal Researchers: ORBIS: Robert C. Herber (Managing Editor), Margaret M. Capotrio (Assistant Editor); Political Science: James E. Dougherty, Morton Gordon, Robert L. Pfaltzgraff, David C. Schwartz, and Thomas C. Wiegele.

Funds: Ford Foundation and Rockefeller Foundation grants; other foundation, corporation, and individual grants to the Institute.

Description: The Foreign Policy Research Institute, established in February 1955, is devoted to nonpartisan research and publication in international relations. In its evolving research program it seeks to examine the fundamental, long-range problems of United States foreign policy, the developments within the communist world, East-West interactions, the problems of development in Asia, Africa, and Latin America, and the influence of technology on the future political order. It also seeks to relate academic research to both the theoretical and operational aspects of foreign policy, and to provide individuals and organizations, both governmental and private, with analyses of international trends. The Institute publishes ORBIS, a quarterly journal of world affairs, now in its eleventh year, and has recently established a research monograph series.

Recent Representative Publications:
Kintner, William R. Peace and the Strategy Conflict, New York: Praeger, summer 1967.
Reidy, Joseph W. Strategy for the Americas, New York: McGraw-Hill, 1966.

Research Monograph Series:
Kohn, Hans. Nationalism in the Atlantic Community.
Pfaltzgraff, Robert L., Jr. The British Common Market Decision and Beyond.
Ploss, Sidney I. The Soviet Leadership Between Cold War and Détente.
______________. Soviet Politics Since the Fall of Khrushchev.
______________. To the Twenty-Third Congress of the Soviet Communist Party.
Richman, Alvin. A Scale of Events Along a Conflict Cooperation Continuum.
Skoczylas, Elehie. The Realities of Soviet Anti-Semitism.

Representative Studies in Progress:
The future of the Atlantic alliance, 1967.
Toward a partial theory of international alignment, 1968.

A study of Central America, 1967.
Sino-Soviet policies in Southern Asia, 1967.
The nature of sublimited warfare, 1968.
Western European elite attitude survey, 1968.
Conflict management in European political systems, 1968.

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UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, International Studies of Values in Politics

Address: 133 South 36th Street
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 10104

Focus: Cross-cultural, interdisciplinary research.

Directorate: Philip E. Jacob, Director.

Principal Researchers: Scholars from the University and the participating countries (India, Poland, Yugoslavia, and the United States).

Funds: Agency for International Development (AID); Department of State; National Science Foundation; other government agencies and private foundations.

Description: The program performs research in four countries to determine how the values of local political leaders influence the mobilization of community effort, the resolution of community conflict, and the growth of political responsibility under different systems of government and conditions of economic development.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Przeworski, Adam and Henry Teune. "Equivalence in Cross-National Research," *Public Opinion Quarterly*, Vol. 30, 1966-67.
- Teune, Henry. "Advantages and Problems of International Collaboration in Social Science Research," *Background*, Journal of the International Studies Association, Vol. 10. No. 2, August 1966.
- Reports of the First, Second, Third, and Fourth International Roundtables, International Studies of Values in Politics, University of Pennsylvania.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Study of the interaction of social values and political responsibility in four developing countries.

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PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY, Institute for Research on Human Resources, International Student Training Research Project

Address: 411 Boucke Building
University Park, Pennsylvania 16802

Focus: Research on manpower utilization and development.

Directorate: Jacob J. Kaufman, Director.

Principal Researcher: John C. Shearer.

Funds: University of Chicago.

Description: The Institute's foreign area research project, funded by the University of Chicago, will analyze the training of students from underdeveloped countries in foreign universities with respect to the effectiveness of this training on the economic and social development of their native countries. Included in the topics being studied are the costs and benefits of study abroad, formal university training, and on-the-job training -- all being studied within the context of investment in human resources. The project will focus primarily on U.S. training of Latin American students, and methodologies will be developed for evaluating similar situations for students from other countries.

Recent Representative Publications:
Reconnaissance Studies on International Trade in Skills, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1967.

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PRINCETON UNIVERSITY, Department of Economics, Industrial Relations Section

Address: P. O. Box 248
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Focus: [illegible]arch in labor, manpower, education, and industrial relations in the U.S. and othe[illegible]ountries.

Directorate: Frederick H. Harbison, Director.

Principal Researchers: William G. Bowen, J. Douglas Brown, Frederick H. Harbison, George Johnson, Harry H. Kelejian, Richard A. Lester, Joseph D. Mooney, Albert Rees, Mrs. Anne Somers, and Herman M. Somers.

Funds: Rockefeller endowment; grants from 83 companies and eight trade unions. About half the budget each year is covered by project financing by the Government and the major foundations.

Description: As a research bureau, the Section publishes reports and annotated bibliographies, including books and briefer summaries and analyses of current developments in labor and industrial relations in this country and foreign areas. A more recent function of the Section is research on economic growth in newly developing countries, with particular reference to manpower and education. The Section has active contacts with groups working on economic problems in approximately 25 foreign countries. As a reference library in industrial relations, it collects books, periodicals, pamphlets, reports, and documents illustrating or growing out of the relations of employers, employees, and government. The Section sponsors a labor relations seminar each year to which undergraduates, graduate students, and faculty members are invited. It also sponsors conferences and seminars on industrial relations, national manpower policy, and related subjects.

Recent Representative Publications:
Corazzini, A. J. Vocational Education, A Study of Benefits and Costs (mimeographed), 1966.
Diejomaoh, Victor P. Economic Development in Nigeria, Its Problems, Challenges, and Prospects, Report Series No. 107, 1965.
Harbison, Frederick H. and William G. Bowen. Unemployment in a Prosperous Economy, A Report of the Princeton Manpower Symposium, Report Series No. 108, 1965.
__________________ and Joseph D. Mooney. Critical Issues in Employment Policy, A Report of the Princeton Manpower Symposium, Report Series No. 109, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Economics of labor force participation in the United States.
Employment objectives and manpower development (cross-national studies including countries in Asia, Africa, and Latin America.)
A systems analysis of the operations of the U.S. labor market.

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PRINCETON UNIVERSITY, Walker Foundation, International Finance Section.

Address: Princeton, New Jersey 03540

Focus: International financial affairs and policies.

Directorate: Fritz Machlup, Director; Mary B. Fernholz, Assistant to the Director.

Principal Researchers: Benjamin J. Dohen, Anthony M. Lanyi.

Funds: Walker Foundation; Walker Professorship of Economics and International Finance.

Description: The research activities of the Section are directed particularly to problems concerning international financial affairs and policies. In addition to the results of its own research, the Section also publishes essays, monographs, reports, and books concerned with various aspects of international finance written by persons outside as well as members of the University.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Princeton Studies in International Finance:
  - Cohen, Benjamin. Adjustment Costs and the Distribution of New Reserves, October 1966.
  - Sohmen, Egon. The Theory of Forward Exchange, August 1966.
  - Whitman, Marina von Neumann. International and Interregional Payments Adjustment: A Synthetic View, February 1967.
- Essays in International Finance:
  - Fleming, J. Marcus. Toward Assessing the Need for International Reserves, February 1967.
  - Glahe, Fred R. An Empirical Study of the Foreign-Exchange Market: Test of a Theory, No. 20, June 1967.
  - Kriz, Miroslav A. Gold: Barbarous Relic or Useful Instrument, No. 60, June 1967.
  - Ruff, Gunther. A Dollar-Reserve System as a Transitional Solution, January 1967.
  - Wang, N. T. New Proposals for the International Finance of Development, April 1967.
  - Young, John Parke. United States Gold Policy: The Case for Change, October 1966.

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PRINCETON UNIVERSITY, Center of International Studies

Address: Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Focus: International politics; foreign policy, diplomacy and international organization; comparative politics; political, social and economic modernization; national defense and military policy; and international economic problems.

Directorate: Klaus Knorr, Director.

Principal Researchers:
Faculty Associates, whose research is supported by the Center, and Research Associates, who are visiting scholars invited to the Center for terms of one or more years.

Funds: University resources; Ford Foundation; Carnegie Corporation of New York; other sources.

Description: The Center of International Studies was established at Princeton University in 1951 as a division of the Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs. The Center's primary purpose is to promote and support research in international relations and comparative politics, on problems of modernization, and on appropriate aspects of foreign and national security policy. It also serves the important ancillary purposes of strengthening the University's teaching faculties in the social sciences and of training young scholars in research. In addition to conducting frequent seminars, the Center publishes the periodical World Politics.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Black, C. E. The Dynamics of Modernization, New York: Harper & Row, 1967.
- Eckstein, Harry. Division and Cohesion in Democracy: A Study of Norway, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1966.

Knorr, Klaus. On the Uses of Military Power in the Nuclear Age, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1966.
Kunstadter, Peter, editor. Southeast Asian Tribes, Minorities, and Nations, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1967.
Wolfenstein, E. Victor. The Revolutionary Personality: Lenin, Trotsky, Ghandi, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Craig, G. and P. Paret, editors. Selected works: Carl von Clausewitz.
Falk, R. and C. Black, editors. The future of the international legal order.
Halpern, M. Conflict and change in traditional society.
Hermann, C. Methods for the study of foreign policy.
Knorr, K. and J. Rosenau. New approaches to the study of international relations.
Massell, G. The strategy of social change in Soviet Central Asia.
McAlister, J. R., Jr. Vietnam: the origins of revolution.
Tucker, R. Marxism: theory and ideology.
Young, O. Bargaining in international crises.

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PRINCETON UNIVERSITY, Office of Population Research

Address: Princeton, New Jersey 08540

Focus: Demographic research.

Directorate: Ansley J. Coale, Director; Charles F. Westoff, Associate Director; Frederick F. Stephan, Consultant.

Principal Researchers: Irene B. Taeuber, Senior Research Demographer; Clyde V. Kiser and Frank W. Notestein, Visiting Senior Research Demographers; Paul G. Demeny, Visiting Research Demographer; Etienne van de Walle, Research Demographer; Larry Bumpass, Dorothy Good, John Knodel, Massimo Livi-Bacci, Research Staff; Pravin M. Visaria, Visiting Research Staff; Erna Harm, Research Assistant; and Shirrell Buhler, Professional Technical Staff.

Funds: Princeton University; Rockefeller Foundation; Ford Foundation; Milbank Memorial Fund; National Science Foundation; National Institutes of Health; Population Council; Carnegie Foundation.

Description: The Office of Population Research was established in 1936 to develop research and instruction in a field that touches many social and economic problems. The research work has covered a wide range of topics, from specific components of population change to the interactions of population, social, and economic trends in many parts of the world. From time to time the Office has cooperated with the League of Nations, the United Nations, the Department of State, the Bureau of the Census, and other national and international agencies. It publishes Population Index, which is an official organ of the Population Association of America and of the International Union for the Scientific Study of Population. The Office maintains a statistical laboratory and a technical branch of the Firestone Library.

Recent Representative Publications:
Brass, Coale, et al. The Demography of Tropical Africa, Princeton: Princeton University Press, in press.
Westoff, Charles F. and Raymond H. Potvin. College Women and Fertility Values, Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Studies of American fertility.
The demography of the Far East.
Comparative international studies.
Methods of analysis in demography.

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UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO, Institute of Caribbean Studies

Address: Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico 00928

Focus: Interdisciplinary research in the Caribbean area.

Directorate: Thomas C. Mathews, Director.

Principal Researchers: Fuat M. Andic (Economics), Suphan Andic (Economics), Juan Rodriguez Cruz (History and Politics), Thomas C. Mathews (Political Science).

Funds: Ford Foundation; University of Puerto Rico.

Description: The purposes of the Institute are to encourage, support and serve as a center for scholarly research and exchange in the Caribbean, to give disciplinary training to Caribbean specialists, and to stimulate interest in the Caribbean among the University community.

Recent Representative Publications:
- Monograph Series:
  - Andic, Fuat M. Distribution of Family Incomes in Puerto Rico, No. 1
  - Simpson, George E. The Shango Cult in Trinidad, No. 2.
  - Gastman, Albert M. The Politics of Surinam and the Netherlands Antilles, No. 3.
- Special Studies Series:
  - Dillard, J. L. Afro-American Vehicle and other Names, No. 1.
  - Andic, Fuat M. and Suphan Andic. Fiscal Survey of the French West Indies, No. 2.
  - Mathews, Thomas C. and others. Politics and Economics in the Caribbean, No. 3.
  - Tirado, Irma G. La Elasticidad-Ingreso de la Contribucion sobre Ingresos en Puerto Rico y Jamaica, 1955-1963, No. 4.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Political organization in Latin America: comparative bureaucracies.
- Small islands in the modern world.
- Ideologies and attitudes of the Spanish "Intelligentsia" in the Caribbean.
- Productivity changes in Puerto Rico, Jamaica and Trinidad in the last fifteen years.

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RICE UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in Social Change and Economic Development

Address: 6100 South Main Street
Houston, Texas 77001

Focus: Social change.

Directorate: Edward Norbeck, Director.

Principal Researchers: Louis Galambos, Mary Ellen Goodman, William McCord, Juan Marsal, Edward Norbeck, Douglass Price-Williams, Gaston Rimlinger, Wayne Wheeler.

Funds: Advanced Research Projects Agency (ARPA).

Description: Research conducted under the auspices of the Center, which was established at Rice University in the fall of 1966, concerns social change, with emphasis on social change associated with economic development. The Center is governed by a Council, composed of seven faculty members, of which one is to serve as Director.

Representative Studies in Progress:
- Marsal, Juan. Comparative study of political intellectuals and their ideologies in three Spanish-speaking countries; estimated date of completion 1968.

McCord, William. The impact of industrialization on values in the Middle East, 1967.
Norbeck, Edward. Social and economic change in Japan; estimated date of completion 1968.
Price-Williams, Douglass. A cross-cultural study of psychological differentiation; estimated date of completion 1968.

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SAN FRANCISCO STATE COLLEGE, Institute for Research on International Behavior

Address: 1600 Holloway Avenue
San Francisco, California 94132

Focus: Psycho-political aspects of international relations, with emphasis on decision-making, communication, and perception studies.

Directorate: Ralph M. Goldman, Director.

Principal Researcher: Jerome E. Podell (Psychology).

Funds: Project contracts (e.g., Office of Naval Research).

Description: The Institute was established in 1958 by Professor Charles A. McClelland in connection with a three-year research project, under a grant from the Carnegie Corporation. Since then its research staff has served on a voluntary basis without Institute remuneration, or under sponsored research contract. The Institute applies game theory, organizational decision-making, and the historical experience of political transactions in order to understand how to manage international conflict and in order to develop conditions for achievement of arms control.

Recent Representative Publications:
"A Theory of Conflict Processes and Organizational Offices," *Conflict Resolution*, September 1966.
"The Political Context of Arms Control," *Conflict Resolution*, Fall 1963.
"Review of Amatai Etzioni's *Winning Without War*," in *Political Science Quarterly*, September 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Conflict processes and organization offices.
International decisionmakers and their reference groups.
The emerging international party system.
Political transactions relevant to arms control.
Simulations of political transactions in world affairs.

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UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, Research Institute on Communist Strategy and Propaganda

Address: University Park
Los Angeles, California 90007

Focus: Research and publication in the field of Communist affairs.

Directorate: Rodger Swearingen, Director.

Principal Researchers: Dr. George Urban, Senior Research Associate; Dr. Alan Brown, Associate Professor of Economics; Dr. William S. Caldwell, Associate Professor of Journalism; Research Associates: James Cook, Dr. Mong Ping Lee, Cdr. Hammond Rolph, Dr. Yi-Chang Yin; Ludmilla Gluschenko, Senior Translator; Ruth Portugal, Managing Editor, *Communist Affairs*; Arun K. Chaudhuri, Research Assistant; and Gen. Young Hoon Kang, Research Assistant.

Funds: Grant from Mr. and Mrs. Henry Salvatori; several foundation grants; supplementary funds from business and industry; proceeds from the sale and rental of Institute films; proceeds from subscriptions to Institute journal and from sale of Institute publications.

Description: The Research Institute was established at the University in the fall of 1961, with a substantial grant from Mr. and Mrs. Henry Salvatori. The purposes of the Institute are: 1) objective research and analysis in the field of Communist affairs for use by the academic and government communities; 2) the wide dissemination of authoritative information to nonspecialist individuals and groups; and 3) development of more effective college and secondary education in the field through media of radio, television, motion pictures, teacher training institutes, specialized text materials, and other teaching aids.

Recent Representative Publications:
Cook, James. Films relating to Communism, Los Angeles, USC/RICSP, 1965.
Communist Affairs, a bi-monthly journal published by the Institute.
Fletcher, William C. Christianity in the Soviet Union, Los Angeles, USC/RICSP, 1963.
Swearingen, Rodger, editor. Soviet and Chinese Communist Power in the World Today (based on the Charles Malamuth Memorial Lectures presented at the University of Southern California in the spring of 1966), New York: Basic Books, Inc., August 1966.
________________. Communist Strategy in Japan, 1945-1960, Santa Monica: the RAND Corporation, April 1965.
________________ and Hammond Rolph. Communism in Vietnam: A Documentary Study of its Doctrine, Strategy and Operational Practices, report performed under the auspices of the American Bar Association, estimated date of completion July 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Communism in South Vietnam.
World Communism, 1964-1966.
International Communist front organizations.
Sino-African relations.
The continuing Sino-Russian dialogue.
A country-by-country survey of current economic development in the Communist countries.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, The Hoover Institution on War, Revolution, and Peace

Address: Stanford, California 94305

Focus: Political, social, economic, and military factors which relate to war, revolution, and peace movements in the 20th century.

Directorate: W. Glenn Campbell, Director; Witbold S. Sworakowski, Assistant Director; Alan H. Belmont, Executive Assistant to the Director.

Principal Researchers: Stefan T. Possony, Director, International Political Studies Program; Peter Duignan, Director, African Studies Program; Karl Brandt, Senior Research Fellow; Research Fellows: R. K. Chang, Theodore Draper, Paul J. Friedrich, Philip A. Ray, Edward J. Rozek, Dimitri von Mohronschildt, Bertram D. Wolfe; Senior Staff Members: Richard V. Allen, Milorad M. Drachkovitch, Roger A. Freeman; Yuan-li Wu, Consultant.

Funds: Foundation, individual, and corporation grants; Stanford University funds; endowment income; government contracts.

Description: Although best known as a major research library specializing in 20th century social and political movements, the Hoover Institution is also a research center of growing importance. Studies by staff members and visiting scholars have tended to concentrate on communism and revolution in Europe and East Asia, areas in which the Institution's documentary materials are the strongest. An increasing proportion of research effort has been devoted to political, economic, and social change in Africa, Latin America, and the Middle East as the collections for these areas have grown. The Institution also holds excellent materials on Hitler and the Nazi movement as well as on Mussolini and fascism.

Recent Representative Publications:

- Cheng, J. Chester, editor. The Politics of the Chinese Red Army, Stanford: Hoover Institution, 1966.
- Drachkovitch, Milorad M., editor. Marxist Ideology in the Contemporary World: New York: Frederick A. Praeger, 1966.
- Duignan, Peter. Handbook of American Resources for African Studies, Stanford: Hoover Institution, 1967.
- _____________, editor, and Liselotte Hofmann, compiler. United States and Canadian Publications on Africa in 1964 (annual), Stanford: Hoover Institution, 1966.
- Rosberg, Carl G., Jr. and John Nottingham. The Myth of Mau-Mau: Nationalism in Kenya, New York: Frederick A. Praeger, 1966.
- Rue, John E. Mao Tse-Tung in Opposition, 1927-1935, Stanford: Hoover Institution, 1966.
- Schwarz, Solomon M. The Russian Revolution of 1905 (History of Menshevism Series), Chicago: University of Chicago, 1967.
- Wu, Yuan-li, et al. Arms Control Arrangements for the Far East (Prepared for the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency), Stanford: Hoover Institution, 1967.
- Wu, Eugene and Peter Berton. Contemporary China: A Research Guide (Howard E. Koch, Jr., editor), Stanford: Hoover Institution, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

- Chilcote, Ronald H. The radical left and revolutions in Latin America: a bibliography, 1967.
- Drachkovitch, Milorad M., editor. Yearbook on International Communist Affairs: 1966 (First volume of annual), 1967.
- Duignan, Peter and Lewis H. Gann. The Rulers and the Ruled (Volume I of "Colonialism in Africa" series), 1967.
- Harris, George S. The Communist movement and the formation of the Turkish republic, 1967.
- Maechel, Karol and Witbold S. Sworakowski, editors. Handbook on communist parties (designed to supplement yearbook with historical coverage from party founding through 1965), 1967.
- O'Shaughnessy, Hugh. Christian democracy in Latin America, 1967.
- Possony, Stefan T. The meaning of national self-determination, 1967.
- Smith, Bradley F. Adolph Hitler: his family, childhood and youth, 1967.
- Wolfe, Bertram D. The Bridge and the Abyss: The Troubled Friendship of V. I. Lenin and Maxim Gorky, 1967.
- _______________. Lenin and the origins of totalitarianism, 1967.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in International Studies

Address: Stanford, California 94305

Focus: New approaches to research in international studies.

Directorate: Robert M. Rosenzweig, Director.

Funds: Stanford University; Ford Foundation; other gifts and grants, both private and governmental.

Description: The Center is designed to stimulate and encourage the development of new approaches to research in international studies, particularly those involving more than one discipline or one school. It administers Stanford's overseas research and educational programs, such as the inter-university language program in Tokyo and Taipei, the Stanford-University of Warsaw graduate exchange, and the dissertation year fellowship programs in Britain, France, Germany, and Italy. An executive board of senior faculty members and administrative officers constitutes the policy-making body for the Center. The Center is also closely affiliated with the following Language and Area Centers established under the National Defense Education Act: African Studies (Joseph Greenberg, Director), East Asian Studies (Patrick Hanan, Director), and Latin American Studies (John J. Johnson, Director). The following research programs, affiliated with the Center, are described in subsequent entries:

Food Research Institute, William O. Jones, Director;
Stanford International Development Education Center, Paul R. Hanna, Director;
Research Center in Economic Growth, Emile Despres and Moses Abramowitz, Co-Directors; and:
Institute of Political Studies, Gabriel A. Almond, Director, which includes the following programs:
    Stanford Studies of the Communist System, Jan Triska, Director;
    Stanford Studies in International Conflict and Integration, Robert C. North, Director; and
    Stanford Cross-National Program on Political and Social Change, Sidney Verba, Director.

Recent Representative Publications:
Reprint series in preparation.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, **Center for Research in International Studies,** Food Research Institute

Address: Stanford, California 94305

Focus: The international economics of major world food commodities, and the nature and development of food and agricultural economics in the underdeveloped world.

Directorate: William O. Jones, Director.

Principal Researchers: Kenneth R. M. Anthony, Robert C. Brown, John B. Cownie, Carl K. Eicher, Helen C. Farnsworth, Karen J. Friedman, Roger W. Gray, John A. Jamison, Bruce F. Johnston, Paul I. Mandell, Benton F. Massell, Ross M. Parish, Rosamund K. Peirce, Leonard W. Schruben, Abraham Subotnik, and Victor C. Uchendu.

Funds: Carnegie Corporation of New York; Rockefeller Foundation; Stanford University; grants and contracts for support of specific projects.

Description: The basic function of the Institute is to carry on fundamental research on economic questions concerning food on an international scale. Its early research emphasized the economics of basic food commodities, especially the world food grain economy. Other major areas studied have been the agricultural economy of the Soviet Union, international commodity agreements and controls, and a broad range of tropical agricultural commodities including fats and oils, sugar, manioc, maize, coffee, tea, cocoa, and beef. A long-range study of economic development in tropical Africa, with particular reference to food and agriculture, is a major project. The Library of the Food Research Institute has collected research materials to supplement the major collections of the Stanford library system, and holds a unique collection of books, manuscripts, documents, pamphlets, and periodicals dealing with the economics of food and agriculture throughout the world. The series of statistical publications are a prime source for the study of economic change.

Recent Representative Publications:
Food Research Institute Studies (1960-), Vols. I-V. A list of specific titles in this series will be provided by the Institute upon request.
Jones, William O. Environment, Technical Knowledge, and Economic Development in Tropical Africa, Institute Study Vol. V, No. 2. (Also published in Ecology and Economic Development in Tropical Africa, David Brokensha, editor, Berkeley: Institute of International Studies, University of California, 1965.)

Representative Studies in Progress:
Anthony, Kenneth R. M. The technical determinants of agricultural change in tropical Africa.
Cownie, John B. Development of a model for integrating economic, cultural, and technical determinants of agricultural change.
Eicher, Carl K. Economic development in Nigeria.

Gray, Roger W. The investigation of price behavior in commodity markets.
Jamison, John A. A basis for evaluating marketing orders and their effect on producer bargaining power.
Johnston, Bruce F. The economic, cultural, and technical determinants of agricultural change in tropical Africa.
______. The role of agriculture in economic development.
Jones, William O. The economic, cultural, and technical determinants of change in tropical African agriculture.
______. The nature and significance of "leisure-time" activities in subsistence economies.
Mandell, Paul I. The impact of Brasilia upon the agriculture of southern Goias.
Massell, Benton F. Expenditure patterns of rural and urban populations in East Africa.
Uchendu, Victor C. The cultural determinants of change in pre-industrial societies (Africa).
______. Social organization in the context of market institutions.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in International Studies, Stanford International Development Education Center (SIDEC)

Address: Stanford, California 94305

Focus: Global view of the problems associated with providing education for human resource development for the emerging nations.

Directorate: Paul R. Hanna, Director; Eugene Staley, Co-Director; William M. Rideout, Jr., Project Coordinator.

Principal Researchers: William Platt, Robert Textor, Hans Weiler.

Funds: Stanford University; Ford and other foundations; U.S. Government; other organizations.

Description: Established in 1954, the Center is engaged in activities designed to respond to the demands of the developing nations for assistance in educational investment in human resources. The training program aims to produce educational strategists at the doctoral level with a knowledge both of the theory and process of the social sciences, and of the arts and sciences of education. A group of highly-selected post-M.A. candidates is admitted each year to undergo three years of advanced training and research.

Recent Representative Publications:
Bolibaugh, Jerry. *French Educational Strategies for Africa South of the Sahara: Their Derivation, Development, and Nature*, prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Office of Education and the Government of France; available at Stanford in microfilm and in USOE Depositories for Cooperative Research Reports.
Cummings, Richard LeRoy. *Engineering Manpower and Development in Southern Brazil: 1966-1970*, prepared in cooperation with Northern Michigan University and the Government of Brazil; available at Stanford in microfilm.
Foster, Donald. *Education as an Instrument of Economic Growth in the Republic of China*, prepared in cooperation with the Stanford Research Institute, the U.S. Office of Education, and the Republic of China; available at Stanford in microfilm and in USOE Depositories for Cooperative Research Reports.
Freeman, Harold. *The Role of Agricultural Education in the Economic Development of Thailand*, prepared in cooperation with the Ford Foundation, the U.S. Office of Education, ADC; available at Stanford in microfilm and USOE Depositories for Cooperative Research Reports.
Lucas, Gerard. *Formal Education in the Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville): A Study of Educational Policy and Practice Since World War II*, prepared in conjunction with the Ford Foundation, the U.S. Office of Education, and the Government of the Congo (Brazzaville); available at Stanford in microfilm and in USOE Depositories for Cooperative Research Reports.
Quirolgico, Delfin. *Implications of National Economic Goals of the Philippines for Vocational-Industrial Education*, prepared in cooperation with the Rockefeller Foundation and Republic of the Philippines; available at Stanford in microfilm.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Blair, Philip M. A case study of U.S. Agency for International Development support of overseas engineering education; being prepared in cooperation with the Agency for International Development and the Government of Ecuador.

Carey, Robert. Mission education and nation-building in Nigeria; available at Stanford in microfilm by January 1968.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in International Studies, Research Center in Economic Growth

Address: 4th floor, Encina Hall
Stanford, California 94305

Focus: Comparative studies in individual aspects of the economic structure, economic development in selected countries, and analysis of the formulation, execution and effectiveness of various development and foreign trade policies.

Directorate: Emile Despres and Moses Abramowitz, Co-Directors.

Principal Researchers: Paul A. David, Bert G. Hickman, Alan S. Manne, Ronald I. McKinnon.

Funds: Stanford University; Ford Foundation; other organizations.

Description: The Center was formed in the Spring of 1963 to consolidate a number of research and training activities in the fields of economic development and comparative economics. It will continue the comparative studies done by the Project for Quantitative Research in Economic Development since 1957.

Recent Representative Publications:

David, Paul A. "Measuring Real Net Output: A Proposed Index," Review of Economics and Statistics, Vol. XLVIII, No. 4, November 1966.

Lefeber, Louis and Sukhamoy Chakravarty. "Wages, Employment and Growth," Kyklos, October 1966.

McKinnon, Ronald I. "Export Expansion Through Tax Policy: The Case for a Value-Added Tax in Singapore," Malayan Economic Review, Vol. XI, No. 2, October 1966. ("Correction, Comment, Rejoinder," Ronald I. McKinnon and Richard M. Bird, Malayan Economic Review, April 1967.)

________________ and Wallace E. Oates. "The Implications of International Economic Integration for Monetary, Fiscal, and Exchange Rate Policy," Princeton Studies in International Finance, No. 16, 1966.

Tairs, Koji. "Participation by Workers' and Employers' Organizations in Economic Planning in Japan," International Labour Review, Vol. 94, No. 6, December 1966.

Winston, Gordon C. "An International Comparison of Income and Hours of Work," Review of Economics and Statistics, Cambridge: Harvard University, February 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Continuing comparative studies in economic development.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in International Studies, Institute of Political Studies

Address: Stanford, California 94305

Focus: Historical aspects of political development.

Directorate: Gabriel A. Almond, Norman Nie, R. Bingham Powell, and Sidney Verba.

Principal Researchers: Eight advanced graduate students.

Funds: Ford Foundation grant administered by the Center for Research in International Studies.

Description: The Institute is engaged in a comparative analysis of historical patterns of political development in European and Non-European countries.

Recent Representative Publications:
Almond, Gabriel A. and R. Bingham Powell. Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, 1966.
Pye, Lucian and Sidney Verba, editors. Political Culture and Political Development.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Abernathy, David. Education and political development in Nigeria.
Packenham, Robert. Foreign aid and political development.
A volume of papers related to the Institute's focus of study is scheduled to appear sometime in 1968-1969.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in International Studies, Institute of Political Studies, Stanford Studies of the Communist System

Address: 550 Salvatiena Street
Stanford, California 94305

Focus: The world communist movement as a system.

Directorate: Jan F. Triska, Director; Robert C. North, Associate Director; David D. Finley, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: David D. Finley, Robert C.North, Jan F.Triska, and about 10 researchers.

Funds: Five-year Ford Foundation grant administered by the Center for Research in International Studies.

Description: As part of the expansion of international studies throughout Stanford University, an advanced study of the world communist movement as a system was inaugurated at the Institute of Political Studies in 1963. Attention has been centered upon the communist system as a whole--its origins and development, behavior and operation, differential concepts of identification, various sub-systems and boundaries, and the severally perceived beliefs, preferences, and values of communist elites as these affect the system's cohesion Specific inquiries are under way into the basic properties of the individual units in the system and their propensities toward system harmony and system conflict.

Recent Representative Publications:
Miles, Edward L. and John S. Gillooly. Processes of Interaction Among the Fourteen Communist Party-States: An Exploratory Essay, 1965.
Mitchell, R. J. A Theoretical Approach to the Study of Communist International Organizations, 1964.
Pirages, Dennis C. Socio-Economic Development and Political Change in the Communist System.
Shippee, John S. Empirical Sociology in the East-European Communist Party-States, 1966.
Sievers, Bruce. The Divided Nations: International Integration and National Identity, 1966.
Triska, Jan F. "The Socialist World System" in Search of a Theory, 1965.
__________, David O. Beim, Noralou P. Roos, and Maurice D. Simon. The World Communist System, 1964.
__________ and John E. Rue. Pattern and Level of Risk in Communist Chinese Foreign Policy-Making: 1949-1964, 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Triska, Jan F. and David D. Finley. Soviet Foreign Policy, to be published by MacMillan & Co.; estimated date of completion 1968.

Triska, Jan F. Constitutions of the Communist Party-States, to be published by the Hoover Institution; estimated date of completion 1968.
____________. Integration Among the Fourteen Communist Party-States, to be published by Johns Hopkins Press; estimated date of completion 1968.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in International Studies, Institute of Political Studies, Stanford Studies in International Conflict and Integration

Address: Stanford, California 94305

Focus: Research and analysis on the fundamental patterns of conflictual and integrative behavior at the international level.

Directorate: Robert C. North, Director; Jan F. Triska, Associate Director; Richard A. Brody, Assistant Director; Ole R. Holsti, Research Coordinator.

Funds: Ford Foundation; Office of Naval Research.

Description: Staffed by historians and political scientists, the research and training program conducts studies in depth of crisis situations for the evaluation of the conflict potential of international actions.

Recent Representative Publications:

Ekman, Paul, Edward R. Tufts, Kathleen Archibald and Richard A. Brody. "Coping with Cuba: Divergent Policy Preferences of State Political Leaders," The Journal of Conflict Resolution, forthcoming.
Finley, David J., Ole R. Holsti, and Richard R. Fagen. Enemies in Politics, Chicago: Rand McNally, 1967.
Holsti, Ole R. "External Conflict and Internal Cohesion: The Sino-Soviet Case," in P. J. Stone, editor, The General Inquirer: A Computer Approach to Content Analysis in the Behavioral Sciences, Cambridge, Massachusetts: Massachusetts Institute of Technology Press, 1966.
____________. "Wealth, Race, Culture and International Conflict," in John H. Bunzel, editor, Issues of American Public Policy, Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall, in press.
____________ and John D. Sullivan. "National-International Linkages: France and China as Non-Conforming Alliance Members," in James N. Rosenau, editor, a forthcoming book on national-international linkages.
____________, Robert C. North, and Richard A. Brody. "Perceptions and Action in the 1914 Crisis," in J. D. Singer, editor, Quantitative International Politics: Insights and Evidence, New York: The Free Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Holsti, Ole R., Richard A. Brody and Robert C. North. The Management of International Crisis: Affect and Action in American-Soviet Relations, October 1962, in a reader edited by Richard C. Snyder and Dean Pruitt.

157

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Center for Research in International Studies, Institute of Political Studies, Stanford Cross-National Program on Political and Social Change

Address: Stanford, California 94305

Focus: Social and political change in comparative perspective.

Directorate: Sidney Verba, Institute of Political Studies, Stanford University, Director; Robert Somers, Institute for International Studies, University of California, Berkeley, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: W. Y. Himmelstrand, Hajime Ikeuchi, Rajni Kothari.

Funds: Ford Foundation and Carnegie Corporation.

Description: The Cross-National Program is a collaborative program of research with the Institute of International Studies at the University of California, Berkeley (Entry No. 7), on social and political change in five nations: India, Japan, Mexico, Nigeria, and the United States. The program has several objectives: 1) to gather parallel data about problems of change and development in the collaborating nations for in-depth comparative analysis, and to test hypotheses relevant to patterns of social and political change; 2) to contribute to the methodology and use of data of cross-national survey research; 3) to provide training and field experience for graduate students of the collaborating nations; and 4) to develop long-range collaborative relations among research groups in the five nations to facilitate future research undertakings.

Recent Representative Publications:
Program Papers Available:
General Description, December 1965.
M-1, Report on the Conference, September 1965.
M-2, Overall Framework of the Research, September 1965.
M-3b, Cross Section Interview, December 1965.
M-4a, Local Elite Interview, October 1965.
M-5, Cross Section and Local Elite Sample Designs, September 1965.
M-6, Information Regarding Local Administrative Units, September 1965.
M-7, Pretesting Activities, September 1965.
M-8a, Community Study Proposal, October 1965.
M-16, Item Inventory of Cross Section and Elite Interview Schedules by Conceptual Categories, October 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Collection and processing of data from the Program's comparative studies. Publication dates are as yet undetermined.

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STANFORD UNIVERSITY, The Institute for Communication Research

Address: Cypress Hall
Stanford, California 94305

Focus: Research into broad areas in the communication field, such as studies of international communication, use of modern communication in economic and social development, and communication in education.

Directorate: Wilbur Schramm, Director.

Principal Researchers: Senior Staff: Godwin Chu, Nathan Maccoby, William J. Paisley, Edwin B. Parker, and William L. Rivers; Research Associates: George Comstock, Ray Funkhouser, and Serena Wade. About thirty research assistants and administrative staff are employed.

Funds: Ford Foundation; United States Steel Foundation; National Education Television; National Science Foundation; government contracts; grants.

Description: The Institute for Communication Research was founded in 1955 as the research arm of the Department of Communication at Stanford University. Its activities represent broad areas in the foreign area communication field, with research projects on communication in economic and social development, media systems, communication in cultural change, and studies of educational television in developing countries.

Recent Representative Publications:
Chu, Godwin. "Problems of Cross-Cultural Communication Research," Journalism Quarterly.
Maccoby, Nathan and George Comstock. "Educational Television in Colombia."
Schramm, Wilbur. "The New Media," Paris: UNESCO.

Under the auspices of the International Institute for Educational Planning, a world-wide study, in charge of Wilbur Schramm, has been completed. Case studies have been made in some 20 countries of the use of mass media for educational purposes, and these and a general report are being published.

Representative Studies in Progress:

A replication in Asian cultures of some of the chief experiments done in the Yale program for the study of attitude changes. Godwin Chu is studying the cross-cultural generality of the results of those key experiments on which so much of communication theory depends.

Continuing examination of the potentialities of communication satellites for developing regions. A number of reports have appeared, and one is now being published by UNESCO.

An Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC), financed by the U.S. Office of Education, has been established at the Institute, to collect research on instructional media and technology, including that from other countries.

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SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY, Maxwell Graduate School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, Eastern African Studies Program

Address: Syracuse, New York 13210

Focus: Interdisciplinary studies in the Program area.

Directorate: Fred G. Burke, Director; Robert Stephens, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Ken Baer, Manfred Berlowitz, Clive Davis, Gary Gappert, Robert Gregory, Rodney Hinkle, Clyde Ingle, Marion MacDonald, Roderick MacDonald, James Newman, Andre Nitecki, Betty Potash, Marshall Segal, Aidan Southall, Manfred Stanley.

Funds: Federal and State agencies; foundations; Syracuse University.

Description: The Program, which was formally established four years ago, facilitates research by preparing extensive bibliographies, now numbering some 60,000 items, and participates in the research training of graduate students. In addition to its extensive research activities, the Program conducts operational projects in collaboration with federal agencies and foreign governments.

Recent Representative Publications:

Bibliography on Kenya.
Burke, Fred G. and Stanley Diamond, editors. Transformation in East Africa.
National Planning in Tanzania.
Occasional Papers on Rural Transformation Seminar.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Gregory, Robert. History of Indian-East African contacts.
Stanley, Manfred. East African elites.
Myers, Robert. Village income and expenditure patterns.
Brown, Brack. Land settlement - Kenya.
Southall, Aidan. Madagascar (Anthropology).
Webster, John and Ladislov Venys. Bibliography - Soviet material on eastern Africa.
Chartrand, Philip. U.D.I. - Rhodesia.
Burke, Fred. Generational conflict and political change.
Stephens, Robert. Evolution of foreign policy institutions - Eastern Africa.
Thomas, Garry and James Brain. Village settlement in Tanzania (Anthropology).
Segal, Marshal. Social psychology - Uganda.

160

SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY, Maxwell Graduate School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, International Relations and International Organization Research Program

Address: Syracuse, New York 13210

Focus: International organization, law, and administration.

Directorate: Gerard J. Mangone, Director.

Principal Researchers: Donald G. Bishop, Robert W. Gregg, Richard B. Lillich, Gerard J. Mangone, and Michael K. O'Leary.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Research Program is conducted in conjunction with a graduate program leading to a doctoral degree in international relations. It works under the guidance of a national advisory council and faculty advisory committee, and is primarily concerned with sponsoring studies in the fields of international organization, law, and administration and annual institutes on international organization affairs involving academicians and statesmen.

Recent Representative Publications:
Bishop, Donald G. The Administration of United States Foreign Policy through the United Nations, 1967.
Higgins, Rosalyn. The Administration of United Kingdom Foreign Policy through the United Nations, 1966.
Mangone, G. J., editor. UN Administration of Economic and Social Programs, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Gregg, Robert. The United Nations Regional Economic Commissions: A Case Study in Decentralization, 1968.
____________, editor. International Organization in the Western Hemisphere, 1968.
Schleicher, Charles and J.S. Bains. The Administration of Indian Foreign Policy through the United Nations, 1968.
Wheeless, Carl. The Administration of Pakistani Foreign Policy through the United Nations, 1968.

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SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY, Maxwell Graduate School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, National Planning Studies Program

Address: Syracuse, New York 13210

Focus: The building of central planning institutions in developing countries.

Directorate: Bertram M. Gross, Director.

Principal Researchers: Joachim Arndt, Douglas Elliot Ashford, Benjamin Akzin, Fred G. Burke, Yehezkel Dror, John Friedmann, Everett T. Hagen, Joseph LaPalombara, Robert J. Shafer, Stefanie F. T. White.

Funds: Federal agencies; foundations; Syracuse University.

Description: In this comparative study of the building of central planning institutions in developing countries, researchers are conducting intensive field studies of specialized national planning agencies in various parts of the world, based on a common set of definitions and concepts. While focusing mainly on specialized planning agencies, they view these institutions as part of the "central guidance complex" in each country and take special note of each country's unique social structure. The Project Director will synthesize the findings and other materials into a single publication.

Recent Representative Publications:
Akzin, Benjamin and Yehezkel Dror. Israel: High Pressure Planning, 1967.
Arndt, Hans-Joachim. West Germany: Politics and Non-Planning, 1967.
Ashford, Douglas Elliot. Morocco and Tunisia: Politics and Planning, 1966.

Burke, Fred G. Tanganyika: Pre-Planning, 1966.
Friedmann, John. Venezuela: From Doctrine to Dialogue, 1966.
Hagen, Everett E. Great Britain: Quiet Revolution in Planning, 1967.
LaPalombara, Joseph. Italy: The Politics of Planning, 1966.
Shafer, Robert J. Mexico: Mutual Adjustment Planning, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Three field studies on the building of central planning institutions in Kenya (by Zachary Onyonka), in Pakistan (by Arnold Simson) and in India (by David Warner).

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SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY, Maxwell Graduate School of Citizenship and Public Affairs, South Asia Studies Program

Address: Syracuse, New York 13210

Focus: Interdisciplinary research on South Asia.

Directorate: Oliver E. Clubb, Jr., Director.

Principal Researchers: Agehananda Bharati, Guthrie S. Birkhead, Donn V. Hart, Harry Izmirlian, Briton Martin, David E. Sopher, and Lawrence Ziring.

Funds: Federal agencies; foundations; Syracuse University

Description: The general purpose of the South Asia program is the stimulation of interest in South Asian affairs by encouraging research and providing the facilities to make this research possible. Efforts also are made to attract South Asian students and scholars to Syracuse and to enlarge library holdings.

Recent Representative Publications:
Bharati, Agehananda. The Tantric Tradition, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Bharati, Agehananda. Cultural change among Indians in East Africa.
Birkhead, Guthrie S. Administrative problems in Pakistan.
Clubb, Oliver E., Jr. The Sino-Soviet border conflict, in a study of Chinese and Soviet strategies toward India.
Sopher, David E. The relationship between land form and religious migration.
Ziring, Lawrence. Comparative study of urban-rural administration as it relates to the Union Councils of Basic Democracy, an aspect of Pakistani politics and administration.

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UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS, Population Research Center

Address: Austin, Texas 78712

Focus: Demography, census problems and interpretations, census bibliographies.

Directorate: Harley Browning, Director.

Principal Researchers: Jorge Balan, Elizabeth Balan, Harley Browning, and Betty Maynard.

Funds: University of Texas; Ford Foundation; National Science Foundation.

Description: The Center is engaged in a diversity of demographic research studies in this country and Latin America, centering on the relationships between population and economic development. Extensive field work has been undertaken in Mexico and Guatemala, to be reported in a monographic series. The Center has also published and issued an

International Population Census Bibliography on Latin America and the Caribbean, Africa, Oceania, North America, Asia, and Europe.

Recent Representative Publications:
International Population Census Bibliography (one for each of the world's geographic regions).
Browning, Harley L. and Jack P. Gibbs. "The Division of Labor, Technology and the Organization of Production in Twelve Countries," American Sociological Review, February 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Life history data.
Division of labor.
Urbanization in Mexico.
Studies in Mexican demography.

164

TUFTS UNIVERSITY, The Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy, Clayton Center of International Economic Affairs

Address: Medford, Massachusetts 02155

Focus: International trade and finance and regional economic integration.

Directorate: Don D. Humphrey, Director.

Principal Researchers: George N. Halm (International Economics), Don D. Humphrey (International Economics), and graduate research assistants.

Funds: Privately contributed endowment.

Description: The program of the Center includes the William L. Clayton Professorship, research and current policy studies, the Clayton Fellowships, and the annual Clayton Lecture on international economic affairs.

Recent Representative Publications:
Halm, George N. "Gold Value Guarantees," 1966.
Humphrey, Don D. The United States and the Common Market, 1964.
Kelley, William, et al. Studies in United States Commercial Policy, 1963.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Halm, George N. Comparative economic systems (revision), 1967.
Humphrey, Don D. The economic basis of Atlantic diplomacy, 1967.

165

TULANE UNIVERSITY, Middle American Research Institute

Address: New Orleans, Louisiana 70118

Focus: Studies in the social sciences and the humanities concerned with Mexico and Central America.

Directorate: Robert Wauchope, Director.

Principal Researchers: E. Wyllys Andrews IV (Archaeology), Roland Ebel (Political Science), Munro S. Edmondson (Anthropology), William J. Griffith (History), Thomas L. Karnes (History), Frank L. Keller (Economics), Arden R. King (Anthropology), Michael T. Micklin (Sociology), Donald Robertson (History of Art), Alberto M. Vasquez (Language and Literature), and Daniel S. Wogan (Language and Literature).

Funds: University support; grants from American Philosophical Society, Ford Foundation (5-year grant), National Geographic Society, National Science Foundation, Wenner-Gren Foundation for Anthropological Research.

Description: The Institute engages in a wide range of research projects in the Mexican and Central American field. Studies under its Ford Foundation 5-year grant will encompass research in archaeology and anthropology, history, political science, economics, language and literature, law and business administration, art history, and sociology. The Institute publishes the results of its research projects.

Recent Representative Publications:
Andrews, E. Wyllys IV. "Explorations in the Gruta de Chac," No. 2 in Publication 31, Archaeological Investigations in Yucatan, 1966.
Bogg, Stanley H. "Pottery Jars from the Loma del Tecuazin, El Salvador," No. 5 in Publication 28, Middle American Research Records Vol. III, 1966.
Carmack, Robert M. "Toltec Influence on the Postclassic Culture History in Highland Guatemala," No. 4 in Publication 26, Archaeological Studies in Middle America, 1967.
Haviland, William A. "Maya Settlement Patterns: A Critical Review," No. 3 in Publication 26, Archaeological Studies in Middle America, 1966.
Madsen, Claudia. "Mexican Folk Medicine," No. 3 in Publication 25, Contemporary Latin American Culture, 1966.
Nash, June. "The Change of Officials in Co'ontahal," No. 3 in Publication 24, Community Culture and National Change, 1966.
Pi-Sunyer, Oriol. "Zamora," No. 3 in Publication 29, Foreign Influence on Middle American Economy, 1967.
Smith, Robert E. and James C. Gifford "Maya Ceramic Varieties, Types, and Wares at Uaxactun: Supplement to 'Ceramic Sequence at Uaxactun, Guatemala,'" No. 4 in Publication 28, Middle American Research Records, Vol. III.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Archaeological excavations in Northern Yucatan.
Handbook of Middle American Indians (13 volumes).

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VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY, Graduate Center for Latin American Studies

Address: Box 1806, Station B
Nashville, Tennessee 37203

Focus: Research in the social sciences, geography, language, and literature relative to Latin America, especially Brazil, Colombia, Chile, and Mexico.

Directorate: William H. Nicholls, Director.

Principal Researchers: Economics: Werner Baer, Rudolph C. Blitz, Douglas H. Graham, William H. Nicholls, Gian Sahota; History: J. Leon Helguera, Alexander Marchant; Political Science: James D. Bell, John T. Dorsey, Donald R. Morris, Riordan Roett; Anthropology:Ronald Spores, Emilio Willems; Spanish: William H. Roberts, Charles M. Vance; Portuguese: Norwood H. Andrews, Jr., Earl W. Thomas; and Geography: Roland E. Chardon.

Funds: Ford Foundation Research Grant of $375,000 made in 1967 for four years; general University support.

Description: The Center supports graduate training and specialized research on Latin America in the fields of anthropology, history, economics, political science, sociology, Portuguese (Brazilian), and Spanish-American language and literature.

Recent Representative Publications:
Andrews, Norwood H., Jr. "A Modern Classification of Bernardo Guinaraes' Prose Narratives," Luso-Brazilian Review, Vol. 3, No. 2, 1966.

Baer, Werner and M. Hervé. "Employment and Industrialization in Developing Countries," Quarterly Journal of Economics, Vol. 80, February 1966.

Dorsey, John T., Jr. "The Politics of Stability and Change," in Government and Politics: An Introduction to Political Science, Alex N. Dragnich and John C. Wahlke, editors, New York: Random House, 1966.

Helguera, J. Leon. "National Period: Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Venezuela," in Handbook of Latin American Studies, No.28, Gainesville: University of Florida Press, 1966.

________________. "Archivo Epistolar del General Mosquera: Correspondencia con el General Ramon Estina, 1835-1866," in association with Robert H. Davis, Academy of History Series of the Biblioteca de Historia Nacional, Vol. CVIII, Bogotá, 1967.

Spores, Ronald. The Mixtec Kings and Their People, Norman, Oklahoma: University of Oklahoma Press, 1967.

Roberts, William Holloway. "The Figure of King Sebastian in Fernando Pessoa," Hispanic Review, Vol. 34, No. 4, fall, 1966.

Thomas, Earl W. "Emerging Patterns of the Brazilian Language," Chapter 10 in New Perspectives of Brazil, Eric Baklanoff, editor, Nashville: Vanderbilt University Press, 1966.

Willems, Emilio. "Religious Mass Movements and Social Change in Brazil," pages 205-232, in New Perspectives of Brazil, Eric Baklanoff, editor, Nashville: Vanderbilt University Press, 1966.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Blitz, Rudolph C. Women's participation rate in Latin American labor force, 1970.

Dorsey, John T. The public administrative aspects of economic development in São Paulo, 1968.

Helguera, J. Leon. The first Mosquera administration (Colombia), 1845-1849, 1969.

Morris, Donald R. Political violence in Mexico, 1952-1964, 1968.

Roett, Riordan. Political implications of U.S. AID programs in Northeast Brazil, 1962-1964, 1968.

Sahota, Gian, An econometric analysis of the Brazilian tax structure, 1969.

Spores, Ronald. Ethnic relations, language, and culture in Oaxaca (Mexico) in the Pre-Spanish period, 1969.

Thomas, Earl W. The vernacular language of a social class (farm workers in Northeast Brazil) and its relation to the social environment, 1971.

Willems, Emilio. The function of frontier areas of Brazil as channels of rural social mobility, 1969.

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WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, Social Science Institute

Address: St. Louis, Missouri 63130

Focus: Interdisciplinary studies of the behavioral patterns and problems of family and community life, with an international perspective.

Directorate: David J. Pittman, Director.

Principal Researchers: Richard de Charms, Jules Henry, Irving Horowitz, Joseph A. Kahl, Dorothy L. Meier, David J. Pittman, Roger Walker, and Norman E. Whitten.

Funds: Carnegie Corporation; Ford Foundation; Air Force Office of Scientific Research; U.S. Public Health Service; private contributions; Washington University research funds.

Description: The Social Science Institute, established nine years ago, acts as a catalyst in the formulation and administration of interdisciplinary research projects by faculty members of the University. It expedites social studies in all stages of planning, financing, execution, and reporting. While initially most of its research was concerned with domestic problems of social behavior, projects have increasingly been extended to foreign areas.

Recent Representative Publications:
Cardoso, Fernando Henrique. "The Structure and Evolution of Industry in São Paulo: 1930-1960," monograph.
Horowitz, Irving Louis. "Party Charisma," monograph.
Stavenhagen, Rodolfo. "Classes, Colonialism, and Acculturation," monograph.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Horowitz, Irving Louis. International conflict and peace.
______________________. Comparative international development series.
Kahl, Joseph. Latin American studies.
Meier, Dorothy L. Simulation of communication and interaction between nations.
Whitten, Norman E. Sociocultural adaptation in Nova Scotia.

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UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Far Eastern and Russian Institute

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Asia, Russia, and Eastern Europe.

Directorate: George E. Taylor, Director; Hellmut Wilhelm, Acting Director, 1966-1967.

Funds: University of Washington; Ford Foundation; Rockefeller Foundation.

Description: The Institute integrates instruction in the regular academic departments and conducts research on countries of Asia and Eastern Europe. Interdisciplinary research seminars on China, Inner Asia, Korea, Japan, Russia, Eastern Europe, and Southeast Asia provide an opportunity for the discussion of individual research work and the exchange of ideas. On occasion joint sessions are held to consider questions that cut across area lines. Publication may be in the series Far Eastern and Russian Institute Publications on Asia, issued through the University of Washington Press, or by another publisher of the author's choice. The following research programs, affiliated with the Institute, are described separately in this directory:

Chinese History Project
Inner Asia Project
Japan Seminar
Korean Research Project
Russian and East European Seminar
Southeast Asia Project

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UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Far Eastern and Russian Institute, Chinese History Project

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Chinese history.

Directorate: Hellmut Wilhelm, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Kuei-sheng Chang (Geography), Jack Dull (Han history), Michael Gasster (Modern Chinese history), Kung-chuan Hsiao (Chinese political thought), Tso-liang Hsiao (Chinese Communist history), Feng-hwa Mah (Chinese economics), Henry Schwarz (Modern Chinese politics), Vincent Y. C. Shih (Chinese literature and philosophy), and George E. Taylor (Far Eastern history and politics).

Funds: Share of foundation grants and university funds.

Description: The Project conducts research on early and modern Chinese history.

Recent Representative Publications:
Compton, Boyd. Mao's China, reprint, 1966.
Hsiao, Kung-Chuan. Rural China: Imperial Control in the Nineteenth Century, reprint, 1967.
Hsiao, Tso-liang. The Agrarian Revolution in China, 1930-1934, forthcoming.
______________. "Power Relations in the Chinese Communist Movement, 1930-1934,"Vol. II, The Chinese Documents, in press.
Michael, Franz. The Taiping Rebellion: History and Documents, Vol. I, 1966; Vols. II and III, in press.
Shih, Vincent Y. C. The Taiping Ideology: Its Sources, Interpretations and Influence, in press.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Dull, Jack. The Han prefecture.
Hsu, Dau-lin. Local administration in China under the National Government.
Mah, Feng-hwa. Foreign trade in Communist China.
Schwarz, Henry. China's cultural revolution.
Taylor, George E. Wars of national liberation.
Thornton, Richard. The Comintern and the Chinese Communists.
Wilhelm, Hellmut. Trends of thought in nineteenth-century China.

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UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Far Eastern and Russian Institute, Inner Asia Project

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Mongolia and Tibet.

Directorate: Nicholas N. Poppe, Chairman; Turrell Wylie, Executive Secretary.

Principal Researchers: Leon Hurvitz (Japanese literature and study of Buddhism), Kunga Labrang (Lama), Yan-shuan Lao (Mongol and Yüan History), Fang-Kuei Li (Linguistics and Anthropology), Nawang Nornang (Tibetan Language), and Richard Yidemjab (Mongolian Language).

Funds: Share of foundation grants and University funds.

Description: The Project conducts research on Mongolia and Tibet.

Recent Representative Publications:
Poppe, Nicholas N. The Twelve Deeds of Buddha, Wiesbaden: Harrassowitz, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Hurvitz, Leon. Buddhist soteriology, with emphasis on transmission from India to China.
Lao, Yan-Shuan. The agricultural colonization system under the Yüan Dynasty.
Li, Fang-Kuei. A handbook on comparative Tai linguistics.
______________. Reconstruction of Archaic Chinese.
Poppe, Nicholas N. Language of the Oirat Manuscripts of the eighteenth to nineteenth centuries; grammar, glossary text edition.
Wylie, Turrell. A book on Tibetan political, religious, and cultural history.

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UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Far Eastern and Russian Institute, Japan Seminar

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Japan.

Principal Researchers: Robert C. Butow (Modern Japanese History), Richard McKinnon (Japanese Literature), and Kenneth Pyle (Japanese History).

Funds: Share of foundation grants and University funds.

Description: The Seminar conducts research on Japan.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Butow, Robert C. A book on private efforts for peace in the diplomatic negotiations preceding Pearl Harbor.
______________. Annotated translation of the diaries of Koichi Kido.
McKinnon, Richard. A study of Kunio Kishida.
Pyle, Kenneth. The New Generation: young Japanese in search of national identity, 1887-95 (revision of doctoral dissertation).

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UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Far Eastern and Russian Institute, Korean Research Project

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Korea.

Directorate: Fred Lukoff, Chairman.

Principal Researchers: Soon Chung Cho (Far Eastern Government and Politics), Byong Ik Koh (Korean History), Ki Moon Lee (Korean Linguistics), Fred Lukoff (Korean Linguistics), Maeng-Sung Lee (Korean Linguistics), Sam Solberg (Korean Literature), and Doo Soo Suh (Korean Literature).

Funds: Share of foundation grants and University funds; Ford Foundation.

Description: The Project conducts research on Korean linguistics, literature, history, and politics. Though the Project is in an early stage, the Ford Foundation is funding an expansion of the research program this year.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Cho, Soon Sung. Korea, the politics of a divided nation, 1967.
Koh, Byong Ik. A study of Korean travels to the outside world from earliest times to 1910.
Lee, Maeng-Sung. Analysis of modern Korean syntax.
Lukoff, Fred. Materials for a three-year course in Korean language.
Solberg, Sam, editor. An anthology of Korean literature in English.
Suh, Doo Soo. An edition of P'ansori texts with glossary and notes.

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UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Far Eastern and Russian Institute, Russian and East European Seminar

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Russia and Eastern Europe.

Directorate: Donald W. Treadgold, Chairman, Humanities Group; W. A. Douglas Jackson, Chairman, Social Sciences Group.

Principal Researchers: James Augerot (Slavic Linguistics), Imre Boba (Medieval Russian and East European History), Antonina Gove (Slavic Linguistics), George Ivask (Russian Literature), Willis Konick (Russian Literature), Lyman Legters (Slavic Studies and East European History), Lew R. Micklesen (Slavic Linguistics), Peter Sugar (East European History), Marc Szeftel (Russian History), Donald W. Treadgold (Russian History), John J. Reshetar (Political Science-USSR), Judith Thornton (Economics-USSR), Joseph Velikonja (Geography-USSR), and W. A. Douglas Jackson (Russian Geography).

Funds: Share of foundation grants and University funds.

Description: The Seminar conducts research on Russia and Eastern Europe.

Recent Representative Publications:

Jackson, W. A. D. The Russo-Chinese Borderlands, revised edition, New York: Van Nostrand, 1967.

Treadgold, Donald W., editor. Soviet and Chinese Communism, Similarities and Differences, Seattle: University of Washington Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Boba, Imre. History of Moravia.

Jackson, W. A. D. The geographic patterns of Soviet economic development.

________. Historical-economic atlas of the Soviet Union.

Legters, Lyman. Episodes in revolutionary history: studies of events bearing on the early years of the Comintern.

Swayze, Harold. Soviet youth and post-Stalin Soviet literature.

Szeftel, Marc. The political institutions of the Russian Constitutional Monarchy: history of their establishment.

Treadgold, Donald W. Western thought in Russia and China.

________ and Peter Sugar, editors. A history of East Central Europe (11 vols.).

174

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, Far Eastern and Russian Institute, Southeast Asia Project

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Thailand.

Directorate: Charles F. Keyes, Chairman.

Principal Researcher : Peter Kunstadter (Anthropology).

Funds: Share of foundation grants and University funds.

Description: Charles F. Keyes and Peter Kunstadter conduct a joint research project on the ethnology and ecology of Northern Thailand. Dr. Kunstadter has done field research on the cultural ecology of the Lawa and Karen tribes in hill villages of the Mee Sariang district of Mae Hongsorn province; Dr. Keyes is making a study of the assimilation of these tribal groups into lowland Thai culture and society, and will conduct field research in Thailand for fifteen months beginning June 1967. An expanded program of research on Southeast Asia is in an initial stage.

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UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, International Communications Research Center

Address: Seattle, Washington 98105

Focus: Studies of international political communication, communication and development processes, and communications and international conflict orientation.

Directorate: Alex S. Edelstein, Director.

Principal Researchers: Peter Clarke, Alex S. Edelstein, and W. Lee Ruggels.

Funds: Graduate School, University of Washington.

Description: Established as a facility in 1967, the International Communications Research Center is engaged in research in political communication, communication and development processes, and in communications and international conflict orientation.

Recent Representative Publications:

Edelstein, Alex S. and Peter Clarke. "A Model for Studies of Communications Development and Urban Development," memorandum, September 1965.

______________. "A Conceptual Model for Research in Development Communications," memorandum, August 1966.

Ruggels, W. Lee and Wilbur Schramm. "How Mass Media Systems Grow," in Communication and Change in the Developing Countries, Daniel Lerner and Wilbur Schramm, editors. Honolulu: East-West Center Press, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Edelstein, Alex S. A set of scales for determining modes of international conflict orientation.

______________. Communicator modes of international conflict resolution; application of scales for determining modes of international conflict orientation to content analysis of mass media.

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WILLIAMS COLLEGE, The Roper Public Opinion Research Center

Address: Williamstown, Massachusetts 01267

Focus: Collection, retrieval, and rediffusion of research data, nationally and internationally.

Directorate: Philip K. Hastings, Director. The 16 other members of the Center's Board of Directors include leaders in education, industry, communications, government, and survey research.

Principal Researchers: The operating staff consists of 11 people, three of whom hold advanced degrees in social science. In addition, several professionally trained scholars serve as a permanent board of consultants. The Center has recently appointed regional representatives covering Western Europe, the Far East, and the Middle and Near East.

Funds: Annual fees of subscribing Associate members; National Science Foundation grant for foreign data retrieval program; fees charged individual users.

Description: Through data suppliers, at present numbering 26 American and 81 foreign survey research organizations, the Center makes research materials available to accredited scholars and other individuals or research organizations on a cost basis. The materials are stored in IBM punch card form and on magnetic tape. Data from nearly 7,000 studies are currently available. The Center's staff searches for, and prepares, tabulations of data for researchers who cannot work at the Center or who do not have access to data processing equipment. Through its Library Association program, the Center has established a social science data resource providing wide rediffusion of the sample survey data in its archives. The Center's biannual Newsletter is sent to data suppliers and members of the Library Association, and is distributed to others on a subscription basis.

Recent Representative Publications:

Glenn, Norval D. and Jerry L. Simmons. "Are Regional Cultural Differences Diminishing?" Social Forces, 1965.

Mendel, Douglas H., Jr. "Japan as a Model for Developing Nations," prepared for presentation at the annual meeting of the American Political Science Association, Washington, D. C., September 1965.

Rosenthal, Howard. "Election Simulation," European Journal of Sociology, Vol. VI, 1965.

Rothman, Stanley. European Political Systems: A Comparative Analysis, 1965.

177

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Cross-Cultural Adaptation Program

Address: Department of Psychiatry
School of Medicine
427 Lorch Street
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: Comparative studies of psychological adaptation of foreign residents in the United States.

Directorate: Milton H. Miller, Director.

Principal Researchers: A. A. Alexander (Psychiatry), Eng Kung-yeh (Medicine), and Milton H. Miller (Psychiatry).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Program includes studies of the nature of the adaptational process; identification of the areas of stress and social, educational, and personal concomitants of maladaptational patterns; and development of techniques for prediction and positive intervention.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Survey and quantification of data on Chinese students from Taiwan (in collaboration with Taiwanese research personnel). Psychological test materials prior to departure from Taiwan are being analyzed and comparable tests on the same group being run in the United States.

Identification of factors relevant to personal and professional goals of foreign students, frequency of health breakdowns, and reactions to stress, in relation to self-perceived and objective adaptation.

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UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Research Program on Economic Interdependence in Southeast Asia

Address: Social Science Building
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: The possibilities of, and the gains to, Southeast Asian countries from increased regional economic cooperation.

Directorate: Theodore Morgan, Director.

Principal Researchers: Robert Baldwin, P. T. Ellsworth, E. D. Hawkins, A. C. Kelley, Theodore Morgan, S. Naya, and N. Spoelstra.

Funds: Agency for International Development (AID) contract.

Description: The Program is designed to ascertain as accurately as possible, against a background of theory and of experience elsewhere in the world, the nature and extent of gains possible to Southeast Asian countries through increased economic cooperation. It will evaluate the political possibility of increased cooperation among the national units of the region, and hence the likely political strategies involved in encouraging that cooperation. It also seeks to derive implications for strategy toward best encouraging economic cooperation on the part of AID, other foreign agencies concerned with economic development, and Asian governments and private organizations.

Recent Representative Publications:

Bell, P. F. "A Quantitative Study of Entrepreneurship and Socio-Economic Determinants of Development in Asia." February 1967.

__________. "Small Industry: Socio-Economic Aspects of its Promotion in Asia." March 1967.

Kelley, A. C. and J. G. Williamson. "The Prospects for Regional Economic Cooperation and the Rate of Household Savings in the LDC's: Indonesia."

Morgan, T. "Preferences Revisited--With Applications for Southeast Asia." June 1967.

Naya, S. "Natural Resources, Factor Mix, and Factor Reversal in International Trade." April 1967.

Sen, K. C. "Economic Growth and the Price Level--An Analysis of Some Asian Data, 1950-1963." January 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

The study of comparative income and rates of income growth; comparative theories of economic growth; comparative economic planning theory and ideology; planning organization and execution--all as related to Southeast Asia economic interests.

Evaluation of the theory and experience of common market and free trade association ventures and other forms of economic cooperation, as laid against Southeast Asia possibilities.

Evaluation of the economic advantage to countries of the region from economic cooperations.

Evaluation of the political possibility of increased economic cooperation for joint advantage of the national units of the region.

Implications for strategy of the above studies.

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UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Industrial Relations Research Institute

Address: Social Science Building
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: Enquiry into the facts, issues, and problems of industrial human relations.

Directorate: Gerald G. Somers, Director; Alan C. Filley, Associate Director.

Principal Researchers: Jack Barbash, Glen Cain, David Chaplin, William Glade, Andrew J. Grimes, Everett Hawkins, David Johnson, Everett Kassalow, Richard U. Miller, Robert Ozanne, Gerald G. Somers, James L. Stern, Murray Tucker.

Funds: Ford Foundation; government agencies.

Description: An Industrial Relations Center was established in 1947 to further cooperation among people engaged in industrial relations teaching and research in various departments of the University of Wisconsin. Its activities were soon expanded to include programs leading to master's and Ph.D. degrees in industrial relations. In 1965 the Center was renamed the Industrial Relations Research Institute. The areas of specialization for research and graduate training within the Institute include the development of industrial society, international industrial relations, labor law and legislation, manpower resources, organization theory and group behavior, personnel relations, unions, and collective bargaining. Affiliated with the Institute program is the Center for Studies in Vocational and Technical Education which is recognized as a principal national unit for reference, research, and study in the field of occupational preparation.

this area is being organized.

Recent Representative Publications:

Chaplin, David. "Industrial Labor Recruitment in Peru," *America Latina*, Vol. IV, No. 4, October-December 1966.

Glade, William. *The Latin-American Economies: A Study of Their Institutional Evolution*, Princeton: D. Van Nostrand, Inc., 1967.

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UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Program in Comparative International Labor Studies

Address: Industrial Relations Research Institute
4233 Social Science Building
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: Comparative studies of labor movements in developing nations; union participation in the planning process in "developed" nations.

Directorate: Gerald G. Somers, Director

Principal Researchers: Gerald G. Somers (Economics) and Everett K. Kassalow (Economics).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Program studies changes in the role of labor unions in developed Western societies as compared to roles of unions in developing nations, effects of post-independence economic development on political role and relationships of unions in former colonial nations, comparative patterns of development in conditions favorable to and opposed to unionization, and labor market behavior in developing nations.

Representative Studies in Progress:
The Bombay dock workers union.
Labor participation in planning process in Sweden and Britain.
Labor market behavior in Japan and India.

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UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Interdisciplinary Program in Population Dynamics

Address: Office of International Studies and Programs
1410 Van Hise Hall
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: Research on aspects of population dynamics in Mexico; initial phases centered on Huixquilucan, State of Mexico.

Directorate: Herbert R. Harvey, Chairman of Program Committee.

Principal Researchers: Herbert R. Harvey (Anthropology), Stanley Inhorn (Pathology and Preventive Medicine), and Richard H. Osborne (Anthropology and Medical Genetics).

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Program was instituted in the summer of 1967. In its first phase, attention has been directed to Mexican census records and church documents recording population data in a virtually unbroken series since the time of the Spanish conquest. Collection of basic social and biological data has begun, and research is projected on ecological elements directly related to health and longevity. With the cooperation of the Mexican Ministry of Health, research laboratory facilities are in planning stages. Planned research includes demography, blood genetics, social anthropology and medicine.

Recent Representative Publications:
Reports to the Princeton Conferences on Population Dynamics, mimeographed, 1966 and 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Computer analysis of census materials sample for Huixquilucan.
Economic and religious networks in Huixquilucan and vicinity.

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UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Center for International Business Research

Address: 301 Commerce Building
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: The evolution of business enterprises abroad.

Directorate: William Glade, Director.

Principal Researchers: Associates of the Center.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center was inaugurated in January 1965 as a cooperative effort of the School of Commerce, the Ibero-American Area Studies Program, the Department of Economics, and the Industrial Relations Research Institute. Its basic objectives are the development of systematic research on the evolution of business enterprises abroad, with special reference to Latin America, and the professional training of new research scholars who are qualified to study this development. The Center will lay the basis for work in the comparative study of industrial and business organization in developing societies, including labor organization and labor relations.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Aubey, R. Business ownership and investing groups in Mexico and Central America.
Bilkey, Warren. Industrial stimulation in Latin America.
Cook, Hugh. Role of foreign-owned food-processing industries in Latin America.
Dodge, William. Transport considerations in economic integration.
Glade, William. Christian labor movements in Latin America.
Miller, Richard U. Mexican industrial relations system.
Ozanne, Robert W. Profit-sharing in Mexico.

183

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Center for International Communication Studies

Address: 204 Hiram Smith Hall
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: Research on comparative studies of content and development of the press in non-industrial nations; nature of messages and language appropriate for communication with low literacy populations; economics of mass media, and alternatives to mass media systems for communication of technical information to specific groups and isolated audiences.

Directorate: Lloyd R. Bostian, Director.

Principal Researchers: Associates of the Center.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Center coordinates and stimulates research on topics relevant to its focus, and undertakes studies of the role of communication in the development process. It also provides contracting agencies with research consultants on development of communication media.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Bostian, Lloyd R. Brazilian farmers' communication media habits.
Engel, Harold. Development of radio and television educational broadcasting in the Philippines.
McNelly, John and William Hachten. Dissemination of special event information in Colombia.

184

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Sociology of Development Program

Address: Department of Rural Sociology
240 Agriculture Hall
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: Studies of sociological aspects of the development process.

Directorate: Douglas G. Marshall, Director.

Principal Researchers: David Chaplin, William L. Flinn, H. Kent Geiger, A. O. Haller, A. Eugene Havens, E. A. Wilkening, and Maurice Zeitlin.

Funds: Ford Foundation.

Description: The Program undertakes studies in the sociological factors inhibiting or enhancing development (economic, political, ideological) in underdeveloped countries. Primary attention has been directed in recent studies to Latin America.

Representative Studies in Progress:
Flinn, William L. Rural to urban migration in Colombia.
_______________. Socio-political attitudes of Colombian slum residents.
Geiger, H. Kent. Survey and compilation of works relating to the development process.
Haller, A. O. Stratification in Brazil.
Havens, A. Eugene. Nine studies of rural Colombian communities.
Wilkening, E. A. Rural to urban and rural to rural migration in Brazil.
Zeitlin, Maurice. Elites in Chile.

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UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, Land Tenure Center

Address: 310 King Hall
Madison, Wisconsin 53706

Focus: Land tenure and agricultural institutions in Latin America.

Directorate: Don Kanel, Acting Director (Peter Dorner, Director, is on leave until 1968).

Principal Researchers: Thirty-five professional-level personnel.

Funds: Contract with the Agency for International Development (AID).

Description: Interdisciplinary in nature, the research program of the Land Tenure Center has as its objective the study of: 1) effects of existing land tenure systems on agricultural development; 2) new land tenure systems that result from land reform and colonization; 3) agricultural service institutions; 4) social, economic, and political changes resulting from agrarian reform; and 5) legal aspects of existing situations and proposed structural changes. Research programs are conducted cooperatively with educational institutions or government agencies in Latin America.

Recent Representative Publications:
Land Tenure Reprints:
No. 25 - Barraclough, Solon L. and Arthur L. Domike. "Agrarian Structure in Seven Latin American Countries," Land Economics, 1966.
No. 26 - Anderson, Charles W. "Political Factors in Latin American Economic Development," Journal of International Affairs, 1966.
No. 28 - Parsons, Kenneth H. "Institutional Aspects of Agricultural Development Policy," Journal of Farm Economics, 1966.
Research Papers:
No. 18 - Chaplin, David. "Industrialization and the Distribution of Wealth in Peru," July 1966.
No. 20 - Fonseca, Luis. "Information Patterns and Practice Adoption Among Brazilian Farmers," August 1966.

No. 22 - Schmid, Lester. "The Role of Migratory Labor in the Economic Development of Guatemala."

Land Tenure Center Papers:

No. 32 - Penn, Raymond J. "The Rural Community and Its Relation to Farm Politics."
No. 34 - Nisbet, Charles. "A Model of Analyzing Some Effects of Discriminatory Credit in Chile."
No. 37 - Wilkening, Eugene A. and Sugiyama Iutaka. "Sociological Aspects of Colonization as Viewed from Brazil."

Representative Studies in Progress:

Economics of the property tax in rural Colombia.
The possibilities for economic reorganization of minifundio holdings in the Colombian Highlands.
Communication behavior as related to the structure of agencies providing information to farmers.
Adjustment of rural and urban migration in Brasilia.
Population growth, economic progress, and opportunities on the land in Costa Rica.
Rural problem-solving in Venezuela, with special reference to the agrarian reform program.
Tenure processes in a community in Minas Gerais.
Institutional innovations in the agricultural development of Central America: the Honduran Case.

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YALE UNIVERSITY, The Economic Growth Center

Address: New Haven, Connecticut 06520

Focus: Comparative analyses of the structure and development of national economies.

Directorate: Gustav Ranis, Director; R. Albert Berry, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Richard Cooper, Raymond Goldsmith, James Hanson, Samuel Ho, Stephen Hymer, James Land, Mark Leiserson, Michael Montias, Vahid Newshirvani, Van Doorn Ooms, Howard Pack, Hugh Patrick, Raymond Powell, Stephen Resnick, Lloyd Reynolds, Charles Rockwell, Ammar Siamwalla, Dirck Stryker, and Robert Triffin.

Funds: Yale University; Ford Foundation; other foundations; government agencies; corporations; individuals.

Description: The Center's policies are guided by an Advisory Council representing leading universities and research centers in the United States. It serves as headquarters for the International Association for Research in Income and Wealth. The Center's research interests include: theoretical and empirical analysis of the process of economic development; theoretical, quantitative analysis of a national economy as an integral whole; comparative, quantitative studies covering a number of countries; improved methods of national economic measurement; and comparative, quantitative studies of national economic planning. Book-length studies of the Center are published in the series Studies in Economic Growth and reprints of staff articles and papers are circulated as Center Papers.

Recent Representative Publications:

Helleiner, Gerald. Peasant Agriculture, Government, and Economic Growth in Nigeria.
Mead, Donald. Growth and Structural Change in the Egyptian Economy.
Moorsteen, Richard and Raymond Powell. The Soviet Capital Stock 1928-1962.
Snodgrass, Donald. Ceylon: An Export Economy in Transition.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Diaz-Alejandro, Carlos. Essays on the Economic History of the Argentine Republic.
Pryor, Frederick. Toward a Positive Theory of Public Expenditure.
Studies of 20 additional lesser developed countries.

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American Institute of Indian Studies

Address: University of Pennsylvania
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19104

Focus: Interdisciplinary studies of Indian and related cultures.

Directorate: W. Norman Brown, President; Thomas W. Simons, Resident Director.

Principal Researchers: Researchers of colleges and universities in the United States.

Funds: Dues from participating schools; Department of State; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW); National Science Foundation; Ford Foundation.

Description: The Institute is comprised of 25 member institutions, and is designed to support the advancement of knowledge and understanding of India and related cultures primarily through studies by Americans in India and culturally related countries. The principal activity has been the appointment of fellows of varying degrees of expertise in the area to carry out research in India and countries with related cultures, thereby increasing knowledge of the area and training new researchers. Fellows may be appointed from institutions which do not belong to the Institute. From 1955-1966, the Institute has supported 98 researchers, who have published 31 articles in American and Indian journals, prepared 20 books, presented 7 papers at various conferences, and written 23 doctoral dissertations.

Recent Representative Publications:
Brown, W. Norman. *The Mahimnastava*, 1964.
Bibliography of the Encyclopedia of Indian Philosophies (in press).

Representative Studies in Progress:
Beech, Robert Paul, Michigan State University. Personality and social variables related to the diffusion of innovations in a developing country.
Erdman, Howard Lloyd, Dartmouth College. Political development of Gujarat State.
Murton, Brian J., University of Minnesota. Agricultural change in the 19th century: Salem District, Madras State.
Wiebe, Paul D., University of Kansas. Religion in Village India.

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Human Relations Area Files, Inc.

Address: Box 2054, Yale Station
Yale University
New Haven, Connecticut 06520

Focus: Area and ethnic units of the entire world.

Directorate: C. F. Ford, President; F. W. Moore, Executive Vice President; Frank M. LeBar, Research Director.

Principal Researchers: Hesung Koh, Research Associate; Robert Lagace, John Beirle and Joan Steffans, Research Analysts.

Funds: National Science Foundation; National Institutes of Health; Ford Foundation; Carnegie Corporation; Wenner Gren Foundation, and others; contracts.

Description: Preparation of bibliographies, gazetteers, and files of organized data on world areas.

Recent Representative Publications:

LeBar, F. M. Ethnic Groups of Mainland Southeast Asia, 1967.
Textor, R. A Cross Cultural Summary.
Wilson, P. A Malay Village, 1967.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Koh, H. A Korean social science bibliography, 1968.
LeBar, F. M. Ethnic groups of insular Southeast Asia, 1969.

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The Inter-University Consortium for Political Research

Address: P. O. Box 1248
University of Michigan
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Focus: Data collection and processing, training in research methods and techniques, and stimulation of research by conferences and technical assistance.

Directorate: Warren E. Miller, Executive Director; Philip E. Converse and Donald E. Stokes, Associate Directors; David O. Schupp, Director of Technical Services.

Funds: Annual subscriptions from the member universities; foundation grants; University of Michigan.

Description: The Consortium is a partnership between the Survey Research Center and more than 90 universities, colleges, and non-profit organizations in the United States and abroad. It is committed to the several objectives of an inter-disciplinary, inter-university research and training facility. These include: 1) creating an archive of multi-purpose data that will serve a variety of research and training needs; 2) developing computer-oriented systems of data management and information retrieval designed to maximize the utility of data archives for the individual scholar; 3) developing training programs shaped to enable scholars to make optional use of the archival data; 4) providing a staff of professional and technical personnel to achieve these primary objectives; and 5) supporting cooperative efforts to expand the total set of resources through the development of other major archives and centers for training and research.

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Joint Center for Urban Studies of Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Harvard University

Address: Harvard University
66 Church Street
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138

Focus: Interdisciplinary research on various aspects of urban life and development.

Directorate: Daniel P. Moynihan, Director.

Principal Researchers: Participants in the work of the Center through a variety of associations: 1) as faculty members of the participating universities; 2) as Fellows; 3) as members of the small permanent staff of the Center or its research or planning operations; and 4) as visiting associates.

Description: The role of the Joint Center is to give a sense of common purpose to a group of normally unrelated scholars in the disciplines of the social and engineering sciences in the study of urban life. The experience of the Joint Center suggests that the crucial requirement for producing an intellectual ferment in urban studies is to concentrate resources so as to achieve, from the interaction among people from various disciplines, a scholarly "critical mass" that produces mutual support, self-sustaining excitement, and a capacity for dealing from many points of view with the questions and issues of urban life.

Recent Representative Publications:

The Joint Center sponsors separate series of books, monographs, city politics reports, and reprints. Examples of internationally based publications are:

Friedmann, John. Regional Development Policy: A Case Study of Venezuela, Cambridge: The Massachusetts Institute of Technology Press, 1966.

Rodwin, Lloyd. "Ciudad Guayana: A New City," reprinted from Scientific American, Vol. 231, No. 3, September 1965.

Rodwin, Lloyd, Urban Planning in Developing Countries, monograph, Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development, 1965.

von Moltke, Wilhelm. "Visual Development of Ciudad Guayana," reprinted from Connection: Visual Arts at Harvard, June 1965.

Representative Studies in Progress:

Banfield, Edward. Political economy.
Elkin, Stephen. Politics and planning in London.
Hittles, James Michael. The Russian city in the eighteenth century.
Rodwin, Lloyd. National policy for urban and regional development.
Stinchcombe, Arthur L. Work patterns of entrepreneurs and managers in Latin American cities.
Tilly, Charles. Social change and political upheaval in France, 1830-1960.
Turner, John. Uncontrolled urban settlement in Peru - a case study.
Several studies in connection with the Venezuelan project.

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Midwest Universities Consortium for International Activities, Inc.

Address: 377 Administration Building
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Urbana, Illinois 61801

Directorate: Royden Dangerfield, University of Illinois, Executive Director; Robert W. Gillespie, University of Illinois, Assistant Director.

Principal Researchers: Specialists in the physical and social sciences.

Funds: Ford Foundation grant of $3.5 million in 1964, for five years.

Description: The Midwest Universities Consortium for International Activities was incorporated January 30, 1964, by the Universities of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan State, and Wisconsin to assist the four institutions in rendering more effective technical assistance abroad and to gain from their overseas activities the maximum academic benefit. The Consortium, whenever possible, contributes to these objectives, abroad and at home, by promoting cooperative activities of the four universities. Faculty members returning to Consortium universities after significant overseas experience receive support for preparing reports, completing research studies, developing course materials, and lecturing at the four universities on subjects related to the overseas assignment. The Consortium helps to finance publication and dissemination of reports and other documents related to the overseas programs of the four member universities. The Consortium provides a means by which member universities may jointly undertake overseas technical assistance projects which would tax the resources of any single member, or which, for other reasons, are most effectively carried out cooperatively.

Representative Studies in Progress:

University of Illinois:
- Sierra Leone Project in Agriculture and Education.
- Keio University Labor and Industrial Relations Project, Tokyo.
- Study of AID-University Programs in Agricultural Education.
- Tehran Research Unit.

Indiana University:
- Pakistan Teacher Training Program.
- Nigerian Communications Project.
- Venezuelan Economics Faculty and Curriculum Assistance.
- University of the West Indies Cooperation and Exchange Program.

Michigan State University:
- Agricultural College Development.
- Rural Community Development.
- Three-Country Project on the Diffusion of Innovations.
- Mass Communications Research, Costa Rica.

University of Wisconsin:
- Program in Agricultural Education and Research at the University of Ife, Nigeria.
- Land Tenure Center.
- University of the Philippines Program in Development Economics.
- Research Project on Economic Interdependence in Southeast Asia.

INDEX BY SUBJECT CLASSIFICATION

Each Research Center is listed alphabetically by its university affiliation under the subject heading of its primary concern. Research Centers are listed after their secondary interests by entry number only, after: "See also." Subject headings are broken down into three groups: I. Administrative, II. Geographic, and III. Functional.

I. ADMINISTRATIVE

Institution	Entry Number
University of California, Berkeley, Institute of International Studies	7
University of California, Los Angeles, Chancellor's Committee on International and Comparative Studies	17
University of Chicago, Center for International Studies	23
Indiana University, International Affairs Center	86
University of Michigan, Institute for Social Research	106
State University of New York at Buffalo, Center for Research in International Studies and World Affairs	122
Stanford University, Center for Research in International Studies	150
Stanford University, Institute of Political Studies	154
University of Washington, Seattle, Far Eastern and Russian Institute	168
American Institute of Indian Studies	187
The Inter-University Consortium for Political Research	189
Midwest Universities Consortium for International Activities, Inc.	191

II. GEOGRAPHIC

Geographic Subheadings in Order of Listing:

1. Africa
2. American Republics
3. Asia, General
4. East Asia (Including China)
5. Inner Asia
6. South Asia
7. Southeast Asia
8. Europe
9. Middle East

1. Africa

Boston University, African Studies Center	3
University of California, Los Angeles, African Studies Center	18
University of Chicago, Committee on African Studies	24
Columbia University, Institute of African Studies	40
Cornell University, Liberian Codification Project	59
University of Michigan, Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies	102
Michigan State University, African Studies Center	110
Ohio University, Center for International Studies	132
Syracuse University, Eastern African Studies Program	159

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 5, 15, 17, 21, 26, 37, 66, 75, 78, 80, 94, 97, 101, 105, 113, 121, 125, 128, 130, 138, 143, 145, 149, 151, 152, 154, 157, 161, 186, 191.

2. American Republics

Arizona State University, Center for Latin American Studies	1
University of California, Berkeley, Center for Latin American Studies	10
University of California, Los Angeles, The Latin American Center	19
City College of the City University of New York, Center for Latin American Studies	36
Columbia University, Institute of Latin American Studies	47
University of Florida, Center for Latin American Studies	69
University of Miami, Coral Gables, Florida, Research Institute for Cuba and the Caribbean	99
Michigan State University, Latin American Studies Center	112

Institution	Entry Number
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Tulane University, Middle American Research Institute	165
Vanderbilt University, Graduate Center for Latin American Studies	166

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3. Asia, General

University of Illinois, Center for Asian Studies	84
Michigan State University, Asian Studies Center	111

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 82, 86, 125, 138, 158.

4. East Asia (Including China)

University of California, Berkeley, Center for Chinese Studies	[illegible]
Columbia University, East Asian Institute	42
Columbia University, Research Project on Men and Politics in Modern China	48
Cornell University, China Program	56
Cornell University, London-Cornell Project for East and Southeast Asian Studies	60
Harvard University, The East Asian Research Center	76
Harvard University, Harvard-Yenching Institute	77
University of Michigan, Center for Chinese Studies	100
University of Washington, Seattle, Far Eastern and Russian Institute	168
University of Washington, Seattle, Chinese History Project	169
University of Washington, Seattle, Japan Seminar	171
University of Washington, Seattle, Korean Research Project	172

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5. Inner Asia

University of Washington, Seattle, Inner Asia Project	170

6. South Asia

University of California, Berkeley, Center for South Asia Studies	13
University of Chicago, Philippine Studies Program, Committee on South Asian Studies	31
University of Chicago, South Asia Language and Area Center	34
Columbia University, Southern Asian Institute	52
Syracuse University, South Asia Studies Program	162
American Institute of Indian Studies	187

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7. Southeast Asia

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Cornell University, Modern Indonesia Project	61
Cornell University, Southeast Asia Program	62
Cornell Univeresity, Thailand Project	64
Northern Illinois University, Center for Southeast Asian Studies	129
Ohio University, Center for International Studies	132
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University of Wisconsin, Research Program on Economic Interdependence in Southeast Asia	178

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 7, 21, 52, 66, 84, 94, 95, 103, 114, 122, 125, 127, 128, 143, 147

8. Europe

Institution	Entry Number
University of California, Berkeley, Center for Slavic and East European Studies	12
Columbia University, Institute on East Central Europe	43
Columbia University, European Institute	44
State University of New York at Buffalo, Center for Comparative European Studies	123
University of Washington, Seattle, Russian and East European Seminar	173

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9. Middle East

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University of California, Los Angeles, Near Eastern Center	20
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Columbia University, Middle East Institute	49
University of Michigan, Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies	102

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III. FUNCTIONAL

Functional Subheadings in Order of Listing:

1. Administration and Institution-Building
2. Arms Control
3. Communication
4. Comparative Politics
5. Education
6. Economic Development; Economic Growth and Planning
7. Data Banks and Data Processing; Film and Tape Banks
8. Folklore and Mythology; Anthropology, Linguistics, and Literature
9. Food, Agriculture, and Land Tenure
10. Human Behavior
11. Human Resource Development
12. International Economics, Finance, and Business
13. International Law
14. International Organizations
15. International Relations and Diplomacy
16. Labor; Industrial Relations and Labor Relations
17. Law
18. Methodology
19. Modernization
20. National Security, Policy, and Strategic Studies
21. Dynamics of Political Change, Political Development and Integration
22. Political Leadership
23. Political Systems and Comparative Political Systems
24. Population and Demography
25. Psychology and Foreign Affairs
26. Religion and Society
27. Socio-Cultural Change
28. Soviet and Communist Studies
29. Survey Research
30. Technology and Foreign Affairs
31. Urban Studies

1. Administration and Institution-Building

Institution	Entry Number
University of Missouri, School of Business and Public Administration, Research Center	119
Ohio State University, Disaster Research Center	134

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 5, 19, 35, 55, 69, 91, 95, 102, 113, 114, 118, 125, 127, 128, 129, 131, 136, 137, 145, 152, 155, 159, 161, 162, 166, 169.

2. Arms Control

See Entry Numbers 51, 67, 78, 94, 97, 147.

3. Communication

Institution	Entry Number
Brandeis University, Morse Center for the Study of Communication	4
University of Illinois, Institute of Communications Research	85
University of Michigan, Research Center for Group Dynamics	107
Stanford University, The Institute for Communications Research	158
University of Washington, Seattle, International Communications Research Center	175
University of Wisconsin, Center for International Communications Studies	183

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 82, 91, 136, 167, 191.

4. Comparative Politics

Brooklyn College, Research Center in Comparative Politics and Administration	5
University of Minnesota, Center for Comparative Political Analysis	116
University of Notre Dame, Committee on International Relations	131
Stanford University, Institute of Political Studies	154

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 7, 12, 15, 24, 26, 40, 54, 78, 81, 91, 97, 125, 128, 143, 145, 156.

5. Education

University of California, Irvine, Public Policy Research Organization (PPRO)	16
Duquesne University, Institute of Man	68
Harvard University, Center for Studies in Education and Development	80
Indiana University, International Survey of Education Development and Planning	92
University of Michigan, International Education Program	101
Michigan State University, Institute for International Studies in Education	114
Stanford University, Stanford International Development Education Center (SIDEC)	152

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6. Economic Development; Economic Growth and Planning

University of Chicago, Research Center in Economic Development and Cultural Change	27
University of Colorado, International Economic Studies Center	38
Indiana University, International Development Research Center	91
Iowa State University, Center for Agricultural and Economic Development	93
University of Kentucky, Center for Developmental Change	95
University of Michigan, Center for Research on Economic Development	105
University of Minnesota, Center for Comparative Studies in Technological Development and Social Change	117
Northern Illinois University, Center for Southeast Asian Studies	129
Stanford University, Stanford International Development Education Center (SIDEC)	152
Stanford University, Research Center in Economic Growth	153
Syracuse University, National Planning Studies Program	161
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7. Data Banks and Data Processing; Film and Tape Banks

Brandeis University, Morse Center for the Study of Communication	4
University of California, Berkeley, Survey Research Center	15
University of California, Los Angeles, Center for the Study of Comparative Folklore and Mythology	22

Institution	Entry Number
Michigan State University, Social Science Research Bureau	115
State University of New York at Stony Brook, Institute for Colonial Studies	126
University of North Carolina, Carolina Population Center	127
University of North Carolina, Institute for Research in Social Science	128
Stanford University, The Hoover Institution on War, Revolution, and Peace	149
Williams College, Roper Public Opinion Research Center	176
Human Relations Area Files, Inc.	188
The Inter-University Consortium for Political Research	189

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 8, 83, 101, 109, 148, 158, 162, 181.

8. Folklore and Mythology; Anthropology, Linguistics, and Literature

University of California, Los Angeles, Center for the Study of Comparative Folklore and Mythology	22
University of Chicago, South Asia Language and Area Center	34
Duquesne University, Institute of Man	68
Indiana University, International Affairs Center	86
Indiana University, Research Center in Anthropology, Folklore, and Linguistics	87
Indiana University, Folklore Institute: Inter-American Program in Ethnomusicology	89

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9. Food, Agriculture, and Land Tenure

University of Chicago, Economics of Agricultural Development	28
Cornell University, New York State College of Agriculture: International Agricultural Development	65
Iowa State University, Center for Agricultural and Economic Development	93
Michigan State University, Institute of International Agriculture	113
Stanford University, The Food Research Institute	151
University of Wisconsin, Land Tenure Center	185

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10. Human Behavior

Duquesne University, Institute of Man	68
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Center for International Studies	97
University of Michigan, Institute for Social Research	106
University of Michigan, Research Center for Group Dynamics	107

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 40, 62, 80, 83, 85, 119, 167, 179.

11. Human Resource Development

Indiana University, Institute for Human Resource Development	88
Indiana University, International Development Research Center	91
Indiana University, International Survey of Education Development and Planning	92
University of Missouri, School of Business and Public Administration, Research Center	119
Ohio State University, Center for Human Resource Research	135
Pennsylvania State University, Institute for Research on Human Resources, International Student Training Research Project	140

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 13, 30, 80, 95, 106, 141, 152, 179.

Institution	Entry Number

12. International Economics, Finance, and Business

University of Chicago, Program of International Studies	35
University of Colorado, International Economic Studies Center	38
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University of Wisconsin, Center for International Business Research	182

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13. International Law

Duke University, The Rule of Law Research Center	67
Georgetown University, Institute for International and Foreign Trade Law	70
Georgetown University, The Institute of World Policy	73
Harvard University, International Legal Studies	79

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 54, 55, 66, 104, 124, 143.

14. International Organization

Columbia University, Research Program on International Organizations	46
Columbia University, Research Program on United Nations Affairs	53
Duke University, Commonwealth Studies Center	66
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Georgetown University, The Institute of World Policy	73
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15. International Relations and Diplomacy

University of Chicago, Ford Foundation Workshop in International Relations	29
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Princeton University, Center of International Studies	143
San Francisco State College, Institute for Research on International Behavior	147
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Syracuse University, International Relations and International Organization Research Program	160

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16. Labor; Industrial Relations and Labor Relations

Institution	Entry Number
University of Massachusetts, Labor Relations and Research Center	96
Princeton University, Industrial Relations Section	141
University of Wisconsin, Industrial Relations Research Institute	179
University of Wisconsin, Program in Comparative Labor Studies	180

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 7, 10, 19, 33, 35, 38, 39, 60, 81, 84, 90, 99, 106, 108, 112, 114, 123, 135, 140, 146, 153, 163, 166, 167, 182, 190.

17. Law

Cornell University, Liberian Codification Project	59

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18. Methodology

Cornell University, Program on Structural Change and Modernization	63
University of Michigan, Survey Research Center	109
Michigan State University, Institute for International Studies in Education	114
University of Minnesota, Center for Comparative Political Analysis	116
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19. Modernization

University of Chicago, Committee for the Comparative Study of New Nations	25
University of Chicago, Center for Middle Eastern Studies	30
Cornell University, Program on Structural Change and Modernization	63
Harvard University, Center for Studies in Education and Development	80

SEE ALSO: Entry Numbers 78, 83, 122, 128, 143, 187, 191.

20. National Security, Policy, and Strategic Studies

University of California, Irvine, Public Policy Research Organization (PPRO)	16
Columbia University, Institute of War and Peace Studies	54
Georgetown University, Center for Strategic Studies	72
The Johns Hopkins University, Washington Center of Foreign Policy Research	94
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Center for International Studies	97
University of Michigan, Center for Research on Conflict Resolution	104
State University of New York at Buffalo, Center for International Security and Conflict Studies	124
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University of Pennsylvania, Foreign Policy Research Institute	138
Stanford University, Stanford Studies in International Conflict and Integration	156

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21. Dynamics of Political Change, Political Development, and Integration

Institution	Entry Number
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University of Chicago, Center for the Comparative Study of Political Development	26
Columbia University, Institute of African Studies	40
Harvard University, Center for International Affairs	78
Indiana University, International Development Research Center	91
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Center for International Studies	97
Northern Illinois University, Center for Southeast Asian Studies	129
University of Pennsylvania, International Studies of Values in Politics	139
University of Southern California, Research Institute on Communist Strategy and Propaganda	148
Stanford University, The Hoover Institution on War, Revolution, and Peace	149
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26. Religion and Society

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27. Socio-Cultural Change

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University of Colorado, Institute of Behavioral Science	37
Cornell University, Southeast Asia Program	62
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University of Hawaii, Social Science Research Institute	83
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Center for International Studies	97
University of Minnesota, Center for Comparative Studies in Technological Development and Social Change	117
Mississippi State University, Social Science Research Center	118
New York University, Center for International Studies	121
Northwestern University, Council for Intersocietal Studies	130
Ohio State University, Crime and Delinquency Research Project	133
Rice University, Center for Research in Social Change and Economic Development	146
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28. Soviet and Communist Studies

University of California, Berkeley, Center for Chinese Studies	9
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Columbia University, The Research Institute on Communist Affairs	41
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University of Michigan, Survey Research Center	109
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Institution	Entry Number

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Columbia University, Institute of Urban Environment	55
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APPENDIX

Development of Foreign Affairs Research Centers: A Selected Chronology

1908 - Proposal for National Political Research Center

1910 - Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

1911 - Carnegie Corporation of New York

1913 - Rockefeller Foundation

1918 - Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial

1918 - Foreign Policy Association

1919 - American Council of Learned Societies

1919 - Institute of International Education

1921 - Council on Foreign Relations

1923 - Social Science Research Council

1926 - Causes of War Project, University of Chicago

1928 - Brookings Institution

1930 - Walter Hines Page School of International Relations, Johns Hopkins

1931 - Committee on International Relations, University of Chicago

1933 - Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy, Tufts University

1935 - Institute of International Studies, Yale University

1943 - Army language and area training program

1943 - School of Advanced International Studies (became part of Johns Hopkins University in 1950)

1945 - Project RAND budgeted by Air Force (in 1948 became RAND Corporation

1945 - Rockefeller grant to Columbia University for Russian Institute

1946 - Fulbright Act (first grants - 1948)

1948 - Area Research Training Fellowships, Social Science Research Council

1948 - Office of External Research, Department of State

1950 - Harvard Project on the Soviet Social System (Air Force contract)

1950 - Ford Foundation (founded 1936) reorganized as a national philanthropy

1951 - ECA (now AID) university contract program initiated

1951 - Center of International Studies, Princeton University (a reincarnation of the Yale Institute of International Studies)

1951 - Center for International Studies, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

1952 - Ford Foundation Foreign Area Fellowship Program

1954 - Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences, Palo Alto

1954 - Committee on Comparative Politics set up by Social Science Research Council

1956 - National Science Foundation program extended to social sciences

1958 - National Defense Education Act

1960 - Report of the Committee on the University and World Affairs

1961 - East-West Center, Honolulu

1961 - Fulbright-Hays Act

1962 - Education and World Affairs, Inc.

1964 - Foreign Area Research Coordination Group (FAR)

1965 - National Endowment for the Humanities

1966 - International Education Act

1966 - Proposal for National Social Science Foundation

1967 - FAR Guidelines for Foreign Area Research